



THE WEATHER—Unsettled, not much change in temperature

# WASHINGTON DAILY HERALD.

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WASHINGTON C. H., OHIO. TUESDAY, AUGUST 6, 1912

Ten Cents a Week

BOOST

For Wash-  
ton, her mer-  
chants and for  
public better-  
ments. Don't  
knock.

## Colonel Is Given Ovation By Bull Moose Adherents

Leader of Third Party Delivers Characteristic  
Address Before Progressive Convention

### SCORES BOTH OLD PARTIES

Declares They Are Husks With No  
Real Soul Within—Reiterates Well-  
Known Views Relating to Courts.  
Favors Enforcement of Anti-Trust  
Laws by National Commission.  
Willing to Withdraw If Views Do  
Not Suit Majority of New Party.

Coliseum, Chicago, Aug. 6.—Shortly  
afternoon today, Temporary Chair-  
man Beveridge called the National  
Progressive convention to order to  
hear committee reports and listen to  
an address by Colonel Roosevelt.

The committee on credentials re-  
ported and the committee on perma-  
nent organization recommended that  
Judge Ben Lindsey of Denver be  
made permanent presiding officer of  
the convention. After a brief ad-  
dress Judge Lindsey introduced Col-  
onel Roosevelt, whose appearance  
was greeted with vociferous ap-  
plause, the "moo" call of the bull  
moose and the waving of red ban-  
nana handkerchiefs.

Colonel Roosevelt divided his re-  
marks into 12 subdivisions, namely,  
the helplessness of the old parties, the  
right of the people to rule, the courts  
and the people, constructive control  
of the trusts, rights of the wage-  
worker, the farmer, the tariff, the  
high cost of living, currency, conser-  
vation, Alaska and international af-  
fairs.

### Calls Old Parties Husks.

"The two old parties," he said,  
are husks, with no real soul within  
either, divided on artificial lines,  
ridden and privilege-controlled,  
a jumble of incongruous ele-  
ments and neither daring to speak  
wisely and fearlessly what should  
be said on the vital issues of the  
day." As opposed to this incongru-  
ity and insincerity of action he as-  
serted that the National Progressive  
platform will be "a contract with the  
people" with definite and concrete  
provision to be carried out if the  
people ratify the contract on election  
day as exactly and honestly "as if it  
were enforceable under the law."

Under the head "The Courts and  
the People" Mr. Roosevelt strongly  
emphasized the necessity of the sov-  
ereign people preserving a check on  
every branch of public service. He  
reiterated his well-known views re-  
garding the courts. "The American  
people and not the courts are to de-  
termine their own fundamental pol-  
icies." This does not mean that the  
people are to interfere in cases which  
involve merely questions of justice  
between individuals except that  
cases should be devised for making  
clearer than at present to get rid of  
an incompetent judge." But when  
judicial decision involves an inter-  
pretation of what the people mean  
in the constitutions which they have  
passed and laws passed by the peo-  
ple are nullified because the courts  
say those laws are contrary to the  
people's will as expressed in their  
constitution there must be a "refer-  
ence to the people of the public ef-  
fect of such decisions under forms  
providing full deliberation," to the end  
that the people may rectify this al-  
leged defect in their constitution by  
a popular vote having all the force  
of a constitutional amendment.

**Trusts Should Be Punished.**  
On the subject of trusts Mr. Roose-  
velt said that in addition to punish-  
ment for wrongdoing, the demand is  
for effective and complete regulation. He  
said the anti-trust law should be kept  
in the statute book and at the same  
time a national industrial commis-  
sion should be created which should  
have complete power to regulate and  
control all the great industrial con-  
cerns engaged in interstate business.  
The speaker deplored the condi-  
tions of the working classes and rec-  
ommended many means of bettering  
their conditions, such as wage scales  
and other labor data which should  
be made public, wage commissions  
which should be established in the  
industry and state to determine the  
minimum wage scale in different in-

JUDGE LINDSEY  
Denver Jurist Presides Over  
"Bull Moose" Convention.



gustries; the federal government  
should investigate all industries with  
a view to establishing standards of  
sanitation and safety; there should  
be mine and factory inspection ac-  
cording to standards fixed by inter-  
state agreement or by the federal  
government; national and state leg-  
islation should establish standards of  
compensation for industrial accidents  
and deaths and for diseases clearly  
due to industrial conditions.

Colonel Roosevelt urged the revival  
of the country life commission with  
greatly increased powers, declaring  
that the welfare of the farmer is a  
basic need of the nation.

On the subject of the tariff Mr.  
Roosevelt said: "I believe in a pro-  
tective tariff, but I believe in it as  
a principle approached from a stand-  
point of the interests of the whole  
people, and not as a bundle of pre-  
ferences to be given favorite individ-  
uals."

As a remedy for the high cost of  
living he recommends a "fearless, in-  
telligent inquiry into the subject,  
made by a nonpartisan body of ex-  
perts, with no prejudice to warp their  
minds."

In summing up the specific policies  
expounded in his address Mr. Roose-  
velt spoke as follows:

"Now, friends, this is my confes-  
sion of faith. I have made it rather  
long because I wish you to know  
just what my deepest convictions are  
on the great questions of the day, so  
that if you choose to make me your  
standard bearer in the fight you shall  
make your choice understanding ex-  
actly how I feel—and if, after hear-  
ing me, you think you ought to  
choose someone else, I shall loyally  
abide by your choice."

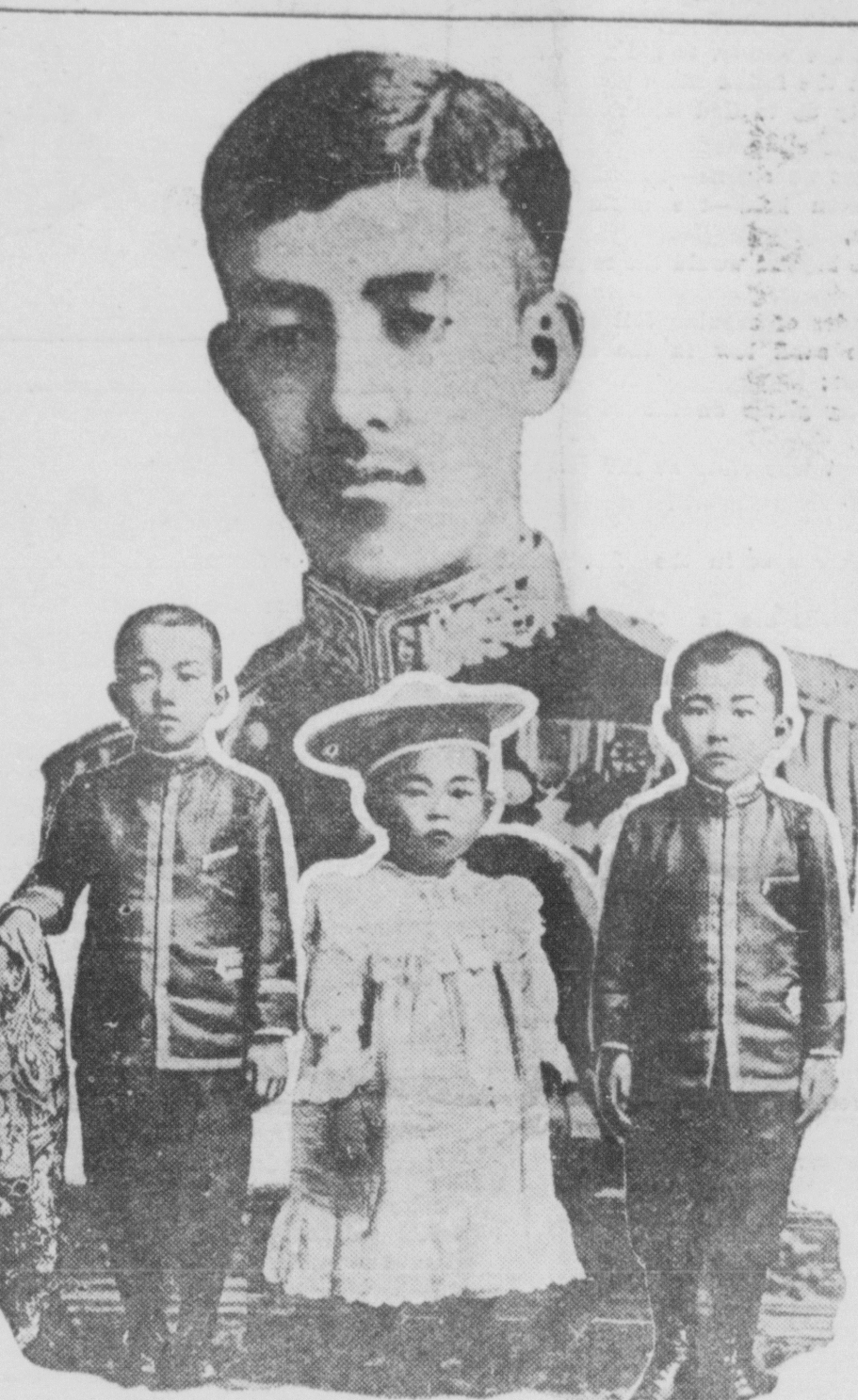
### JOHNSON IS THE MAN

Westerner Will Be Picked as Tail to  
Roosevelt Kite.

Chicago, Aug. 6.—Theodore Roose-  
velt, seven-year occupant of the  
White House, for president, and Gov-  
ernor Hiram Johnson of California  
for vice president, is the way the  
first ticket of the National Progress-  
ive party will read.

Governor Johnson is 45 years old  
and was born in Sacramento. With  
Francis J. Heney, Johnson fought to  
a successful issue the graft prosecu-  
tions in San Francisco which sent  
Abe Ruef to jail. As a candidate for  
governor he fought the Southern Pa-  
cific Railroad company. He made a  
seven-months' campaign of the state,  
going to every little hamlet and vil-  
lage in his automobile. The first  
linking the villagers and farmers  
would have of his approach would be  
the sound of cowbells, strung on his  
automobile. He made his campaign  
(Continued on Page Three.)

Yoshihito, the New Mikado,  
And His Three Little Sons



YOSHIHITO, the new emperor of Japan, is said to have been educated  
in a democratic fashion—at least for a future emperor—and is ex-  
pected to carry on the policies of his father, Mutsuhito, without ap-  
preciable change. He is thirty-three years old and, though in his  
youth his health was delicate, is now said to be strong and well qualified to  
assume his high responsibilities. His name is pronounced "Yo-she-hi-to," with  
the accent on the second syllable. The new mikado has three sons, whose  
portraits are reproduced above. The eldest (now crown prince) is Hirohito  
(seen at the left of the picture), the second Yasuhito (at right) and the young-  
est Nobuhito (center). His consort was the Princess Sadako, daughter of one  
of the great nobles of Japan.

## THREATEN TO JUMP CAUCUS

Democrats Who Favor Two  
Battleships Are Indignant.

### SAY STEAM-ROLLER WAS USED

Representative Sulzer of New York  
Leads Revolt Against Former Ac-  
tion, Declaring It Is Ridiculous to  
Permit Eight Men to Force 62 Rep-  
resentatives to Vote Against Con-  
ventions—Senate Now Willing to  
Compromise on One Sea Fighter.

Washington, Aug. 6.—Those Demo-  
crats who pledged themselves to the  
provision of two battleships in the  
naval appropriation met again and  
decided to carry the fight vigorously  
into the no-battleship camp.

Accordingly a committee will today  
serve notice on Speaker Clark, Ma-  
jority Leader Underwood and Repre-  
sentative Burleson of Texas, chair-  
man of the caucus, that the methods  
that marked the previous caucus will  
not be tolerated and two hours' de-  
bate must be allowed.

The advocates of two battleships  
in the present bill will concentrate  
(Continued on Page Three.)

JAMES R. GARFIELD  
Ohioan Is Helping Draft the  
National Progressive Platform.



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## UNCLE SAMUEL TAKES A HAND

Bluejackets Landed at Request  
of Government.

Washington, Aug. 6.—One hundred  
American bluejackets from the gun-  
boat Annapolis have been landed in  
Nicaragua and are quartered in the  
American legation at Managua, for  
protection to American life and prop-  
erty. The men were landed at the  
request of the Nicaraguan govern-  
ment after it had confessed its in-  
ability to afford the protection de-  
manded by United States Minister  
Weltzel. The landing of the blue-  
jackets was made at Corinto, accord-  
ing to dispatches received at the  
state and navy departments.

Arrangements now are under dis-  
cussion for the sending of more blue-  
jackets or marines to Nicaragua. It  
is felt that the present force of 100,  
which is all that the Annapolis could  
possibly spare, is none too large.

### OHIO HAPPENINGS

**Pennsy Backed Down.**  
Columbus, O., Aug. 6.—The Penn-  
sylvania company has at least par-  
tially backed down from its anti-ex-  
cursion policy. Official announcement  
was made by the company that spe-  
cial excursions would be run to Ce-  
dar Point on Sunday, Aug. 11, and  
Sunday, Aug. 25, at low rates.

**Find Girl's Body on Track.**  
Medina, O., Aug. 6.—The body of  
Mary Gibson, 21, was found on the  
Erie railroad track near Wadsworth.  
She had been run down the night be-  
fore while on her way home from  
church. Her parents thought she  
was spending the night with a girl  
friend.

**Glasscock Summons Green.**  
Coshocton, O., Aug. 6.—Senator  
William Green, formerly state presi-  
dent of the United Mine Workers,  
left for Charleston, W. Va., where he  
was called by Governor Glasscock to  
attend a conference for the purpose  
of settling the coal strike in that  
state.

**Go to Pen For Life.**  
Columbus, O., Aug. 6.—Three per-  
sons, all charged with murder, were  
brought to the Ohio penitentiary to  
remain the rest of their lives. They  
are Robert Willis and Virginia Yates  
of Cincinnati and Peter Harambasac  
of Lorain. The last named killed an  
other man over a glass of beer.

Use the Classified column.

## COPS TO RAISE DEFENSE FUND

Will Hire Lawyer to Conduct  
Becker's Case.

Lieutenant Accused of Procuring  
Death of Gambler Rosenthal Ob-  
jects to Employment of William T.  
Jerome Because of Latter's Friend-  
ship For Commissioner Waldo.  
Changes Plea of Not Guilty and  
Waives Pleading.

New York, Aug. 6.—Congressman  
Martin W. Littleton, it seems likely,  
will be asked to take charge of Lieut-  
enant Becker's defense. Friends in  
the police department are raising a  
defense fund of \$50,000 and are  
urging Littleton's retention by the  
lieutenant.

The news that Littleton, whose last  
big criminal case was the defense of  
Harry K. Thaw in Thaw's second  
trial, will be the lawyer for Becker,  
leaked out after Robert H. Elder,  
who appeared with John W. Hart for  
Becker when the lieutenant was ar-  
raigned before Judge Mulqueen, with-  
drew from the case.

The story that was told after Mr.  
Elder withdrew was to this effect:  
The money to pay for Becker's de-  
fense is to come not from the ac-  
cused policemen, but from friends of  
his in the police department who  
have decided, for whatever reason, to  
stand by him. Some of them wanted  
Becker to retain William T. Jerome.  
But Becker bucked at Jerome be-  
cause he had been told that Jerome  
was a close friend of Police Commis-  
sioner Waldo. Becker knows that he  
can expect no assistance of any sort  
from the commissioner. Then per-  
sons interested in getting up the big  
defense fund suggested the name of  
Congressman Littleton as one of the  
ablest and most successful criminal  
lawyers in the country. But Becker  
recalled that Mr. Littleton had repre-  
sented Inspector Schmittberger back  
in 1906 when Schmittberger was on  
trial in the police department on  
charges supported by Becker.

It was positively stated, though,  
that Becker's likes and dislikes will  
not be consulted by the men who are  
going to put up the cash for his de-  
fense. They have about agreed, it  
was insisted, that Mr. Littleton  
should be retained, and they will in-  
sist that Becker himself make the  
offer.

Becker, when arraigned before  
Judge Crain, withdrew his plea of not  
guilty on the charge of procuring the  
murder of Herman Rosenthal and  
waived pleading. Judge Crain im-  
mediately transferred the case to Judge  
Mulqueen, who is in charge of the  
grand jury.

## What Ohio Is Doing At Progressive Convention

Garfield Is Made Chairman of the  
Buckeye Delegation.

Chicago, Aug. 6.—James R. Garfield  
was made chairman of the Ohio dele-  
gation when it met, with nearly 200  
present. In caucus, Myron E. Wells  
of Brewster was elected vice chair-  
man; Samuel Anderson, Youngstown,  
secretary.

The following delegates-at-large  
were elected: James R. Garfield, J. J.  
Sullivan, Cleveland, and Thomas H.  
Clark, Columbus; alternates-at-large,  
W. H. Thornly, Marietta; H. D. Grum-  
bine, Wooster; Harry McLachlan, Wy-  
andot.

The following members of the con-  
vention committees were selected:  
Rules—E. E. Erskine, Steubenville.  
Resolutions—King G. Thompson,  
Columbus.

National Committeeman—J. J. Sulli-  
van, Cleveland.



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## ADVERTISING RATES FURNISHED ON APPLICATION

Obituaries, memorial notices, resolutions and cards of thanks will be charged for at half rates, or 2½ cents per line of six words.

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TELEPHONES—Home No. 137. Bell, Main No. 170.

## UNUSUAL QUESTION.

A novel point of law has arisen in the far western section of the country and has just been decided by the courts.

The controversy which has just been concluded arose because rights which all common carriers enjoy, known as the right of Eminent Domain, and which permits these great carriers, such as railroads, to do certain things which an individual cannot do, come in conflict with rights of a community.

If not the only case it is one of the very rare cases reported where the great rights of the public clash.

The attorney-general of the province of Alberta, is advised from London, Eng., that the judicial committee of the Privy Council has granted an appeal in the suit of the Crown against the Alberta Railway and Irrigation company, holding that "When a road allowance is interfered with, the cost of any bridge which may be required should be borne by the party for whose convenience and profit this interference is allowed."

The appeal which was taken from the supreme court of Canada, relates to a controversy as to the cost and maintenance of bridges crossing irrigation canals in the southern part of this province. Several hundred bridges are affected. The decision will be the means of saving millions of dollars to the people all over Alberta, where 300 bridges are under construction or projected.

The ruling of the judicial committee is, in effect, that a section of the irrigation act, to which frequent reference was made in the arguments, has no application in road allowances. The action was concerned with two typical cases. Land at a crossing or originally vested in the Crown for a single purpose comes to be vested for the purposes to some extent antagonistic, both touching closely the public interest and both perpetual. The section deals only with public highways.

The decision says that the first is a convenience of wayfarers; the second is improving the country by irrigation. The first is still the primary and paramount purpose and the second is subordinate, as the land is not freed from the original purpose when the company obtains authority to take possession of it, nor can it be freed from the purpose except by the statutory enactment. The committee held that the obvious and proper thing is to build bridges at crossings where road allowances are impassable by reason of the company's canals.

The original suit was instituted by the Attorney-General and formal judgment for the province was entered in 1909 by Justice Scott, who ordered the company to erect all bridges and approaches. The supreme court en banc sustained the decision, but the supreme court of Canada, to which an appeal was taken, reversed the finding of the trial court.

The latest decision is bound to have an important bearing upon future legislation arising in Alberta in respect to the rights of the people and of irrigation companies.

In other words when the people of any section, through the machinery provided by law, clothe a common carrier company with the power to act and that company acts under such authorization, exercising its right of Eminent Domain, then the public of the section traversed by its lines of railroad are, as such, as subservient to its inherent powers as are the individual members of that community.

This is a big question involving big interests and big principles and the great activity in this country, the probability of some of the great irrigation ditch projects intersecting the lines of some of the trans-continental railroad companies may bring the same question to the front here.

It is, therefore, with much more interest than attaches to a proposition wholly an abstract one, that people are attracted to the decision of the Canadian Court.

## Poetry—Today

### THE CHIMNEY NOOK.

A white-haired man—a chimney nook,

With failing sight, yet earnest look; On showy hair the light shines clear; Into the eyes a glance of fear;

A moment thus—then gone, and now

Sweet peace returns to lip and brow. The firelight shows a face transformed;

In eyes grown dim a new light burned.

A lad again by the old hearthstone, With years of hardship backward flown,

And mother's hand on tumbled hair. Teaching the while life's lessons there;

"Not wealth for thee, dear son, I pray,

But honest living day by day;

To walk the path that leads to light, To face the wrong, to aid the right,

To raise the fallen when you can; Thy duty do to God and man."

The years were gone—an old man he The vision held—the mists would flee,

And life beyond would the sequel be.

The shades of evening fall apace,

The fire sank low in the chimney place;

A passing gleam on the white face lay,

And sight was clear at the close of day.

Now other eyes in the fire shall look,

New visions see in the chimney nook.

—National Magazine.

## Weather Report

Washington, D. C., August 6—

Ohio—cloudy Tuesday; Wednesday unsettled; probably showers north portion; light variable winds.

Illinois—Cloudy and warmer; probably showers north portion Tuesday; Wednesday fair; light to moderate south winds.

Tennessee, Kentucky and West Virginia—Generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday; slowly rising temperature.

Lower Michigan—Showers Tuesday and probably Wednesday; moderate south winds.

Indiana—Local showers Tuesday; Wednesday probably fair; light to moderate south winds.

### WEATHER OBSERVATIONS.

Observations of the United States weather bureau taken at 8 p. m. Monday:

Temp.	Weather
Columbus . . . . . 69	Cloudy
New York . . . . . 70	Clear
Albany . . . . . 66	Clear
Atlantic City . . . . . 70	Clear
Boston . . . . . 68	Clear
Buffalo . . . . . 62	Clear
Chicago . . . . . 64	Cloudy
St. Louis . . . . . 72	Cloudy
New Orleans . . . . . 84	Clear
Washington . . . . . 66	Clear
Philadelphia . . . . . 72	Clear

### Weather Forecast.

Washington, Aug. 6.—Indications for tomorrow:

Ohio—Unsettled; probably showers in northern portion; light variable winds.

## Eccentric Breaks Trains Delayed

By the breaking of one of the eccentrics on the engine of the north-bound morning passenger train on the D. T. & L., it was held in this city 52 minutes Monday morning, and the C. H. & D. passenger train was requested to wait, as the breakdown occurred at the point where the two roads cross.

Had the eccentric broken when the train was going at high speed, the engine would have stripped herself and a wreck resulted.

### YOU LIKE PICTURES.

One of the most marvelous inventions is that of reproducing in the actual colors the masterpieces of the greatest artists of all time. Another of the greatest inventions of the past half century is Easy Task soap, the soap that cuts laundry labor in half and does the washing better than any other. Twenty-five Easy Task soap wrappers and a two-cent stamp will bring to you from the manufacturers a beautiful picture, free, ready for framing.

## PREPARING FOR THE FAIR



(Copyright.)

## Extraordinary Snake Story

A few nights ago a young lady living in this city aroused the household and a number of neighbors by a series of piercing shrieks, and in a moment the household was all excitement and neighbors turned out to ascertain the trouble.

It was discovered that the young woman had been dreaming and in her dreams beheld a huge snake which attacked her. The dream was so realistic that she sprang from bed and ran screaming up-stairs closely pursued by the imaginary snake which was quickly put to flight when she eventually awakened herself by screaming.

### MISSIONARY MEETING.

The auxiliary to the C. W. B. M. will meet at the home of Mrs. Hostetter on Temple St., next Wednesday, August 7th at 2:30 p. m. All the ladies of the church are cordially invited to attend.

The subject for the afternoon's mission study is "The Life and Works of Jacob Kenoly." Please look up your July "Tidings" and bring some interesting item on this subject to the meeting.

PRESIDENT.

### ARE EVER AT WAR

There are two things that are everlasting at war, joy and piles. But Bucklen's Arnica Salve will banish piles in any form. It soon subdues the itching, irritation, inflammation or swelling. It gives comfort, invites joy. Greatest healer of burns, boils, ulcers, cuts, bruises, eczema, scalds, pimples, skin eruptions. Only 25 cts at Blackmer and Tanquary.

### Quite Matter of Fact.

An article in one of the magazines on "The Menace of Cape Race" recalls a little story. The priest at Trepassy, which is near the dangerous cape, was dining with Bishop Power of St. John.

"How will your people get along this winter?" asked the bishop.

"Very well, my lord," was the priest's cheerful answer, "with the help of God and a few wrecks."

### AIRY ENGAGEMENT.



First Caterpillar—Any engagement next week?  
Second Caterpillar—What's up?  
First Caterpillar—I shall expect you at my coming out.

### The "Execution."

It isn't so much the song he sings, As the way the singer sings it; It isn't the ball the pitcher flings, So much as the way he flings it.

## EMPIRE THEATER Friday, Aug. 9th

## JOHN W. VOGEL'S BIG CITY MINSTRELS

A NEW SHOW

WITH

NEW FEATURES



The Biggest Best and Most Complete Minstrel Organization In Existence

The Big Show Everybody Goes To See

PRICES - 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c

FREE STREET PARADE AT NOON

Seat Sale at Baldwin's Drug Store

UNCLASSIFIED ADV. WILL  
SELL IT



This Beautiful Home For Sale at a Bargain

AND SOME MORE GOOD ONES

6-room frame, 2 stories, large lot, barn, at \$2,000

6-room frame cottage at \$2,100

New 6-room frame, 2 stories, Market St. \$2,850

6-room frame cottage, close to Central School

Look after this one at once.

Dunn's Agency, Room 5, McLean Bldg

## Latin America Has Lost Faith In Us

By

MANUEL

UGARTE,

Novelist

and

Poet

of

Argentine

Republic

I HAVE full confidence and complete faith in the good sense and fundamental honor of this admirable United States; but, busied in its own productive and beneficent labor, it is doubtless ignorant of the use that is being made of its strength in neighboring territories.

IT NO DOUBT IS UNAWARE THAT THE MOST ACRID ANTIPATHY IS BEING REARED AGAINST IT IN THE REST OF THE NEW WORLD, UNCONSCIOUS OF THE INJUSTICE THAT IS BEING COMMITTED IN ITS NAME, AND FINALLY THAT, WITHOUT SO MUCH AS SUSPECTING IT, THROUGH THE WORK OF AMBITIOUS AND ADVENTUROUS POLITICIANS THERE IS BEING BORN IN LATIN AMERICA AN ERA OF HOSTILITY, OF LASTING ANTAGONISM, THE CONSEQUENCES OF WHICH WILL INJURE US ALL.

A journey recently made through all Latin America convinced me that the blind restlessness and disquietude that beset all my people are organizing and crystallizing into an ALERT AND VIGOROUS MOVEMENT OF PROTEST AGAINST THE IMPERIALISM OF THE UNITED STATES.



# Colonel is Given Ovation By Bull Moose Adherents

(Continued from Page One.)

on one issue. Nearly every speech closed as follows: "And remember this, my friends: I am going to be the next governor of California, and when I am, I am going to kick out of this government William F. Herrin and the Southern Pacific railroad. Good night."

## MANY PLANKS CONSIDERED

Progressive Platform to Be of Most Radical Type.

Chicago, Aug. 6.—The platform which is to be adopted by this convention will be more or less radical in many of its features. The work on the platform is being practically performed by Dean Lewis of the Pennsylvania law school, Dean G. W. Kirchway of the Columbia law school, James R. Garfield of Ohio, Gifford Pinchot of Pennsylvania, William Allen White of Kansas, Chester A. Rowell of California, and others.

Practically 40 platforms must be whittled into one. This great number of platforms have emanated from the followers of Colonel Roosevelt in different states, who sent them to Colonel Roosevelt at Oyster Bay. He turned most of them over to James Kirchway, in addition to a platform drafted by Colonel Roosevelt himself which enunciates the new principles of government outlined by Colonel Roosevelt in his speeches. After the convention adjourned the subcommittee took under advisement all of the platforms and platforms submitted. The platform committee will be unable to complete its work until late tonight.

It will demand that the light of publicity be thrown upon scales of wages and other matters; that all accidents and disease arising from employment shall be reported to the proper national and state officials; that workmen's compensation laws, both state and national, shall be enacted; that commissions, both state and national, shall be created for the purpose of fixing the minimum pay in the various industries, in order that the wage worker may live, educate his children and enable him to save something against old age. In addition the new party will stand firmly for old age pensions.

The platform will come out squarely for the recall of judicial decisions, as advocated by Colonel Roosevelt in his Columbus speech last spring. It will not directly endorse the initiative, referendum and recall, but will inferentially approve them for state use if deemed advisable. It will advocate woman suffrage. So far as the tariff is concerned it will adopt the view taken by Colonel Roosevelt in favor of a revision of the tariff which will assure the diversion of a part of the protection to the pay envelope of the wage earner.

It will provide for a tariff commission and scientific revision, schedule by schedule; reform of the currency, enforcement of wise conservation, including the employment of the Panama canal force upon the Mississippi river in order to make the national government responsible for the control of this great waterway, and federal regulation of corporations engaged in interstate commerce also will be provided for in the platform.

## NEGROES MAKE THREAT

Northerners Fail to Budge Roosevelt's Views on Race Question.

Chicago, Aug. 6.—After mature deliberation Colonel Roosevelt decided to receive some of the colored delegates. The delegation, when they went into see him, was headed by Dr. W. A. D. Venable of St. Louis, president of the Colored Men's National Progressive league.

They went to tell the colonel that the negro of the north meant to stand by his colored brother in the south, and that if the colonel adhered to his decision in the Julian Harris letter not to allow the seating of southern colored delegates in the convention, he would surely lose a great majority of the negro vote in the north.

Colonel Roosevelt replied that what he had said had been said after mature consideration, that he had done

what he thought best for the negro, and that they must make the best of it. That ended the interview, and the negro leaders went away to hold an indignation meeting at the local branch of the Colored Men's National Progressive association. When they got there Dr. Venable said that he already had obtained a promise from the negro delegates in the northern states, who have seats in the convention, and they number about a dozen, to remain away today in case Colonel Roosevelt still maintained his attitude.

But when the negroes returned to their quarters, it became apparent that there was a considerable faction opposed to Dr. Venable. This faction was headed by W. H. A. Moore, a local lawyer. Moore presided and offered a resolution expressing confidence in Colonel Roosevelt and the National Progressive party. Dr. Venable jumped to his feet at once and made a bitter attack on the colonel. After a near-riot had been prevented by Moore, he declared his resolution adopted. As Venable left the room in disgust he said his organization represented progressive negroes in 40 states and that he would do all in his power to see that the northern negroes did not vote in the convention.

The committee on credentials, after a heated session with the colored delegations from Florida and Mississippi, in which Senator Dixon and C. P. Alston, leader of the Florida delegation, engaged in a verbal duel, decided to seat the Lily White delegation from Mississippi and oust both the colored and white delegations from Florida, because the whites refused to enter the convention with the blacks, each delegate to have half a vote.

D. W. Garry and P. W. Howard, who headed the colored delegations from Mississippi, and Mr. Alston gathered their brother delegates around them in the corridor of the Congress hotel, and their discussion took on the nature of an indignation meeting.

"They talk about the use of the steam roller at the Taft convention," said Mr. Alston; "why, a steam roller would be useless here, as the Progressive national committee and Colonel Roosevelt are using a rock crusher, but I guess they will find a few black rocks they can't crush. They needn't think that the northern negro voter will not resent this treatment of the southern negro. We can take care of ourselves, and we propose to do so. We do not intend to submit to the decision of the national committee and will carry our fight to the committee on credentials on the floor of the convention."

## TOMORROW'S PROGRAM.

- Meets at noon.
- Resolutions committee reports.
- Nominating speeches.
- Balloting.
- Speeches of acceptance by nominees.
- Adjournment.

## Cox Addresses Eagles.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 6.—The national convention of the Fraternal Order of Eagles was formally opened, the Grand Aerie holding a session at the local clubhouse of the order. Past Grand Worthy President H. G. Davis presided, and among the speakers were Representative James M. Cox, Grand President Frank E. Hering of South Bend, Ind., and Theodore E. Bell of California. Governor Harmon had been expected but he found he could not attend.

## Killed in Explosion.

Canal, Dover, O., Aug. 6.—Locksley Bimeler, 13, of Zoar, was instantly killed by the explosion of an acetylene gas tank at the plant of the Zoar Battery company.

## Resignation Accepted.

Washington, Aug. 6.—President Taft accepted the resignation of Federal Judge Hanford of Seattle, tendered while Judge Hanford's conduct on the bench was being investigated by a congressional committee.

## MONKS DINED WITH HERETIC

Members of Catholic Brotherhood All Unwittingly Entertained the Famous Pere Hyacinthe.

Monsieur Nathan, the Jewish mayor of Rome, has just placed in the capitol the bronze mask of Pere Hyacinthe Loysen, offered to the Eternal City by the son of the great preacher. Several times following his rupture with the church Pere Hyacinthe returned to spend the winter at Rome in company with his American wife. During one of his latest sojourns there he yielded to a sweet mystification which made some stir in the Catholic brotherhoods.

It was in a warm autumn morning and the former friar, who was a great walker, with others took as the end of his excursion the little hut of the "Three Fountains," hidden in the eucalyptus of which the monks make an elixir as delightful as champagne. The visit ended and the tourists departed for Rome. Our pilgrim noticed that the hour was late. Pressed by hunger he asked to dine at the convent. His smooth face, his Roman facial expression, his ecclesiastical dress, his bishoplike air, provoked the brothers to a respectful attention. For this mysterious unknown, whose incognito doubtless hid some high dignity of the church, they selected a private dining room and "put the little dishes in the big ones." Several Trappists, dedicated to their vows to seclusion, begged the honor of serving him at table, and after the priest had pronounced the blessing the father of the convent himself wished to share the love feast.

While knife and fork were at work, there was some conversation:

"Of what diocese are you, my father?"

"Of the diocese of the Gallican church."

"But of what city?"

"In partibus infidelium" (in heathen parts), says Pere Hyacinthe.

The hosts then allowed themselves to let slip some confidences. They even criticized the state of the holy mother church and spoke of "Pere Hyacinthe" not without blame, but with some sympathy. After a little glass of eucalyptine the guest made a sign to the father of the convent that he desired to speak to him alone.

After the brothers had withdrawn from the room, he said: "I am indebted to you for an excellent collation and an hour of reminiscence. Accept this for your charity box. I am Pere Hyacinthe." The good father jumped back, hiding his face in his hands. Then, spontaneously, he pressed the hands of the heretic.

And now Pere Hyacinthe has returned to Rome. Only according to his former co-religionists he has mistaken the route. In place of taking the road to the vatican he has taken that to the capitol.—Le Cri de Paris.

## Royalty on the Maps.

Now that the Princess Patricia has given her name to the new district of Ontario, it may be said that the members of the sovereign families of Britain during the last three centuries figure handsomely in the gazetteers of the world.

Maryland was named in honor of Henrietta Maria, whose husband granted it to George Calvert, first Lord Baltimore, and his heirs forever. The Carolinas are named after Charles II. While Georgia was named in honor of George II, in whose reign it was colonized. An island was named after Princess Patricia's great-grandmother, the good Queen Charlotte, while even the memory of that rather colorless lady, the wife of William IV., is immortalized in the capital of South Australia.

To come down to our own day and generation, it is hardly necessary to recall that the grandparent of Princess Patricia, Queen Victoria and Prince Albert, are lavishly commemorated on the maps, or that her uncle, the late King Edward, is commemorated, among other parts of the world, in Antarctic lands. Probably no non-royal personage recently living is so well assured of this form of immortality as the late Cecil Rhodes.

## How It Felt.

Dr. Joseph Eisenstadt told the following story at a banquet given to Chicago physicians: Since the dentists love to have their fun at the expense of the physicians I take pleasure in returning the compliment with this story. An Irish maid who was in the service of a well to do Chicago home asked for an extra afternoon off. When her mistress asked why, she explained that she had to go to the dentist.

"When she came home her mistress asked: 'Well, Bridget, how did you have your tooth filled?'"

"I don't know," was the maid's reply.

"Her mistress continued: 'Well, did he fill it with silver or amalgam?'"

"I don't know how it was mum," was Bridget's bland reply, "but from the way it felt I should think it was thunder and lightning, mum."

## Savings Deposits in Street Boxes.

The Hermes Exchange Savings bank of Budapest has placed automatic collecting devices in the streets. The idea of these boxes is that people can drop money in at any time and receive in exchange a receipt for the amount deposited. Upon presenting the slips which the machine hands out to the officials of the bank in question the bank book of the person is credited with the deposit. The purpose of the device is to encourage the possessor of spare change to deposit it in the bank while he is in a thrifty frame of mind.

# Were The Men of This Town Ever Before Blessed With Such Good Fortune

This has been one of the worst seasons in many a year for the clothier. The weather, an obstacle that no man can fight against, has been the one big, unsurmountable obstruction in our path all season.

And now we're left with this tremendous stock which we're forced to sell at such ridiculously low prices—and you're enabled to get greater bargains than you could otherwise have hoped for.

**\$9.75**

is all you have to pay for suits that formerly fetched from \$15 to \$18.

Really, were men ever before blessed with such good fortune.

**W. A. THARP & CO.**

The Proven Value Givers

## Threaten To Jump Caucus

(Continued from Page One.)

ner complicates the situation, for it is considered that a number of battleship advocates in the house, who would have gone over to the two-battleship camp, probably will accept the compromise as the best means of ending the deadlock between the two houses.

## Tafts to Attend Funeral.

Cincinnati, O., Aug. 6.—President and Mrs. Taft arrived here today to attend the funeral tomorrow of the latter's father, John W. Herron, who died suddenly from an attack of pneumonia.

## LIVE STOCK AND GRAIN

CHICAGO, AUG. 6.  
Cattle—Receipts, 23,000 head; beefs, \$5 75@95; Texas steers, \$4 90@8 80; western steers, \$5 75@7 90; stockers and feeders, \$1 00@8 35; cows and heifers, \$2 60@8 30; calves, \$6 50@10 00.  
Hogs—Receipts, 30,000 head; light, \$7 85@8 52½; mixed, \$7 45@8 50; heavy, \$7 25@8 30; rough, \$7 25@7 45; pigs, \$6 80@8 20.  
Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 20,000 head; native sheep, \$2 25@4 75; western, \$2 50@4 60; yearlings, \$4 40@6 60; native lambs, \$4 50@7 60; western, \$4 50@7 75.  
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1 00@1 03½; Corn—No. 2, 73½@74c; Oats—No. 2 white, old 51@52c, new 32½@35c.

CINCINNATI, O., AUG. 6.  
Cattle—Receipts, 2,443 head; steers, \$4 50@8 50; heifers, \$2 50@7 50; cows, \$1 75@5 75; calves, \$4 50@9 50.  
Hogs—Receipts, 2,028 head; packers, \$8 50@8 60; common sows, \$6 50@8 00; pigs and lights, \$5 50@7 60; stags, \$4 50@6 85.  
Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 4,958 head; sheep, \$1 00@3 75; lambs, \$2 25@7 60.  
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1 01@1 03. Corn—No. 2 mixed, 76@76½c; Oats—No. 2 mixed, old 53@54c, new 32@32½c; Rye—No. 2, 76@78c.

CLEVELAND, O., AUG. 6.  
Cattle—Receipts, 500 head; choice fat steers, \$9 50@10 00; good to choice steers, \$8 35@7 00; heifers, \$4 25@6 75; fat cows, \$8 75@5 50; bulls, \$3 75@5 50; milkers and springers, \$20 00@60 00; calves, \$9 00@10 00.  
Hogs—Receipts, 1,500 head; mediums, \$8 50; Yorkers, \$8 80; pigs, \$8 50; roughs, \$7 50; stags, \$6 50.  
TOLEDO, O., AUG. 6.  
Wheat, \$1 05½; corn, 75c; oats, 33½c; cloverseed, October \$10 20.

## Y. M. C. A. POST CARDS.

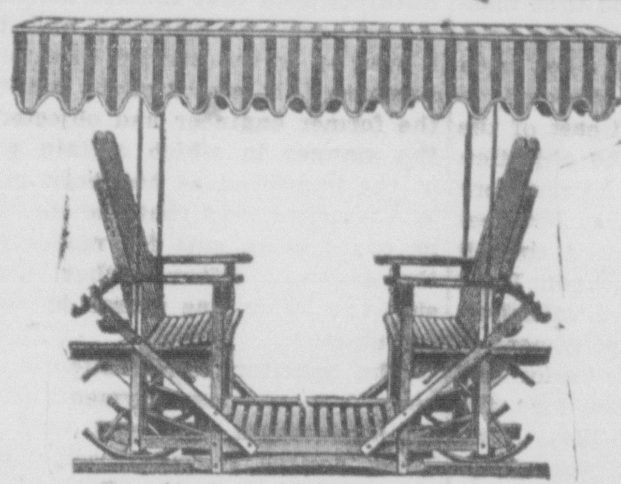
Colored post-cards of the new Y. M. C. A. have been made by a large Chicago concern, and are now on sale at Rodecker's News Stand. Prices one cent each.

## Is This True?

It's a pipe, we deduce.  
It's a cinch, it's a puddin'.  
That the man who's too spruce  
Nearly always looks wooden.

## \$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.



## You Ought To Try It.

No seasick motion  
No jolt. No jar.  
Just an even gliding  
sensation.  
Great for twosong

**\$10.00**

Without Canopy

# The Dice-Mark Hardware Co

## INDIAN KILLED ON TRACK.

Near Rochelle, Ill., an Indian went to sleep on a railroad track and was killed by the fast express. He paid for his carelessness with his life. Often it is that way when people neglect coughs and colds. Don't risk your life when prompt use of Dr. King's New Discovery will cure them and so prevent a dangerous throat or lung trouble. "It completely cured me, in a short time, of a terrible cough that followed a severe attack of Grip," writes J. R. Watts, Floydada, Tex. "and I regained 15 pounds in weight that I had lost." Quick, safe, reliable and guaranteed, 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free at Blackmer and Tanquary.

## An Idea.

Church—There are five kinds of insects that ruin office records in India, viz., white ant, fish bug, water bug, cockroach and borer.

Gotham—Why not bring a few over here and introduce 'em to the phonograph records?

## Artistic Creations.

"Is Brownson interested in art?"  
"I guess so. He stares at every stylish woman who passes."

## Young America.

"You may be president some day, my boy," said the patronizing old gentleman.

"Great Scott!" replied the sadly flippant youth; "you're not trying to pick dark horses that far ahead, are you?"

## All Fond of Walking.

"Quite the whole Supreme court can be seen walking in Washington. Chief Justice Fuller was too old to walk, and he rode, but Chief Justice White dearly loves to walk, and is usually seen in company with some of his Associate Justices, Holmes, McKenna, Lamar, and now Pitney, who promises to use the streets of Washington as often as his distinguished predecessor, Justice Harlan. And since he requires some coaching from the Chief Justice, it is natural to see him in Justice White's company. Justice Hughes is also often seen walking on the streets of Washington.

The diplomats like to walk. Ambassador Bryce, as typical of the Englishman he is, never misses his daily walk. The cabinet men are also fond of walking, and especially Secretary Nagel and Postmaster-General Hitchcock. The Italian ambassador is frequently met with his daughter, the Donna Beatrice Cusani. The Turkish ambassador likes to promenade Connecticut avenue with his daughter, Mlle. Zia.

# Your Food Problem



is easily solved if you enter our store and give your order to any clerk. Quality groceries, wide selection, reliable brands, and prompt delivery service are all yours for the asking.

Include in your order TIP-TOP BREAD, the quality loaf, and you will find it in keeping with every other table delicacy.

**SAM JOHNSTON**

Oakland Ave. Bell 391 W. Citizens' 3260

**Summer Tours  
at Special Fares  
East or West**

Daily over  
**PENNSYLVANIA  
LINES**

Consult nearest Ticket Agent for particulars about Special Fare Round Trip Tickets to New York, Boston, Atlantic City and other resorts in the East, and to Colorado, California and the West.







# PETITIONS FOR ARMORY PRESENTED TO COUNCIL

**Hon. C. A. Reid Represents Armory Petitioners and Council Calls Special Session for August 19, When Definite Action Will Be Taken.**

## ANOTHER JOINT SESSION HELD

**Citizens Remonstrate Against Certain Street Improvements As Contemplated—New Lights and Water Plugs Receive Attention, But Action Is Postponed—Delay in Serving Notices Receives Attention. Other Business of Importance.**

A joint session of council and the Union Township Trustees was held Monday night, followed by the regular monthly session of council, during which much business of interest received attention.

Member Carr was the only one of the trustees present. The problem of securing more ground for enlarging the cemetery was the object of the joint session. Solicitor Rankin held that council must first decide what lands were desired and then institute condemnation proceedings if such methods are taken to secure the land. Considerable discussion took place regarding the procedure, during which Veal moved that inasmuch as attempts to purchase land during the past eight years had been futile, the Solicitor be directed to condemn the Taylor land east of the cemetery. Cox raised the objection that he understood that no cemetery could be maintained within 600 feet of a residence, and advised council to proceed slowly, whereupon Veal withdrew his motion and substituted one calling for the appointment of a committee to see Mrs. Taylor and ascertain the price asked for the land. Rothrock stated that such action did not advance proceedings over those of the past eight years. The motion carried and Cox Veal and Carr were named. The joint session then adjourned and the regular meeting of council was taken up.

### Regular Meeting.

The first business was the presentation of the huge petition for council to give a site for a State

## WE SERVE

Ourselves best by fair and square service to others. We serve depositors with safety and with five per cent interest on their money. We serve borrowers with money at lowest rates and with privilege of repayment in whole or in part at any time. The Buckeye State Building and Loan Company, Rankin Building, 22 West Gay Street, Columbus, Ohio. Assets \$5,800,000. Patronage of the reader is solicited. Write or call for further information.

Armory building to cost not less than \$20,000. The petition was presented by Hon. C. A. Reid, who has been interested in securing the structure, and who briefly stated the object of the petition and read the same, asking that council take action toward securing the Armory, and urging that the matter be considered at a special meeting to be held soon, in order that no other city might get ahead of Washington and delay construction of the Armory. He suggested the appointment of a committee to look into the matter, and upon motion by Rothrock this was done, McLean, Rothrock and Durant being named. Again Mr. Reid urged an early meeting, and upon motion by McLean it was decided to hold the special meeting on Monday evening, August 19th.

Attorney Tom S. Maddux, representing a number of citizens on Rawling street, presented a remonstrance against the excessive cost of paying that street, and asking that they be eliminated from the proposed improvement. The complaint was placed in the hands of the Law and Ordinance Committee to report at the special meeting.

Attorney C. E. Baughn, representing Addison Hays, appealed to council for payment of the sum of \$233 alleged to be due Mr. Hays on the Gregg street contract. Mr. Baughn stated that Mr. Hays desired that a committee be appointed to investigate the improvement, and if any violation of the provisions of the contract were found, he would comply with any provisions of the contract.

Veal stated that a committee had been appointed at one time and they had reported the work all right. Rothrock said that further action by council was not possible, and that it was up to the Service Director or Engineer. It was brought out that the former engineer had objected to the manner in which certain parts of the improvement had been made. The Solicitor held that the contract could bring suit for recovery of the amount. After further discussion the affair was passed by without action.

The solicitor called attention of council to the non-payment of the oil assessments, and said that Mr. Mark desired payment, some \$400 being due him. As the affair was not in shape to be passed upon by council it was continued over until the special meeting on August 19.

The High Street improvement trouble was taken up and upon motion by Rothrock the check for \$36.50, covering cost of proceedings on the contemplated improvement, was accepted and the improvement proceedings dropped.

Engineer Jacobs reported on the confused manner in which the Sycamore special assessment had been "balled up" by dropping one of the railroads from the assessment. He gave measurements and what should be assessed against the railroads. A motion by Rothrock that the Solicitor prepare a new assessment ordinance passed, and the ordinance is to be ready by the next regular meeting.

Engineer Jacobs also reported on the brick-center for Circle avenue from Main to Fayette street, and the cost, together with cement sidewalks runs from \$2.05 to \$2.40 per foot. The estimate without brick center was approximately \$1.60 per foot. Rothrock asked if a provision could be inserted calling for lead water pipes to be laid under the improved street. The solicitor held that where water pipes already existed the city would be compelled to pay for the lead pipes. Rothrock later moved that the Safety Direc-

tor contract for the laying of lead pipes under all streets to be improved. Cox and Chapman voted no. President Light declared the motion carried. The question of laying water mains on Pearl street, which is to be bricked, was mentioned but no motion taken.

A resolution to locate the new lights and water plugs was ready with the exception that the location was not mentioned, and it was carried over until the blanks locating the lights and plugs were filled in. Mayor Smith stated that Mr. Clapp was anxious to get the wires up as soon as the lights were located, and that he claimed the contract with the city covered the new lights. Solicitor Rankin held that a resolution to locate and contract for the lights and hydrants was necessary.

Henry Brownell, as member of the committee appointed to request the council to extend an invitation to the G. A. R. for the encampment next year, presented the matter, and a resolution of invitation was ordered drawn by the clerk and presented to the committee before September 3rd.

A statement from the Health officer was read, showing that bills to the amount of \$590 had been incurred by the Board of Health, and there was no money in the Health Fund to meet the obligations. It was referred to the finance committee for action.

A protest from residents on Cherry street, in which they objected to the manner of the proposed construction of sidewalks on that street was read and referred to the councilmen of the 4th ward.

The resolution authorizing the Service Director to contract for public printing, was placed on its third reading and passed. In compliance with a previous request for bids on public printing, bids for the legal rate were read from the Herald and Register.

The committee appointed to confer with the B. & O. and Pennsylvania railroads regarding an underground crossing on Oakland avenue, and the clerk was directed to communicate with the railroads and ascertain their attitude toward building a sidewalk under the crossing. It was mentioned that when school opens, 80 children will pass over the crossing four times each day. It is for their protection that the underground sidewalk is proposed.

Auditor Pine's report was read, showing a balance of \$1255.89 at the last report, and \$1688.45 at the beginning of August.

A report from Mayor Smith for the month of May was submitted, showing a collection of \$36 in fines and licenses, all of it being for licenses except one fine for 5.85 and one for \$9.15.

The proposal to pave the alley east of the court house and extending from Court to Temple street, came up and Solicitor Rankin directed to prepare an ordinance for paying it.

McLean again introduced the contemplated improvement on Fayette street and Main street along the railroad yards, stating that he understood the reason for delay in the improvement was because the plans and specifications had not been filed. Engineer Jacobs assured him that they had been filed several weeks whereupon he told Clerk Flynn that he desired to have the notices served as soon as possible. Holding up the notices is alleged to have caused the delay.

A motion to adjourn was ignored by Engineer Jacobs who stated that he had an ordinance for the improvement of Hinkle street upon which he desired action, stating that he believed he could have the sidewalks half down by the time the clerk got the notices served. The ordinance was passed.

An ordinance fixing the salary of the Humane Officer at \$10 per month in the city, commencing with July 1st was past.

A petition for a special night patrolman was presented and referred to the Safety Committee to report upon at the next meeting.

A second motion to adjourn was ignored by Veal who asked that the Solicitor prepare an ordinance for a \$2,000 bond issue to build and repair sewers. This passed and a third motion to adjourn was made by Rothrock and was entertained.

Smoke Diamond Joe Cigar, 5c. Use the Classified column.

## City Councilman Does Police Duty

Councilman D. T. Veal, former chief of police of this city, has been appointed to fill the temporary vacancy caused by the suspension of Patrolman Cogswell.

Councilman Veal will have the same hours as Patrolman Cogswell, from noon until midnight.

## SORROWING FRIENDS MEET TRAIN BEARING REMAINS

A large concourse of friends, including fully 100 members of the Odd Fellow and Masonic lodges, assembled at the Union Station Monday evening to meet the remains of



CLYDE LARRIMER.

Who Met Death Under A Traction Car In Michigan Sunday Afternoon.

Mr. Clyde Larrimer who met death under a traction car in Michigan Saturday afternoon.

The remains, accompanied by

Messrs Robert McLean and H. D. Chaffin who had hurried to Michigan when the sad news reached them, arrived on the 6:12 train over the C. H. & D., and were placed in the Albert McCoy funeral carriage to be conducted to Mr. Larrimer's late home on Washington avenue.

Followed by the long lines of friends of the deceased, the carriage slowly wended its way up town to the undertaking establishment of A. R. McCoy, where the casket was opened for a short time. After attention had been given the remains they were once more placed in the funeral wagon and under the escort of the Odd Fellows, conducted to the Larrimer home. A deep gloom had been cast over all by his untimely death, and the horrible manner in which he met it.

Funeral services will be held at Grace M. E. Church, tomorrow afternoon at two o'clock with the Odd Fellows in charge, and the remains will be interred in the Washington cemetery.

The accompanying picture of Mr. Larrimer portrays the characteristic cheerful smile which won for him a host of warm friends who now so deeply feel his loss.

## Fayette Teachers' Institute In Annual Session Here

The Fayette County Teachers' Institute opened Monday at the Y. M. C. A. building and 120 members had enrolled at noon.

The Institute was opened by singing led by C. M. Johnson with Miss Lulu Rowan at the piano. Mr. Zaner conducted devotional exercises. The lectures announced for Tuesday and Wednesday night were then dispensed with by vote of the Institute.

Pres. W. J. Clippenger, of Otterbein University was the first speaker and after a few general remarks he spoke on "Some Educational Tests of Efficiency." He named the tests as physical, moral and intellectual.

Dr. Dyer, former Superintendent of Cincinnati schools came in and gave a good general talk on the purpose of an Institute.

The annual convention of Fools will be held at the Y. M. C. A. tonight.

One hundred and thirty teachers had registered at noon Tuesday. The lectures Monday afternoon were unusually good. Dr. Clippenger spoke on Tests of Teaching and Dr. Dyer started his lecture on Geography which was finished Tuesday.

Miss Ward and Mr. James Kneisely furnished some excellent music.

At the Fools Convention everybody took Supt. McChain at his word and "acted natural." James Kneisely and Miss Ward furnished the music. The boys belonging to Miss Rowe's Domestic Science class proved themselves the real cooks. They are still making a vain effort to re-

move the black.

Tuesday's meeting was opened by music under the direction of O. R. Ladd and the devotional exercises were led by Dr. Dyer. All are greatly pleased with the Y. M. C. A. as a place of meeting.

A number of the former teachers have dropped in for a few minutes. Deep interest has been manifested in all of the proceedings.

Want ads are profitable.

## Wire Flashes From Moose Convention

Special to Herald.

Chicago, August 6—It is reported that Judge Lindsey is negotiating with Mayor Whitlock with a view to having the latter consider acceptance in Ohio.

Chicago—Convention called to order at 12:36. Roosevelt appeared on the stage at 12:48 and a big demonstration followed. His keynote speech was delivered amid frequent applause.

Miss Jane Adams will second the Roosevelt nomination. George W. Perkins was elected New York member National Committee.

## Death Rides With Daredevil Drivers

Special to Herald.

Madison, Wis., August 6—While racing with another auto and going at 60 miles an hour, two were instantly killed and two seriously injured near here this morning, when the car turned turtle after striking a telephone pole.

The dead are Alice Mullin and Edward Alfred.

## ALL SUMMER GOODS AT LESS THAN COST

Commencing at once and continuing for 30 days, I will offer the greatest bargains ever known in kinds of summer goods. Here are a few of the many items I offer: Lawn, batistes, challies white goods, gingham, percales, satines, underwear, children's caps, embroideries, lace curtains, curtain goods, stationery, dresser scarfs, dresses, dress skirts, shirt waists, silk waist hosiery, ribbons, gloves, belts, bags, fancy combs, parasols, balance of millinery, at less than cents on the dollar. Come and see for genuine bargains.

H. GLICKSMAN.

Opp. the Court House.

## Road Closed

The Devalon road is closed to the public while it is undergoing rebuilding.

Use the Classified column.

## COLONIAL

THE SUNSET GUN—Edison Drama

THE LEGACY OF HAPPINESS—Essanay

A forceful sermon against the lust for great wealth.

## Wonderland

PROSPECTOR SWEETHEARTS—Pathe Western story  
HIS WIFE'S WHIMS—C. G. P. C.

Mrs. Snyders, being in poor health, her every wish gratified by her husband. One day, going to her dress makers, she takes some grapes from a fruit vender's cart, and Sniders promptly pays the vender. As she is trying on her new gown a thief steals her clothing and dons it, and is followed by Mr. Snyders. As they pass along the thief steals right and left, Syders graciously paying the bills until the police interferes, and the affair is straightened out.

## Great Bargains At A Great Sale

Ladies' Tailored Suits  
Made of Linen  
\$6, \$7, 7.50 grades  
Now  
**\$2.95**

Ladies' Tailored Suits  
Made of Linen  
All colors. \$8, \$8.98, \$10 grades now  
**\$2.95**

Misses' Pique Dresses  
wide wale trimmed collar  
worth \$7.50 and \$8  
**\$2.98**

Men's Suits  
Famous Cloth-Craft  
Make  
Worth \$15  
Now  
**\$9.75**

Men's Suits  
High Grade \$20 and \$22 Suits now  
**\$14.25**

Men's \$1.00 Shirts  
Best Goods  
**69c**

Men's Straw Hats  
\$1, \$1.50, \$2  
To Close Out Quick  
**48c**

27in. Fine Flouncing  
worth \$1.25 and \$1.50  
SEE WINDOW DISPLAY NOW  
**85c yd.**

White Goods Sale  
Regular Prices 15c to 50c  
Sale Price Per Yard  
**9c to 29c**

Smith Sells Victor Victrolas and Records

Jess W. Smith



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## ADVERTISING RATES FURNISHED ON APPLICATION

Obituaries, memorial notices, resolutions and cards of thanks will be charged for at half rates, or 2½ cents per line of six words.

Entered as Second Class Matter, August 20, 1910, at the Postoffice at Washington C. H., Ohio, Under the Act of March 3d, 1879.

TELEPHONES—Home No. 137. Bell, Main No. 170.

## UNUSUAL QUESTION.

A novel point of law has arisen in the far western section of the country and has just been decided by the courts.

The controversy which has just been concluded arose because rights which all common carriers enjoy, known as the right of Eminent Domain, and which permits these great carriers, such as railroads, to do certain things which an individual cannot do, come in conflict with rights of a community.

If not the only case it is one of the very rare cases reported where the great rights of the public clash.

The attorney-general of the province of Alberta, is advised from London, Eng., that the judicial committee of the Privy Council has granted an appeal in the suit of the Crown against the Alberta Railway and Irrigation company, holding that "When a road allowance is interfered with, the cost of any bridge which may be required should be borne by the party for whose convenience and profit this interference is allowed."

The appeal which was taken from the supreme court of Canada, relates to a controversy as to the cost and maintenance of bridges crossing irrigation canals in the southern part of this province. Several hundred bridges are affected. The decision will be the means of saving millions of dollars to the people all over Alberta, where 300 bridges are under construction or projected.

The ruling of the judicial committee is, in effect, that a section of the irrigation act, to which frequent reference was made in the arguments, has no application in road allowances. The action was concerned with two typical cases. Land at a crossing or originally vested in the Crown for a single purpose comes to be vested for the purposes to some extent antagonistic, both touching closely the public interest and both perpetual. The section deals only with public highways.

The decision says that the first is a convenience of wayfarers; the second is improving the country by irrigation. The first is still the primary and paramount purpose and the second is subordinate, as the land is not freed from the original purpose when the company obtains authority to take possession of it, nor can it be freed from the purpose except by the statutory enactment. The committee held that the obvious and proper thing is to build bridges at crossings where road allowances are impassable by reason of the company's canals.

The original suit was instituted by the Attorney-General and formal judgment for the province was entered in 1909 by Justice Scott, who ordered the company to erect all bridges and approaches. The supreme court en banc sustained the decision, but the supreme court of Canada, to which an appeal was taken, reversed the finding of the trial court.

The latest decision is bound to have an important bearing upon future legislation arising in Alberta in respect to the rights of the people and of irrigation companies.

In other words when the people of any section, through the machinery provided by law, clothe a common carrier company with the power to act and that company acts under such authorization, exercising its right of Eminent Domain, then the public of the section traversed by its lines of railroad are, as such, as subservient to its inherent powers as are the individual members of that community.

This is a big question involving big interests and big principles and the great activity in this country, the probability of some of the great irrigation ditch projects intersecting the lines of some of the trans-continental railroad companies may bring the same question to the front here.

It is, therefore, with much more interest than attaches to a proposition wholly an abstract one, that people are attracted to the decision of the Canadian Court.

## Poetry - Today

### THE CHIMNEY NOOK.

A white-haired man—a chimney nook,  
With falling sight, yet earnest look;  
On showy hair the light shines clear;  
Into the eyes a glance of fear;  
A moment thus—then gone, and now  
Sweet peace returns to lip and brow.  
The freight shows a face transformed;  
In eyes grown dim a new light burned.

A lad again by the old hearthstone,  
With years of hardship backward flown,  
And mother's hand on tumbled hair,  
Teaching the while life's lessons there;  
"Not wealth for thee, dear son, I pray,  
But honest living day by day;  
To walk the path that leads to light,  
To face the wrong, to aid the right,  
To raise the fallen when you can;  
Thy duty do to God and man."

The years were gone—an old man he  
The vision held—the mists would flee,  
And life beyond would the sequel be.

The shades of evening fall apace,  
The fire sank low in the chimney place;  
A passing gleam on the white face lay,  
And sight was clear at the close of day.

Now other eyes in the fire shall look,  
New visions see in the chimney nook.

—National Magazine.

## Weather Report

Washington, D. C., August 6—  
Ohio—cloudy Tuesday; Wednesday unsettled; probably showers north portion; light variable winds.  
Illinois—Cloudy and warmer; probably showers north portion Tuesday; Wednesday fair; light to moderate south winds.  
Tennessee, Kentucky and West Virginia—Generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday; slowly rising temperature.  
Lower Michigan—Showers Tuesday and probably Wednesday; moderate south winds.  
Indiana—Local showers Tuesday; Wednesday probably fair; light to moderate south winds.

### WEATHER OBSERVATIONS.

Observations of the United States weather bureau taken at 8 p. m. Monday:

City	Temp.	Weather
Columbus	69	Cloudy
New York	70	Clear
Albany	66	Clear
Atlantic City	70	Clear
Boston	68	Clear
Buffalo	62	Clear
Chicago	64	Cloudy
St. Louis	72	Cloudy
New Orleans	84	Clear
Washington	66	Clear
Philadelphia	72	Clear

### Weather Forecast.

Washington, Aug. 6.—Indications for tomorrow:  
Ohio—Unsettled; probably showers in northern portion; light variable winds.

## Eccentric Breaks Trains Delayed

By the breaking of one of the eccentrics on the engine of the north-bound morning passenger train on the D. T. & L., it was held in this city 52 minutes Monday morning, and the C. H. & D. passenger train was requested to wait, as the breakdown occurred at the point where the two roads cross.

Had the eccentric broken when the train was going at high speed, the engine would have stripped herself and a wreck resulted.

### YOU LIKE PICTURES.

One of the most marvelous inventions is that of reproducing in the actual colors the masterpieces of the greatest artists of all time. Another of the greatest inventions of the past half century is Easy Task soap, the soap that cuts laundry labor in half and does the washing better than any other. Twenty-five Easy Task soap wrappers and a two-cent stamp will bring to you from the manufacturers a beautiful picture, free, ready for framing.

## PREPARING FOR THE FAIR



(Copyright.)

## Extraordinary Snake Story

A few nights ago a young lady living in this city aroused the household and a number of neighbors by a series of piercing shrieks, and in a moment the household was all excitement and neighbors turned out to ascertain the trouble.

It was discovered that the young woman had been dreaming and in her dreams beheld a huge snake which attacked her. The dream was so realistic that she sprang from bed and ran screaming up-stairs closely pursued by the imaginary snake which was quickly put to flight when she eventually awakened herself by screaming.

### MISSIONARY MEETING.

The auxiliary to the C. W. B. M. will meet at the home of Mrs. Hostetter on Temple St., next Wednesday, August 7th at 2:30 p. m. All the ladies of the church are cordially invited to attend.

The subject for the afternoon's mission study is "The Life and Works of Jacob Kenoly." Please look up your July "Tidings" and bring some interesting item on this subject to the meeting.

PRESIDENT.

### ARE EVER AT WAR

There are two things that are everlasting at war, joy and piles. But Bucklen's Arnica Salve will banish piles in any form. It soon subdues the itching, irritation, inflammation or swelling. It gives comfort, invites joy. Greatest healer of burns, boils, ulcers, cuts, bruises, eczema, scalds, pimples, skin eruptions. Only 25 cts at Blackmer and Tanquary.

### Quite Matter of Fact.

An article in one of the magazines on "The Menace of Cape Race" recalls a little story. The priest at Trepassy, which is near the dangerous cape, was dining with Bishop Power of St. John.

"How will your people get along this winter?" asked the bishop.  
"Very well, my lord," was the priest's cheerful answer, "with the help of God and a few wrecks."

### AIRY ENGAGEMENT.



First Caterpillar—Any engagement next week?  
Second Caterpillar—What's up?  
First Caterpillar—I shall expect you at my coming out.

### The "Execution."

It isn't so much the song he sings,  
As the way the singer sings it;  
It isn't the ball the pitcher flings,  
So much as the way he flings it.

## EMPIRE THEATER Friday, Aug. 9th

## JOHN W. VOGEL'S BIG CITY MINSTRELS

A NEW SHOW  
WITH  
NEW FEATURES



The Biggest  
Best and Most  
Complete  
Minstrel  
Organization  
In Existence

The Big Show Everybody Goes To See

PRICES - 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c

FREE STREET PARADE AT NOON

Seat Sale at Baldwin's Drug Store

A CLASSIFIED ADV. WILL  
SELL IT



This Beautiful Home For Sale at a Bargain

AND SOME MORE GOOD ONES

6-room frame, 2 stories, large lot, barn, at \$2,000

6-room frame cottage at \$2,100

New 6-room frame, 2 stories, Market St. \$2,850

6-room frame cottage, close to Central School  
Look after this one at once.

Dunn's Agency, Room 5,  
McLean Bldg

By

MANUEL

UGARTE,

Novelist

and

## Latin America Has Lost Faith In Us

Poet

of

Argentine

Republic

I HAVE full confidence and complete faith in the good sense and fundamental honor of this admirable United States; but, busied in its own productive and beneficent labor, it is doubtless ignorant of the use that is being made of its strength in neighboring territories.

IT NO DOUBT IS UNAWARE THAT THE MOST ACRID ANTIPATHY IS BEING REARED AGAINST IT IN THE REST OF THE NEW WORLD, UNCONSCIOUS OF THE INJUSTICE THAT IS BEING COMMITTED IN ITS NAME, AND FINALLY THAT, WITHOUT SO MUCH AS SUSPECTING IT, THROUGH THE WORK OF AMBITIOUS AND ADVENTUROUS POLITICIANS THERE IS BEING BORN IN LATIN AMERICA AN ERA OF HOSTILITY, OF LASTING ANTAGONISM, THE CONSEQUENCES OF WHICH WILL INJURE US ALL.

A journey recently made through all Latin America convinced me that the blind restlessness and disquietude that beset all my people are organizing and crystallizing into an ALERT AND VIGOROUS MOVEMENT OF PROTEST AGAINST THE IMPERIALISM OF THE UNITED STATES.



# Roosevelt's Keynote Speech Delivered at Chicago Today

## Strenuous Leader Sets Forth Principles of the National Progressives

### "OLD PARTIES MERELY HUSKS"

Argues For Right of People to Rule; Stands For Regulation of Courts and Constructive Control of Trusts; Tackles the Tariff, High Cost of Living, Currency and Conservation.

Mr. Roosevelt's speech strikes a keynote for his followers and supporters in the new party. It lays down the plan of battle to be waged by the National Progressive party. He discusses those principles under twelve subdivisions—namely, the helplessness of the old parties, the right of the people to rule, the courts and the people, constructive control of the trusts, rights of the wage-worker, the farmer, the tariff, the high cost of living, currency, conservation, Alaska and international affairs. "The two old parties," he said, "are husks, with no real soul within either, divided on artificial lines, boss ridden and privilege controlled, each a jumble of incongruous elements and neither daring to speak out wisely and fearlessly what should be said on the vital issues of the day." As opposed to this incongruity and insincerity of action he asserted that the National Progressive platform will be "a contract with the people," with definite and concrete provision to be carried out if the people ratify the contract on election day as exactly and honestly "as if it were actually enforceable under the law."

**No Help From the Old Party Machines.** Neither the Republican nor the Democratic platforms or managers show any adequate recognition of the mighty fact "that we are now in the midst of a great economic evolution." This irresistible movement for economic change and improvement must be guided "by common sense and the highest ethical standards" in order to prevent reasonable evolution from becoming dangerous revolution. The Democratic party, as is indicated by its present record in congress, lacks the common sense and the Republican party, by its record of stolen delegates at the Chicago convention, lacks the ethical standards.

"The men who presided over the Chicago and Baltimore conventions and the great bosses who controlled the two conventions—Mr. Root and Mr. Parker, Mr. Barnes and Mr. Murphy, Mr. Penrose and Mr. Taggart, Mr. Guggenheim and Mr. Sullivan—differ from one another, of course, on certain points, but these are the differences which one corporation lawyer has with another corporation lawyer when acting for different corporations. They come together at once as against a common enemy when the dominion of both is threatened by the supremacy of the people of the United States. . . . If this country is really to go forward along a path of social and economic justice there must be a new party of nation wide and nonsectional principles, a party where the titular national chiefs and the real state leaders shall be in genuine accord, a party in whose councils the people shall be supreme, a party that shall represent

### NOTICE OF BIDS.

Sealed bids will be received by H. M. Smith for the erection of the I. O. O. F. Hall, Milledgeville, Ohio, until noon, August 14, 1912. Plans may be seen at the Bank in Milledgeville or at the office of W. A. Sanders, Architect, Washington C. H., Ohio. 185-13.

## THE OLD RELIABLE

### STILL IN THE LEAD

Fancy home-grown tomatoes, 4c per pound. Sweet, tender corn, 18c per dozen. Jersey sweet potatoes, 5c per pound, fancy cabbage, sound Irish potatoes, cucumbers, two for 5c, peaches, oranges, bananas, apples, finest smoked bacon in town.

The Old Reliable Cash Grocers. Both phones No. 77. J. W. DUFFEE & CO.

## We Wash Thoroughly

The secret of good laundering lies, first of all, in the washing. Insufficient, hastily done washing, will show through every process. Gray streaks, yellow edges, specks and spots mark the work of the careless laundry. Our washing department is subject to our most careful, constant supervision. We make sure the work is right.

## Rothrock's Laundry.

216 E. Court St. Both Phones. WE USE SOFT WATER

ties of the distribution of prosperity. "omitting all consideration of having something to distribute, and advocates action which, it is true, would abolish most of the inequalities of the distribution of prosperity, by only the unfortunately simple process of abolishing the prosperity itself." The tendency of those now in control of the Republican party is to give special privileges to "big business" and to correct the evil of such a course when they become crying by sporadic lawsuits under the anti-trust law. The tendency of the Democrats, judged both by their record in congress and by the Democratic platform, is to abolish all business of any size or efficiency, on the ground that all bigness is badness and littleness and weakness a sign of virtue. "What is needed is action directly the reverse of that thus confusedly indicated."

There should be applied to all industrial concerns engaged in interstate commerce in which there is either monopoly or control of the market the principles already adopted "in regulating transportation concerns engaged in such commerce. The anti-trust law should be kept on the statute book to be invoked against every big concern tending to monopoly or guilty of anti-social practices. At the same time a national industrial commission should be created which should have complete power to regulate and control all the great industrial concerns engaged in interstate business—which practically means all of them in this country. This commission should exercise over these industrial concerns like powers to those exercised over the railways by the interstate commerce commission and over the national banks by the controller of the currency and additional powers if found necessary. The commission "should have free access to the books of each corporation and power to find out exactly how it treats its employees, its rivals and the general public. . . . Any corporation voluntarily coming under the commission should not be prosecuted under the anti-trust law as long as it obeys in good faith the orders of the commission. The commission would be able to interpret in advance to any honest man asking the interpretation what he may do and what he may not do in carrying on a legitimate business." When corporations not submitting themselves to the regulations of the commission or clearly evading or violating its orders are prosecuted under the anti-trust law and convicted, the commission should have the duty of seeing "that the decree of the court is put into effect completely." Only in this way can there be avoided "such gross scandals as those attendant upon the present administration's prosecution of the Standard Oil and the tobacco trusts," a prosecution which has merely resulted in increased prices to the public, injury to the small competitor and actual financial benefit to the trusts themselves.

"The Progressive proposal is definite, it is practicable. We promise nothing that we cannot carry out, we promise nothing which will jeopardize honest business. . . . Our proposal is to help honest business activity, however extensive, and to see that it is rewarded with fair return, so that there may be no oppression either of business men or the common people. We propose to make it worth while for our business men to develop the most efficient business agencies for use in international trade, for it is to the interest of our whole people that we should do well in international business. But we propose to make those business agencies do complete justice to our own people. Where these concerns deal with the necessities of life the commission should not shrink, if the necessity is proved, from going to the extent of exercising regulatory control over the conditions that create or determine monopoly prices.

"It is imperative to the welfare of our people that we enlarge and extend our foreign commerce. We are pre-eminently fitted to do this because as a people we have developed high skill in the art of manufacturing; our business men are strong executives, strong organizers. In every way possible our federal government should co-operate in this important matter. Any one who has had opportunity to study and observe first hand Germany's course in this respect must realize that their policy of co-operation between government and business has in comparative few years made them a leading competitor for the commerce of the world. It should be remembered that they are doing this on a national scale and with large units of business, while the Democrats would have us believe that we should do it with small units of business, which would be controlled not by the national government, but by forty-eight conflicting state sovereignties. Such a policy is utterly out of keeping with the progress of the times and gives our great commercial rivals in Europe—hungry for international markets—golden opportunities of which they are rapidly taking advantage."

**Social and Industrial Justice to the Wage-workers.** Referring to the opening sentence of his address, namely, "that we are now in the midst of a great economic revolution," Mr. Roosevelt presented an advanced and comprehensive plan to insure the rights and better conditions for labor. He gives it the paramount

(Continued on Page Eight.)

## PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

The week promises to be a very gay one among the embryo buds in honor of the guests at a house party which Miss Urcell Porter is entertaining and several other visiting girls.

Miss Dorothy Fullerton gives a Kensington Wednesday morning; Miss Constance Ballard entertains the Tan Mu Tan society Wednesday night; Miss Lillian Davis and Miss Porter are entertaining Thursday and Miss Helen Harper Friday night. There are hardly enough days in the week for the gayeties planned.

Miss Helen Willis spent the past two days in Columbus.

Mrs. Joe Speakman attended the chautauqua at Clarksburg over Sunday.

Mr. Lou S. Hall is among the summer guests at the "Chalfonte" in Atlantic City, N. J.

Miss Lillian Davis will have as her guest this week, Miss Mary Austin, of Wilmington.

Mrs. Gilla Turner and Mrs. James Runyan, of Sabina, were guests of Mrs. H. M. Kingsbury today.

Miss Doris Knight arrived from Columbus this evening to be the guest of Miss Dorothy Fullerton.

Miss Florence Loofborrow returned today from a two weeks' visit with Miss Bessie Loofborrow in Columbus.

M. M. Fisher, of Mishawaka, Ind., has joined his wife at the home of Mrs. Maria M. Adams, for a week's visit.

Mrs. Harley Fletcher and children of Hamilton are guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas McKitterick.

Mrs. Margaret Coffman arrived from Columbus today to visit her daughters, Mrs. L. P. Howell and Mrs. Rell Allen.

Mrs. Augusta, who was over from Dayton visiting her mother, Mrs. Nolan, on N. Main street, returned to her home yesterday.

Miss Nodie Madora has returned to her home in Cleveland after a week's visit with her cousin, Marie Madora, of Briar avenue.

Mrs. R. E. Vincent returned to her home in Washington D. C., today after a two months visit with her sister, Mrs. Fred Sprenger.

Mrs. Harve Wilson and daughter, Katherine, of Cleveland, are visiting Mrs. Wilson's father-in-law, Mr. S. O. Wilson, and former Washington friends.

Miss Lou Dunlap left Monday for New York and Cleveland, where she will spend several weeks attending wholesale millinery openings and visiting friends.

Mr. Fred West left this morning for Landis, Saskatchewan, Canada, where he owns a thousand acres of land. Mr. West will remain through the wheat harvest.

Announcement has been received of the birth of a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Phil Coons, now of Kenton, O. Mr. Coons was clerk at the Cherry Hotel for some two years.

Mr. Fred B. Creamer left this morning for his recently purchased ranch near San Antonio, Texas. Mrs. Creamer goes to her home in Hillsboro tomorrow to visit during his absence.

Miss Bessie Glenn, of Jackson, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. R. R. Kibler since Saturday, left this morning for San Francisco, Cal., where she expects to make her future home.

Miss Urcell Porter will entertain a house party this week, her guests Miss Reppa Furry of Springfield, Miss Andana Gallimore of Wilmington, Misses Mary Lutz and Arline Beale, of Mt. Sterling.

Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Henkle, of St. Paul, Minn., are guests at the home of Mr. A. C. Henkle for the week and will also visit Mrs. Henkle's other relatives here. They are enroute from a visit in Wheeling, W. Va.

Miss Dorothy Rogers accompanies Arthur Blackburn, of Shelbyville, Ind., who has been visiting his aunt, Mrs. W. B. Rogers, to Cincinnati tomorrow. The little boy's father meets him there and accompanies him home.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Schmid are moving into their new home on Ogle street. Their new house is exceedingly pretty and distinctive in style—frame, with stucco upper story and dormer and shingle porch. It is completely equipped with all modern conveniences.

Dr. and Mrs. Thomas Braden, Mr. Raymond Rector and daughter, Katherine, arrived last evening from Chicago, Ill., and were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Snyder until this afternoon when Mr. and Mrs. Snyder drove them in their car to Good Hope to be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Branden and Mr. and Mrs. Harve Smalley.

Mrs. Emmitt McLean came up from Bainbridge yesterday to join his brother, Mr. Lewis McLean, who came over from Magnetic Springs for the day. Early next month Mr. McLean and wife expect to move from their Bainbridge farm to the farm of the former's brother, the late Orville McLean, at Magnetic Springs where they will make their future home.

Water in blueing is adulteration. Glass and water make liquid blue costly. Buy Red Cross Ball Blue, makes clothes whiter than snow.

## Falls Headlong Down Stairway

Miss Nan Montgomery of this city had a narrow escape from serious injury or death Monday night at the home of C. A. Kelley east of town, when she arose in her sleep and in wandering about fell headlong down a steep stairway, escaping with a few severe bruises.

Miss Montgomery was visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Kelley, and arising from her sleep was walking about, making a mis-step and plunging down-stairs, alighting in a heap in the room below, where she was found laughing over the mishap. The stairway contains 12 steps.

## Platform Lights For C. H. & D.

The B. & O. railroad has made arrangements to install two large incandescent lights on the C. H. & D. platform at the Union Station.

The lights will be identical to those on the B. & O. platform, and will be located between the C. H. & D. and the D. T. & I. tracks, and will fill a long demand for illumination at that point, where darkness has always shrouded the incoming trains after night-fall, and many bad accidents have been narrowly averted.

### ENGAGEMENT ANNOUNCED.

The engagement of Miss Bessie Oddra Tway, daughter of Mrs. Mary C. Tway of Paint township, to Mr. James Stanley Little, a highly respected young farmer of the same township, has just been announced. The wedding will take place in the late autumn.

### THE TRIALS OF A TRAVELER.

"I am a traveling salesman," writes E. E. Youngs, E. Berkshire, Vt., "and was often troubled with constipation and indigestion till I began to use Dr. King's New Life Pills, which I have found an excellent remedy." For all stomach, liver or kidney troubles they are unequalled. Only 25 cents at Blackmer and Tanquary.

### PYTHIAN SISTERS.

Regular meeting of Washington Temple, No. 380, Tuesday evening, August 6th at 7:30 o'clock.

Florence E. Wilson, M. E. C. Ida C. Gillespie, M. of R. & C.

### M. W. OF A.

Regular meeting Fayette Camp, M. W. of A. Thursday evening at 7:30.

J. N. McFadden, Clerk. E. M. Moore, Council.

### J. O. U. A. M. NOTICE.

All members of the order are requested to meet at the J. O. U. A. M. Hall tomorrow at one o'clock and attend the funeral of Brother Clyde Larrimer.

Use the Classified column.

## Teachers' Examination

Notice is hereby given that the second examination for teachers of the city schools will be held Saturday, August 10, 1912, at the Cherry Hill school building, beginning at 8:30 a. m.

By order of the Board of Examiners.

184-6t R. H. HARROP, Clerk.

## Thanouser and Solax Tonight

# 5c THE PALACE 5c

## Nursie and The Knight

A Juvenile Surprise Film enacted by two score child players, whose performance is most remarkable. A new kidd of "kid pictures." The Thanouser Kid as the Knight.

## Slippery Jim

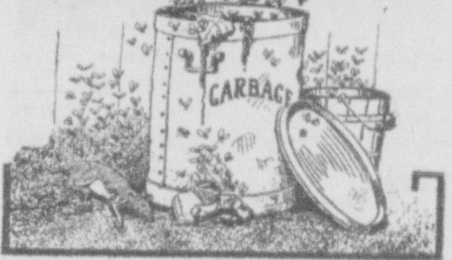
He is a criminal. At the same time he married a good girl. When she accidentally learns of her husband's underworld career she informs the police, believing he would be reformed if punished by a term of imprisonment.

COMING THURSDAY, AUG. 8

The Magnificent Production of

"Rip VanWinkle." 2 big reels. 5c

## Flies find their Food in Filth



### Daisy Fly Killer

3x6 flat tin box, lithographed cover, wool mats, absorb poison and kill flies; will not upset; lasts all summer. Full directions.

15c each

### Ideal Fly Killer

Lithographed flat tin box, felt wicks absorb poison and kill flies; will not leak, cannot upset.

10c each

### HODG FLY TRAP

Double Cone, twilled brass wire, lacquered heavy frame hanging ring and hook, detachable bottom frame for standing in barrel. Will last a lifetime.

25c each

### Peerless Fly Swatter

6x4 inch wire, "Cant-come-off" handle, effective, strong, durable; no raw edges to unravel; will not crush flies or soil wall.

5c each

## And Wipe Their Feet on Your Food



## BARNETT'S GROCERY

3 Phones--32, 32, 33



# Colonel is Given Ovation By Bull Moose" Adherents

Continued from Page One.)

the issue. Nearly every speech was as follows: "And remember my friends: I am going to be next governor of California, and I am going to kick out the government William F. Herrin the Southern Pacific railroad."

## 40 PLATFORMS CONSIDERED

Platform to Be of Most Radical Type.

CHICAGO, Aug. 6.—The platform is to be adopted by this convention will be more or less radical in its features. The work of the platform is being practically completed by Dean Lewis of the Pennsylvania law school, Dean G. W. Way of the Columbia law school, R. Garfield of Ohio, Gifford of Pennsylvania, William Albright of Kansas, Chester A. Row of California, and others.

Forty platforms must be put into one. This great number of platforms have emanated from the flowers of Colonel Roosevelt in 40 states, who sent them to Colonel Roosevelt at Oyster Bay. He is most of them over to James W. Way, in addition to a platform by Colonel Roosevelt himself. The new principles enunciated by Colonel Roosevelt in his speeches. After the adjournment of the subcommittee under advisement all of the platforms submitted. The committee will be unable to get its work until late tonight. It will demand that the light of the platform be thrown upon scales of justice and other matters; that all accounts and disease arising from the platform shall be reported to the national and state officials; that the compensation laws, state and national, shall be enacted; that commissions, both state and national, shall be created for the purpose of fixing the minimum pay for various industries, in order that the wage worker may live, educate his children and enable him to something against old age. In on the new party will stand for old age pensions.

The platform will come out square. The recall of judicial decisions, enacted by Colonel Roosevelt in his speech last spring. It is directly indorse the initiative referendum and recall, but will not approve them for state deemed advisable. It will advocate woman suffrage. So far as the platform is concerned it will adopt the plan taken by Colonel Roosevelt of a revision of the tariff will assure the diversion of the protection to the pay of the wage earner.

It will provide for a tariff commission and scientific revision, schedule of duties; reform of the currency; conservation of the Pan-American force upon the Mississippi in order to make the national responsible for the conservation of this great waterway, and federal regulation of corporations in interstate commerce also provided for in the platform.

## NEGROES MAKE THREAT

Threats Fail to Budge Roosevelt's Views on Race Question.

CHICAGO, Aug. 6.—After mature deliberation Colonel Roosevelt decided to give some of the colored delegates the delegation, when they to see him, was headed by Dr. D. Venerable of St. Louis, president of the Colored Men's National association.

He went to tell the colonel that the negro of the north meant to go by his colored brother in the and that if the colonel added to his decision in the Julian letter not to allow the seating of the colored delegates in the convention, he would surely lose a majority of the negro vote in the north.

Colonel Roosevelt replied that what he had said had been said after much consideration, that he had done

what he thought best for the negro, and that they must make the best of it. That ended the interview, and the negro leaders went away to hold an indignation meeting at the local branch of the Colored Men's National Progressive association. When they got there Dr. Venerable said that he already had obtained a promise from the negro delegates in the northern states, who have seats in the convention, and they number about a dozen, to remain away today in case Colonel Roosevelt still maintained his attitude.

But when the negroes returned to their quarters, it became apparent that there was a considerable faction opposed to Dr. Venerable. This faction was headed by W. H. A. Moore, a local lawyer. Moore presided and offered a resolution expressing confidence in Colonel Roosevelt and the National Progressive party. Dr. Venerable jumped to his feet at once and made a bitter attack on the colonel. After a near-riot had been prevented by Moore, he declared his resolution adopted. As Venerable left the room in disgust he said his organization represented progressive negroes in 40 states and that he would do all in his power to see that the northern negroes did not vote in the convention.

The committee on credentials, after a heated session with the colored delegations from Florida and Mississippi, in which Senator Dixon and C. P. Alston, leader of the Florida delegation, engaged in a verbal duel, decided to seat the Lily White delegation from Mississippi and oust both the colored and white delegations from Florida, because the whites refused to enter the convention with the blacks, each delegate to have half a vote.

D. W. Garry and P. W. Howard, who headed the colored delegations from Mississippi, and Mr. Alston gathered their brother delegates around them in the corridor of the Congress hotel, and their discussion took on the nature of an indignation meeting.

"They talk about the use of the steam roller at the Taft convention," said Mr. Alston; "why, a steam roller would be useless here, as the Progressive national committee and Colonel Roosevelt are using a rock crusher, but I guess they will find a few black rocks they can't crush. They needn't think that the northern negro voter will not resent this treatment of the southern negro. We can take care of ourselves, and we propose to do so. We do not intend to submit to the decision of the national committee and will carry our fight to the committee on credentials on the floor of the convention."

- TOMORROW'S PROGRAM.**
- Meets at noon.
  - Resolutions committee reports.
  - Nominating speeches.
  - Balloting.
  - Speeches of acceptance by nominees.
  - Adjournment.

**Cox Addresses Eagles.**

Cleveland, O., Aug. 6.—The national convention of the Fraternal Order of Eagles was formally opened, the Grand Aerie holding a session at the local clubhouse of the order. Past Grand Worthy President H. G. Davis presided, and among the speakers were Representative James M. Cox, Grand President Frank E. Hering of South Bend, Ind., and Theodore E. Bell of California. Governor Harmon had been expected but he found he could not attend.

**Killed in Explosion.**

Canal Dover, O., Aug. 6.—Locksley Bimeler, 13, of Zoar, was instantly killed by the explosion of an acetylene gas tank at the plant of the Zoar Battery company.

**Resignation Accepted.**

Washington, Aug. 6. — President Taft accepted the resignation of Federal Judge Hanford of Seattle, tendered while Judge Hanford's conduct on the bench was being investigated by a congressional committee.

## MONKS DINED WITH HERETIC

Members of Catholic Brotherhood All Unwittingly Entertained the Famous Pere Hyacinthe.

Monsieur Nathan, the Jewish mayor of Rome, has just placed in the capitol the bronze mask of Pere Hyacinthe Loyson, offered to the Eternal City by the son of the great preacher. Several times following his rupture with the church Pere Hyacinthe returned to spend the winter at Rome in company with his American wife. During one of his latest sojourns there he yielded to a sweet mystification which made some stir in the Catholic brotherhoods.

It was in a warm autumn morning and the former friar, who was a great walker, with others took as the end of his excursion the little hut of the "Three Fountains," hidden in the eucalyptus of which the monks make an elixir as delightful as champagne. The visit ended and the tourists departed for Rome. Our pilgrim noticed that the hour was late. Pressed by hunger he asked to dine at the convent. His smooth face, his Roman facial expression, his ecclesiastical dress, his bishoplike air, provoked the brothers to a respectful attention. For this mysterious unknown, whose incognito doubtless hid some high dignity of the church, they selected a private dining room and "put the little dishes in the big ones." Several Trappists, dedicated to their vows to seclusion, begged the honor of serving him at table, and after the priest had pronounced the blessing the father of the convent himself wished to share the love feast.

While knife and fork were at work, there was some conversation:

"Of what diocese are you, my father?"

"Of the diocese of the Gallican church."

"But of what city?"

"In partibus infidelium" (in heathen parts), says Pere Hyacinthe.

The hosts then allowed themselves to let slip some confidences. They even criticized the state of the holy mother church and spoke of "Pere Hyacinthe" not without blame, but with some sympathy. After a little glass of eucalyptine the guest made a sign to the father of the convent that he desired to speak to him alone. After the brothers had withdrawn from the room, he said: "I am indebted to you for an excellent collation and an hour of reminiscence. Accept this for your charity box. I am Pere Hyacinthe." The good father jumped back, hiding his face in his hands. Then, spontaneously, he pressed the hands of the heretic.

And now Pere Hyacinthe has returned to Rome. Only according to his former co-religionists he has mistaken the route. In place of taking the road to the vatican he has taken that to the capitol.—Le Cri de Paris.

**Royalty on the Maps.**

Now that the Princess Patricia has given her name to the new district of Ontario, it may be said that the members of the sovereign families of Britain during the last three centuries figure handsomely in the gazetteers of the world.

Maryland was named in honor of Henrietta Maria, whose husband granted it to George Calvert, first Lord Baltimore, and his heirs forever. The Carolinas are named after Charles II. While Georgia was named in honor of George II, in whose reign it was colonized. An island was named after Princess Patricia's great-grandmother, the good Queen Charlotte, while even the memory of that rather colorless lady, the wife of William IV., is immortalized in the capital of South Australia.

To come down to our own day and generation, it is hardly necessary to recall that the grandpater of Princess Patricia, Queen Victoria and Prince Albert, are lavishly commemorated on the maps, or that her uncle, the late King Edward, is commemorated, among other parts of the world, in Antarctic lands. Probably no non-royal personage recently living is so well assured of this form of immortality as the late Cecil Rhodes.

## How It Felt.

Dr. Joseph Eisenstaedt told the following story at a banquet given to Chicago physicians: Since the dentists love to have their fun at the expense of the physicians I take pleasure in returning the compliment with this story. An Irish maid who was in the service of a well to do Chicago home asked for an extra afternoon off. When her mistress asked why, she explained that she had to go to the dentist.

"When she came home her mistress asked: 'Well, Bridget, how did you have your tooth filled?'"

"I don't know," was the maid's reply.

"Her mistress continued: 'Well, did he fill it with silver or amalgam?'"

"I don't know how it was, mum," was Bridget's bland reply, "but from the way it felt I should think it was thunder and lightning, mum."

## Savings Deposits in Street Boxes.

The Hermes Exchange Savings bank of Budapest has placed automatic collecting devices in the streets. The idea of these boxes is that people can drop money in at any time and receive in exchange a receipt for the amount deposited. Upon presenting the slips which the machine hands out to the officials of the bank in question the bank book of the person is credited with the deposit. The purpose of the device is to encourage the possessor of spare change to deposit it in the bank while he is in a thrifty frame of mind.

# Were The Men of This Town Ever Before Blessed With Such Good Fortune

This has been one of the worst seasons in many a year for the clothier. The weather, an obstacle that no man can fight against, has been the one big, unsurmountable obstruction in our path all season.

And now we're left with this tremendous stock which we're forced to sell at such ridiculously low prices—and you're enabled to get greater bargains than you could otherwise have hoped for.

## \$9.75

is all you have to pay for suits that formerly fetched from \$15 to \$18.

Really, were men ever before blessed with such good fortune.

## W. A. THARP & CO.

The Proven Value Givers

## Threaten To Jump Caucus

(Continued from Page One.)

inner complicates the situation, for it is considered that a number of battleship advocates in the house, who would have gone over to the two-battleship camp, probably will accept the compromise as the best means of ending the deadlock between the two houses.

**Tafts to Attend Funeral.**

Cincinnati, O., Aug. 6. — President and Mrs. Taft arrived here today to attend the funeral tomorrow of the latter's father, John W. Herron, who died suddenly from an attack of pneumonia.

## LIVE STOCK AND GRAIN

**CHICAGO, AUG. 6.**

Cattle—Receipts, 23,000 head; beefs, \$5 75; hogs, \$4 90; Texas steers, \$4 90; western steers, \$5 75; stockers and feeders, \$1 00; hogs, \$5 50; calves, \$6 50; hogs, \$5 50; mixed, \$7 45; hogs, \$7 25; hogs, \$7 25; rough, \$7 25; pigs, \$6 80.

**CHICAGO, AUG. 6.**

Cattle—Receipts, 2,445 head; steers, \$4 50; hogs, \$5 50; calves, \$6 50; hogs, \$5 50; mixed, \$7 45; hogs, \$7 25; hogs, \$7 25; rough, \$7 25; pigs, \$6 80.

**CINCINNATI, O., AUG. 6.**

Cattle—Receipts, 2,445 head; steers, \$4 50; hogs, \$5 50; calves, \$6 50; hogs, \$5 50; mixed, \$7 45; hogs, \$7 25; hogs, \$7 25; rough, \$7 25; pigs, \$6 80.

**CLEVELAND, O., AUG. 6.**

Cattle—Receipts, 500 head; choice fat steers, \$9 50; good to choice steers, \$8 50; hogs, \$5 50; calves, \$6 50; hogs, \$5 50; mixed, \$7 45; hogs, \$7 25; hogs, \$7 25; rough, \$7 25; pigs, \$6 80.

**TOLEDO, O., AUG. 6.**

Wheat, \$1 05; corn, 75c; oats, 33c; cloverseed, October \$10 20.

## Y. M. C. A. POST CARDS.

Colored post-cards of the new Y. M. C. A. have been made by a large Chicago concern, and are now on sale at Rodecker's News Stand. Prices one cent each.

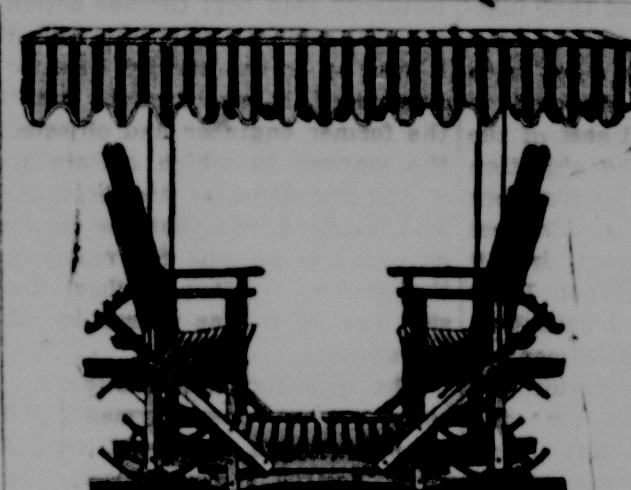
**Is This True?**

It's a pipe, we deduce,  
It's a cinch, it's a puddin'  
That the man who's too spruce  
Nearly always looks wooden.

## \$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer one Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address P. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.  
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.  
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.



## You Ought To Try It.

No seasick motion  
No jolt. No jar.  
Just an even gliding  
sensation.  
Great for twosing

**\$10.00**

Without Canopy

# The Dice-Mark Hardware Co

## INDIAN KILLED ON TRACK.

Near Rochelle, Ill., an Indian went to sleep on a railroad track and was killed by the fast express. He paid for his carelessness with his life. Often it is that way when people neglect coughs and colds. Don't risk your life when prompt use of Dr. King's New Discovery will cure them and so prevent a dangerous throat or lung trouble. "It completely cured me, in a short time, of a terrible cough that followed a severe attack of Grip," writes J. R. Watts, Floydada, Tex., "and I regained 15 pounds in weight that I had lost." Quick, safe, reliable and guaranteed. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free at Blackmer and Tanguary.

## An Idea.

Church—There are five kinds of insects that ruin office records in India, viz., white ant, fish bug, water bug, cockroach and borer.

Gotham—Why not bring a few over here and introduce 'em to the phonograph records?

## Artistic Creations.

"Is Brownson interested in art?"  
"I guess so. He stares at every stylish woman who passes."

# Your Food Problem

is easily solved if you enter our store and give your order to any clerk. Quality groceries, wide selection, reliable brands, and prompt delivery service are all yours for the asking.

Include in your order TIP-TOP BREAD, the quality loaf, and you will find it in keeping with every other table delicacy.

## SAM JOHNSTON

Oakland Ave.

Bell 391 W.

Citizens' 3260

## Summer Tours at Special Fares

# East or West

### Daily over PENNSYLVANIA LINES

Consult nearest Ticket Agent for particulars about Special Fare Round Trip Tickets to New York, Boston, Atlantic City and other resorts in the East, and to Colorado, California and the West.



## COMING EVENTS

August 5-6-7-8 and 9—Annual session of the Fayette County Teachers' Association at the Y. M. C. A. building in this city.

August 6 to 9, inclusive—Green County Fair at Xenia.

August 7—Paulin Reunion at Urich Paulin grove, near Jamestown.

August 7—K. of P. picnic and Field Day in Rodgers' Grove near Bloomingburg.

August 8—Annual picnic and Field Day at Williamsport.

August 13, 14, 15, 16—Twelfth Annual Fayette County Fair. Better than every. Many new attractions.

August 20—Thomas reunion at South Solon.

August 20 to 23.—Madison County fair.

August 26 to 31—Ohio State fair and Ohio Centennial at Columbus.

September 3—Constitutional convention election.

All events of general interest to the public will be announced in this column free of charge if telephoned or mailed to The Herald.

## ALGERNON IN DISTRESS

**HAD HE GIVEN HIS OWN PILLS TO HIS SICK SISTER?**

Apparent Mixup in "Medsums" Alarmed Him Exceedingly, for It Might Have Killed Her, and "Life Is Very Scarce."

"Good ebenin', sah, good ebenin'," responded Algernon to Mr. Topfloor's greeting, but his voice sounded distraught and Mr. Topfloor glancing at his troubled countenance, inquired: "What's the matter, Algernon? Elevator on the blink?"

"No, sah, dat ain't it. I's mos' distress, an' I's mighty glad yo's come in, 'cos I wan' ast yo' advice 'bout a mos' aerous mattah. I was to my doctah's dis 'fternoon to deport to him 'bout de condition ob my sister, an' w'ile I was dere, I tought I might's well git some medsum fo' mysef, too. So I ast him to gib me some pills, or a lotion or a tonic, or somepin ob dat kin'. An' he say, 'Wot yo' wan' medsum fo', Algernon?' he say, an' I tol' him dat fo' de las' three days I ben trouble wif a sort o' dizziness in my feet dat was mos' noyin', 'specially w'en I'm runnin' de elevator. So he say he gib me somepin fo' dat, an' den he han' me a box pills fo' my sister an' a box pills fo' mysef. He didn't put no name on de boxes, but de one dat was my box, it had de leasas I'll brack speck on de side, so of cos I know which it was. I lef' de medsum at my sister's do' an' didn't take notice dat I lef' her de wrong box till af'er I ben heah 'bout a hour. I's f'aid, Mistoh Topflo', dat my pills wouldn't be de kin' fo' her an' dat dey mebbe kill her ef she take 'nuff ob dem, an' I's jes' ben mos' crazy 'bout it! Wot does yo' tink, Mistah Topflo'—does yo' tink dat pills fo' dizziness in de lungs would be bald fo' amonia ob de lungs?"

"I can't say, Algernon, but I think they might be," replied Mr. Topfloor; "you'd better go to your sister's house as quickly as you can and tell her not to take them."

"I cayn't leabe dis heah elevator at de presum' time, no how, dere's too much 'pendin' on me fo' dat. Yessah, I could ast de janitor to run it fo' me fo' a half hour or so. I nevah tought o' dat. Yessah, dat would be de va'y bes way. I know yo' 'vise me so I fin' some resolution ob de question. Yessah, I go raight down to de janitor an' tell him de state ob de 'fair. Min' yo' atep, sah, de elevator ain' square wif de flo'! Yessah, I come tell yo' de 'sult ob de vestigation, des' soon as I know mysef, 'ank yo' sah," concluded Algernon as the elevator passed down the shaft out of sight.

An hour later Algernon appeared at the Topfloors' door and announced beamingly: "It's all right, sah. De jan-

itor he resented to run the elevator forme w'ile I went to 'vestigate 'bout de pills. It's a mighty queer t'ing, Mistoh Topflo'. My sister she hadn't took one ob dem pills ob mine. She say she has de queeres' ticklin' in de p'am of her raight han' dat tol' her de pills wasn't hers, an' dey couldn't git her to swaller one, no how. But de queeres' ob de whole cumstance am dat I foun' dat de box I lef' her was de raight box, af'er all! So de whole t'ing tu'n out fo' de bes'. But ef it had a-ben dem pow'ful pills ob mine, I reckon she be daid now an' I'd a-ben mighty sorry, 'cos life is ve'y scarce, Mistoh Topflo'—very scarce."—New York Press.

## DRAW OUT POISON.

**Marvelous Antiseptic that Draws Glass, Wood and Needles from the Flesh.**

There never was known such a powerful drawing ointment as San Cura. Wherever it has been used it has created astonishment. It drew a needle out of the foot of the daughter of Mrs. James Hitchcock, of Centerville, Pa., after the doctor had used his lance and failed.

Nothing so healing or antiseptic can be purchased today. It possesses so much healing virtue that it is guaranteed by Brown's Drug Store to quickly cure any kind of piles, eczema, tetter, salt rheum, boils, carbuncles, ulcers, all kinds of chronic sores, chilblains, and chapped hands, or money back.

It's a mighty handy remedy to have in the house in emergencies such as bruises, burns, cuts or scalds, because it kills the pain instantly. It's a medicine chest in itself—a little family physician that is ever in demand. 25c and 50c a jar at Brown's Drug Store.

## BEST SKIN SOAP.

Is San Cura Soap, because of its great antiseptic and healing virtues. Use it regularly, and it will make the skin soft and velvety; will remove pimples and blackheads. It's the real soap for babies' tender skin, which mothers of infants should remember. 25 cents a large cake at Brown's Drug Store.

Mail orders for San Cura Ointment and Soap filled by Thompson Medical Co., Titusville, Pa.

## Red Tape in Action.

An American, in visiting the London postoffice, observed that the newspaper box had a large mouth, and, with the curiosity of the average American tourist, he stood gazing into it. Suddenly a bale of newspapers struck him and he fell into the box.

His companions hurried to the counters to rescue him, but owing to the red tape of the English postoffice the clerks disregarded their appeals. The American was in the mail box and would have to be treated as a mail matter. They therefore stamped him and threw him into a compartment containing provincial newspapers.

The unfortunate man's friends thereupon went to the chief, who listened phlegmatically to their story, then asked if their friend was addressed. On being informed that he was not, the chief said:

"The matter is simple. The man will remain for six months in the bureau. At the end of that time, if no one applies for him, he will be burnt as a dead letter."

## Pantheon and Parthenon.

The Parthenon, or what is left of it, stands upon the Acropolis of Athens. This most famous building on earth was erected under the administration of Pericles about B. C. 442. Its present ruinous condition was caused by the explosion of a bomb during the war between the Venetians and Turks in 1687. The Pantheon, at Rome, was built by Agrippa in B. C. 27, and, unlike the more beautiful temple at Athens, is still in a fair state of preservation. The Pantheon is, of course, well worth seeing, both for its own sake and on account of its historic interest; but it does not hold the fame belonging to the incomparable building on the Athenian Acropolis.

Use the Classified column.

## FRANK A. MUNSEY, PROGRESSIVE



One of the staunchest supporters of Colonel Roosevelt and the progressive movement in the Republican party is Frank A. Munsey, the magazine publisher. It was reported that he hoped to be made ambassador to England, but he denied that he sought that or any other office for himself.

## LEFT WORK UNFINISHED

**AUTHORS CALLED FROM THEIR MANUSCRIPTS BY DEATH.**

Some of the Greatest Have Literally Died "in the Harness"—Nathaniel Hawthorne's Pathetic Forebodings of the End.

Robert Louis Stevenson's story, "Weir of Hermiston," was left a mere fragment. Another romance, "St. Ives," by the same pen, was running in a monthly magazine at the time of Stevenson's death. Here, however, readers were not deprived of a satisfactory ending, for the story was brought to a conclusion by Quiller-Couch.

"I hardly know what to say to the public about this abortive romance, though I pretty well know what the case will be. I shall never finish it," wrote Nathaniel Hawthorne, with reference to "The Dolliver Romance," which he had undertaken to write for a magazine.

This foreboding was soon verified, for Hawthorne had scarcely time to do more than lay down the groundwork of the story and write the initial chapters before he died. At his funeral in Concord the manuscript lay on his coffin. Soon afterward the first chapter appeared in the Atlantic, and subsequently the second chapter, which he had been unable to revise, was published in the same magazine. Several years elapsed and then a third fragment, revised and copied by the novelist's wife, was placed in the publisher's hands. The original manuscript is now preserved in the Concord public library.

Another serial that was being written when its author laid down his pen forever was "Denis Duval." Thackeray, indeed, was already in his grave when its publication commenced. Three parts, and a portion of a fourth were all that appeared, and "the story," wrote the editor, "breaks off as his life ended—full of vigor and blooming with new promise like the apple trees in this month of May." With the fourth part was given a set of notes, taken from Thackeray's own papers, elucidatory of the subsequent development of the plot.

Thackeray's great contemporary, Charles Dickens, also died in harness. For a long time his health had been indifferent, but he stuck unflinchingly to the work he had in hand. On June 8, 1870, he died. The morning and part of the afternoon of that day were devoted to completing the sixth number of "The Mystery of Edwin Drood," but scarcely had he finished work and sat down to dinner than he was seized with convulsions. After lingering some hours without regaining consciousness he died at six the same day.

"I shall publish late in this year," wrote Laurence Sterne, "and the next I shall begin a new work in four volumes, which, when finished, I shall continue 'Tristram' with fresh spirit." This new work here referred to is "The Sentimental Journey," one volume alone of which was ever given to the world, nor, by reason of the author's death, was "Tristram Shandy" ever continued.

## Deduction.

A director of one of the great trans-continental railroads was showing his three-year-old daughter the pictures in a work on natural history. Pointing to a picture of a zebra, he asked the baby to tell him what it represented. Baby answered, "Colty." Pointing to a picture of a tiger in the same way, she answered "Kitty." Then a lion, and she answered "Doggy." Elated with her seeming quick perception, he then turned to the picture of a chimpanzee and said: "Baby, what is this?"

"Papa."—Woman's Journal.

## ABSENCE MADE 'EM STRONGER.



Parke Rowe—Hello, doc, back again! You must have lost some of your patients, being away so long?

Dr. Pillum—Yes, just my confounded luck—seven of them got well.

## Extreme Forbearance.

Newspaper hards, we rather think, are few and far between.

Who've never knocked the poetry in any magazine.

## The Best Way Out.

"I've tried for ten years to please my wife," said the married man, "and I've never yet succeeded."

"Impossible!" ejaculated his friend.

"No, I don't think it is," said the married man. "I'm going to shoot myself."—Satire.

## Icebergs of the Highway.

"It is an exceedingly good rule to require every automobile to have a horn or bell," said the cautious man.

"Yes," replied Mr. Chuggins; "but we ought to go further and have an alarm clock on every brick wagon to keep the driver awake."

## Glorious Sport.

Little Bobby—Say, Willie, is ma lookin'?

Little Willie—No. What y' goin' t' do?

Little Bobby—Take out de gold fish, an' let 'em play with the cat.—The Monitor.

## An Unforgiving Crowd.

"There are some mistakes a man can live down."

"Say the rest of it."

"But he can never live down a mistake if it was made at our bridge club."

## Eat Snider's Butternut Bread

*Rich as Butter, Sweet as a Nut*

Now made in large 10c size loaves and on sale by all grocers.

**Ask for 10c Butter-Nut Bread**

And take no other. Easily the finest bread known to baking.

## GREW HAIR IN SIX WEEKS.



"Mary, have you read what Baroness Ramsey says about Mrs. Mason's Hair Treatment? In her letter which I saw she declares that it produced a considerable growth of hair in only six weeks."

"Yes, Grace, and lots of our best people here in Washington C. H. used to send to New York for Mrs. Mason's Old English Shampoo Cream before Blackmer & Tanquary our local druggists took the agency for it."

"I am using it myself now, it is so easy to wash one's own hair with it and you know it produces a stimulating and luxurious lather which not only removes the dust, dirt, grit and dandruff from the hair and scalp, but at the same time you are rubbing the tonic properties of this famous herb shampoo into the roots of the hair, which stops it coming out and stimulates the growth—just as water does a plant. It makes the hair so beautifully clean, soft and fluffy that it looks twice as thick as it really is. A 25c. tube is sufficient for three or four shampoos and they offer to return your money if you don't like it."

## Ever Notice It?

If your hat should blow off and roll away from you, just let it.

Stand where you are; some willing soul will chase around and get it.

## Baseball Courtship.

"How do I stand with you, little girl?" inquired the ardent fan.

"You have a percentage of about \$50 just now," answered the lady fan, "and lead the league."

"I am glad to hear that. I was afraid I was in the second division of your affections."

## Higher Mathematics.

"What we want," said the orator, "is a square deal."

"Yes," replied the studious reformer, "and in order to secure that we must do away with the political ring. It is the ancient and very difficult problem of squaring the circle."

## Hard Luck.

"I always was unlucky," he said, with a weary sigh.

"What's the matter now, old man?" his friend asked.

"I've spent over £1,000 on having my boy play the fiddle, and now his hair's all comin' out."—Tit-Bits.

## Easy to Support.

"Yes, my daughter is going to marry a poet."

"How can you bear to see your daughter marry a poet?"

"Oh, a poet ain't so bad. He can wear my old clothes and he won't eat much."

## Punctuation.

"Wouldn't you hate to be called a period?"

"Well, I shouldn't mind it so much, if the person calling me names would stop there."

## IN THE STABLE.



First Horse—I wonder what is to become of us.

Second Horse—I don't know, and I don't care. I've just been traded for an automobile and I'm ready to die.

**CASTORIA**  
For Infants and Children.  
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Hathorn*

## PRESERVE FOES' HEADS

**SOUTH AMERICAN TRIBE THAT EMBALMS THE TROPHIES.**

Method Employed Reduces the Grisly Relics to the Size of a Billiard Ball With Changing or Mutilating Features.

The little-known Indian tribes that inhabit the more distant provinces of the South American republic of Ecuador, in almost entire independence, have a strange custom of preparing the heads of their vanquished enemies in a manner which reduces them to extremely small dimensions, without changing or mutilating the features.

For many years a war of extermination has been going on between the various tribes. Ambushes and night attacks are of frequent occurrence, and the parties often march dozens of leagues to surprise their enemies.

The head of the vanquished chief is cut off and becomes the most esteemed booty of the victorious leader. It is then, in due time, desiccated and reduced by the latter by means of a process, the secret of which has so far been jealously guarded. As far as is known, the skull, jawbones and fleshy parts are entirely removed without the skin of the head and face suffering any damage, and the only trace of the operation is a small incision in the nape of the neck which is afterward sewn together again.

After removal of the bony and softer parts of the skull the skin is filled with hot stones and a vegetable concoction, the secret of which, as well as that of the process, is carefully guarded. This procedure is continued until the head is shrunk to the dimension of a good-sized billiard ball and has become as dry and tough as sole leather.

It is remarkable that during the process neither the natural luster of the hair nor its quantity is diminished, that eyebrows and lashes remain intact, and that even the grain of the skin with the fine hairs are plainly distinguishable after the preparation is completed.

The process lasts about one year, and the head during that time hangs in smoke, for which purpose a stout string is drawn through the upper part of it. The lips are sewed together in order to prevent the dead enemy from speaking and eating, and the long threads by which it is done remain attached and hanging from the mouth.

The trophy, which by the reduction has lost its ghastliness, is kept in a niche in the hut of the chief, stuck on the end of a spear. During the three years succeeding the killing, feasts, lasting three days, are held on the anniversaries of the victory, during which the shrunken head is exhibited. After three years the victor may dispose of his trophy in any way he sees fit, but this is rarely done, as the head forms a war trophy of the highest honor.

## Case of Poetic Justice.

That was a case of poetic justice when a jury of women in San Francisco were called upon to pass on the fit of a man's clothes. A certain tailor in that western city sued a customer for money due for clothes. The customer pleaded that the suits did not fit and asked for a jury of women to decide the important point. The 12 good women and true, who from their own experience were no doubt eminently qualified to pass on the fit of clothes, found for the defendant. It must have afforded them infinite satisfaction to know that, after all the sarcasm with which their husbands treated their own troubles with dressmakers, their exasperating experiences should in the end be drawn upon to render a lawful judgment on clothes worn by men. All the fun poked at women and their dressmakers in San Francisco and all the jokes collateral to that engaging theme have been recalled.

## DOCTORS KNOW SOAP.

Ask your family physician what he thinks about a laundry soap that is made of borax, cocoanut oil, clean tallow and naphtha. He'll tell you such a soap will be cleansing, sterilizing and antiseptic. That means that it will not only make your cloths sweet and clean, but that it will also save you from the dangers of contagion that lie in common soaps. Easy Task soap is the only one that would fill his prescription.

Use the Classified column.

## Crisp, Snappy Checkers

The greatest selling popcorn confection in America. Each box contains a nice souvenir for the children.



Sold Everywhere  
Get Checkers Always  
in Checkerboard Boxes.



## PETITIONS FOR ARMORY PRESENTED TO COUNCIL

**Hon. C. A. Reid Represents Armory Petitioners and Council Calls Special Session for August 19, When Definite Action Will Be Taken.**

### ANOTHER JOINT SESSION HELD

**Citizens Remonstrate Against Certain Street Improvements As Contemplated—New Lights and Water Plugs Receive Attention, But Action Is Postponed—Delay in Serving Notices Receives Attention. Other Business of Importance.**

A joint session of council and the Union Township Trustees was held Monday night, followed by the regular monthly session of council, during which much business of interest received attention.

Member Carr was the only one of the trustees present. The problem of securing more ground for enlarging the cemetery was the object of the joint session. Solicitor Rankin held that council must first decide what lands were desired and then institute condemnation proceedings if such methods are taken to secure the land. Considerable discussion took place regarding the procedure, during which Veall moved that inasmuch as attempts to purchase land during the past eight years had been futile, the Solicitor be directed to condemn the Taylor land east of the cemetery. Cox raised the objection that he understood that no cemetery could be maintained within 600 feet of a residence, and advised council to proceed slowly, whereupon Veall withdrew his motion and substituted one calling for the appointment of a committee to see Mrs. Taylor and ascertain the price asked for the land. Rothrock stated that such action did not advance proceedings over those of the past eight years. The motion carried and Cox Veall and Carr were named. The joint session then adjourned and the regular meeting of council was taken up.

#### Regular Meeting.

The first business was the presentation of the huge petition for council to give a site for a State

## WE SERVE

Ourselves best by fair and square service to others. We serve depositors with safety and with five per cent interest on their money. We serve borrowers with money at lowest rates and with privilege of repayment in whole or in part at any time. The Buckeye State Building and Loan Company, Rankin Building, 22 West Gay Street, Columbus, Ohio. Assets \$5,800,000. Patronage of the reader is solicited. Write or call for further information.

Armory building to cost not less than \$20,000. The petition was presented by Hon. C. A. Reid, who has been interested in securing the structure, and who briefly stated the object of the petition and read the same, asking that council take action toward securing the Armory, and urging that the matter be considered at a special meeting to be held soon, in order that no other city might get ahead of Washington and delay construction of the Armory. He suggested the appointment of a committee to look into the matter, and upon motion by Rothrock this was done. McLean, Rothrock and Durant being named. Again Mr. Reid urged an early meeting, and upon motion by McLean it was decided to hold the special meeting on Monday evening, August 19th.

Attorney Tom S. Maddux, representing a number of citizens on Rawling street, presented a remonstrance against the excessive cost of paving that street, and asking that they be eliminated from the proposed improvement. The complaint was placed in the hands of the Law and Ordinance Committee to report at the special meeting.

Attorney C. E. Baughn, representing Addison Hays, appealed to council for payment of the sum of \$233 alleged to be due Mr. Hays on the Gregg street contract. Mr. Baughn stated that Mr. Hays desired that a committee be appointed to investigate the improvement, and if any violation of the provisions of the contract were found, he would comply with any provisions of the contract.

Veall stated that a committee had been appointed at one time and they had reported the work all right. Rothrock said that further action by council was not possible, and that it was up to the Service Director or Engineer. It was brought out that the former engineer had objected to the manner in which certain parts of the improvement had been made. The Solicitor held that the contract or could bring suit for recovery of the amount. After further discussion the affair was passed by without action.

The solicitor called attention of council to the non-payment of the oil assessments, and said that Mr. Mark desired payment, some \$400 being due him. As the affair was not in shape to be passed upon by council it was continued over until the special meeting on August 19.

The High Street improvement trouble was taken up and upon motion by Rothrock the check for \$36.50, covering cost of proceedings on the contemplated improvement, was accepted and the improvement proceedings dropped.

Engineer Jacobs reported on the confused manner in which the Sycamore special assessment had been "balled up" by dropping one of the railroads from the assessment. He gave measurements and what should be assessed against the railroads. A motion by Rothrock that the Solicitor prepare a new assessment ordinance passed, and the ordinance is to be ready by the next regular meeting.

Engineer Jacobs also reported on the brick-center for Circle avenue from Main to Fayette street, and the cost, together with cement sidewalks runs from \$2.05 to \$2.40 per foot. The estimate without brick center was approximately \$1.60 per foot. Rothrock asked if a provision could be inserted calling for lead water pipes to be laid under the improved street. The solicitor held that where water pipes already existed the city would be compelled to pay for the lead pipes. Rothrock later moved that the Safety Direc-

tor contract for the laying of lead pipes under all streets to be improved. Cox and Chapman voted no. President Light declared the motion carried. The question of laying water mains on Pearl street, which is to be bridged, was mentioned but no motion taken.

A resolution to locate the new lights and water plugs was ready with the exception that the location was not mentioned, and it was carried over until the blanks locating the lights and plugs were filled in. Mayor Smith stated that Mr. Clapp was anxious to get the wires up as soon as the lights were located, and that he claimed the contract with the city covered the new lights. Solicitor Rankin held that a resolution to locate and contract for the lights and hydrants was necessary.

Henry Brownell, as member of the committee appointed to request the council to extend an invitation to the G. A. R. for the encampment next year, presented the matter, and a resolution of invitation was ordered drawn by the clerk and presented to the committee before September 3rd.

A statement from the Health officer was read, showing that bills to the amount of \$590 had been incurred by the Board of Health, and there was no money in the Health Fund to meet the obligations. It was referred to the finance committee for action.

A protest from residents on Cherry street, in which they objected to the manner of the proposed construction of sidewalks on that street was read and referred to the councilmen of the 4th ward.

The resolution authorizing the Service Director to contract for public printing, was placed on its third reading and passed. In compliance with a previous request for bids on public printing, bids for the legal rate were read from the Herald and Register.

The committee appointed to confer with the B. & O. and Pennsylvania railroads regarding an underground crossing on Oakland avenue, and the clerk was directed to communicate with the railroads and ascertain their attitude toward building a sidewalk under the crossing. It was mentioned that when school opens, 80 children will pass over the crossing four times each day. It is for their protection that the underground sidewalk is proposed.

Auditor Pine's report was read, showing a balance of \$1255.89 at the last report, and \$1688.45 at the beginning of August.

A report from Mayor Smith for the month of May was submitted, showing a collection of \$36 in fines and licenses, all of it being for licenses except one fine for 5.85 and one for \$9.15.

The proposal to pave the alley east of the court house and extending from Court to Temple street, came up and Solicitor Rankin directed to prepare an ordinance for paying it.

McLean again introduced the contemplated improvement on Fayette street and Main street along the railroad yards, stating that he understood the reason for delay in the improvement was because the plans and specifications had not been filed. Engineer Jacobs assured him that they had been filed several weeks, whereupon he told Clerk Flynn that he desired to have the notices served as soon as possible. Holding up the notices is alleged to have caused the delay.

A motion to adjourn was ignored by Engineer Jacobs who stated that he had an ordinance for the improvement of Hinkle street upon which he desired action, stating that he believed he could have the sidewalks half down by the time the clerk got the notices served. The ordinance was passed.

An ordinance fixing the salary of the Humane Officer at \$10 per month in the city, commencing with July 1st was past.

A petition for a special night patrolman was presented and referred to the Safety Committee to report upon at the next meeting.

A second motion to adjourn was ignored by Veall who asked that the Solicitor prepare an ordinance for a \$2,000 bond issue to build and repair sewers. This passed and a third motion to adjourn was made by Rothrock and was entertained.

Smoke Diamond Joe Cigar, 5c.  
Use the Classified column.

## City Councilman Does Police Duty

Councilman D. T. Veall, former chief of police of this city, has been appointed to fill the temporary vacancy caused by the suspension of Patrolman Cogswell.

Councilman Veall will have the same hours as Patrolman Cogswell, from noon until midnight.

## Wire Flashes From Moose Convention

Special to Herald.

Chicago, August 6.—It is reported that Judge Lindsey is negotiating with Mayor Whitlock with a view to having the latter consider acceptance in Ohio.

Chicago—Convention called to order at 12:36. Roosevelt appeared on the stage at 12:48 and a big demonstration followed. His keynote speech was delivered amid frequent applause.

Miss Jane Adams will second the Roosevelt nomination. George W. Perkins was elected New York member National Committee.

## Death Rides With Daredevil Driver

Special to Herald.

Madison, Wis., August 6.—While racing with another auto and going at 60 miles an hour, two were instantly killed and two seriously injured near here this morning, when the car turned turtle after striking a telephone pole.

The dead are Alice Mullin and Edward Alfred.

## ALL SUMMER GOODS AT LESS THAN COST

Commencing at once and continuing for 30 days, I will offer the greatest bargains ever known in kinds of summer goods. Here are a few of the many items I offer: Ladies' bathings, chaffins, white goods, gingham, percales, satines, underwear, children's caps, embroideries, lace curtains, curtain goods, stationery, dressers, scarfs, dresses, skirts, shirt waists, silk waist hosiery, ribbons, gloves, belts, hats, bags, fancy combs, parasols, a balance of millinery, at less than cents on the dollar. Come and see for genuine bargains.

H. GLICKSMAN  
Opp. the Court House

## Road Closed

The Devalon road is closed to public while it is undergoing rebuilding.

Use the Classified column.

## SORROWING FRIENDS MEET TRAIN BEARING REMAINS

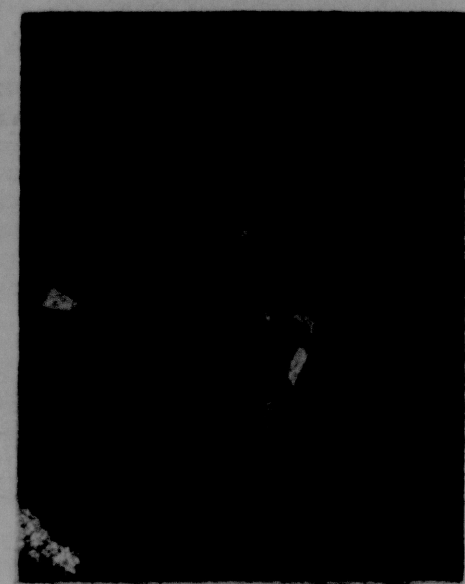
A large concourse of friends, including fully 100 members of the Odd Fellow and Masonic lodges, assembled at the Union Station Monday evening to meet the remains of

Messrs Robert McLean and H. D. Chaffin who had hurried to Michigan when the sad news reached them, arrived on the 6:12 train over the C. H. & D., and were placed in the Albert McCoy funeral carriage to be conducted to Mr. Larrimer's late home on Washington avenue.

Followed by the long lines of friends of the deceased, the carriage slowly wended its way up town to the undertaking establishment of A. R. McCoy, where the casket was opened for a short time. After attention had been given the remains they were once more placed in the funeral wagon and under the escort of the Odd Fellows, conducted to the Larrimer home. A deep gloom had been cast over all by his untimely death, and the horrible manner in which he met it.

Funeral services will be held at Grace M. E. Church, tomorrow afternoon at two o'clock with the Odd Fellows in charge, and the remains will be interred in the Washington cemetery.

The accompanying picture of Mr. Larrimer portrays the characteristic cheerful smile which won for him a host of warm friends who now so deeply feel his loss.



CLYDE LARRIMER  
Who Met Death Under A Traction Car in Michigan Sunday Afternoon.

Mr. Clyde Larrimer who met death under a traction car in Michigan Saturday afternoon.

The remains, accompanied by

## Fayette Teachers' Institute In Annual Session Here

The Fayette County Teachers' Institute opened Monday at the Y. M. C. A. building and 120 members had enrolled at noon.

The Institute was opened by singing led by C. M. Johnson with Miss Lulu Rowan at the piano. Mr. Zaner conducted devotional exercises. The lectures announced for Tuesday and Wednesday night were then dispensed by vote of the Institute.

Pres. W. J. Clippinger, of Otterbein University was the first speaker and after a few general remarks he spoke on "Some Educational Tests of Efficiency." He named the tests as physical, moral and intellectual.

Dr. Dyer, former Superintendent of Cincinnati schools came in and gave a good general talk on the purpose of an Institute.

The annual convention of Fools will be held at the Y. M. C. A. tonight. One hundred and thirty teachers had registered at noon Tuesday. The lectures Monday afternoon were unusually good. Dr. Clippinger spoke on Tests of Teaching and Dr. Dyer started his lecture on Geography which was finished Tuesday.

Miss Ward and Mr. James Kneisely furnished some excellent music.

At the Fools Convention everybody took Supt. McClain at his word and "acted natural." James Kneisely and Miss Ward furnished the music. The boys belonging to Miss Rowe's Domestic Science class proved themselves the real cooks. They are still making a vain effort to re-

move the black.

Tuesday's meeting was opened by music under the direction of O. R. Ladd and the devotional exercises were led by Dr. Dyer. All are greatly pleased with the Y. M. C. A. as a place of meeting.

A number of the former teachers have dropped in for a few minutes. Deep interest has been manifested in all of the proceedings.

Want ads are profitable.

Use the Classified column.

## COLONIAL

THE SUNSET GUN—Edison Drama

THE LEGACY OF HAPPINESS—Essanay

A forceful sermon against the love for great wealth.

## Wonderland

PROSPECTOR SWEETHEARTS—Pathe Western story  
HIS WIFE'S WHIMS—C. G. P. C.

Mrs. Snyders, being in poor health, her every wish gratified by her husband. One day, going to her dress makers, she takes some grapes from a fruit vender's cart and Sniders promptly pays the vender. As she is trying on her new gown a thief steals her clothing and dons it and is followed by Mr. Snyders. As they pass along the thief steals right and left, Snyders graciously paying the bills until the police interferes, and the affair is straightened out.

## Great Bargains At A Great Sale

Ladies' Tailored Suits

Made of Linen  
\$6, \$7, 7.50  
grades  
Now

**\$2.95**

Ladies' Tailored Suits

Made of Linen  
All colors. \$8.  
\$8.98, \$10  
grades now

**\$2.95**

Misses' Pique Dresses

wide wale  
trimmed collar  
worth  
\$7.50 and \$8

**\$2.98**

Men's Suits  
Famous Cloth-Craft

Make  
Worth \$15  
Now

**\$9.75**

Men's Suits  
High Grade \$20 and \$22  
Suits now

**\$14.25**

**Jess W. Smith**

Men's \$1.00 Shirts  
Best Goods

**69c**

Men's Straw Hats

\$1, \$1.50, \$2  
To Close  
Out Quick

**48c**

27in. Fine Flouncing

worth \$1.25  
and \$1.50  
SEE WINDOW  
DISPLAY  
NOW

**85c yd.**

White Goods Sale

Regular Prices  
15c to 50c  
Sale Price  
Per Yard

**9c to 29c**

Smith Sells Victor

Victrolas  
and  
Records



# SPORTING PAGE

NEWS AND COMMENT WORTH WHILE

## OLD RIVALS PLAYING WITH JERSEY CITY



Billy Purtell, Formerly With Boston and Chicago.

Billy Purtell and Harold Janvrin, who were on the Boston Red Sox team at one time, are now playing with Jersey City. Until recently Janvrin has been leading off the batting list, with Purtell second. Purtell played second base while Janvrin was on third. Purtell, however, was later shifted to the outfield. He was a favorite with Chicago White Sox fans.

## NU CUP

NUCUP is one of the most healthful and nutritious beverages on the market. We recommend its use because there can be no harmful effects from it.

## SAMPLES FREE

For Sale by Following Grocers

J. W. DUFFE & CO., PHIL E. ROTHROCK, HARRY E. WOOD JAMES DUCEY, HARRY G. FLEE, N. S. BARNETT & SON AND M. C. ORTMAN.

## Funeral Directors

### ALBERT R. McCOY

Funeral Director and Embalmer. Office 222 E. Court St. Bell Tel. of- fice 27; residence 9 R; Citizen, office, 27; residence, 541.

### ELMER A. KLEVER

Funeral Director

Bell Phones: Res. 294-2; Office 294. Citz. Phones: Res. 151; Office 180.

### C. H. MURRAY

UNDERTAKING COMPANY, 222 E. Court St., Washington C. H. Office—Both Phones 65. Residence Phones: Bell 66; Home 2 on 55.

## MONEY TO LOAN

## MONEY TO LOAN

At all times, in any amount.

### FRANK M. FULLERTON

## MONEY TO LOAN

on real estate, chattels and personal security.

### FRANK M. ALLEN

### JAMES T. TUTTLE

Optician,

138 E. Court St.

Washington C. H., Ohio.

## CASH LOANS

Arranged on Pianos, Household Goods and Live Stock. \$10 to \$100 mail weekly or monthly payments.

### Capitol Loan Company

So. Fayette St.

## My Worst Blunder

FAMOUS "BONEHEAD" PLAYS ON MAJOR LEAGUE DIAMONDS

Explained by Leading Baseball Players to

HUGH S. FULLERTON

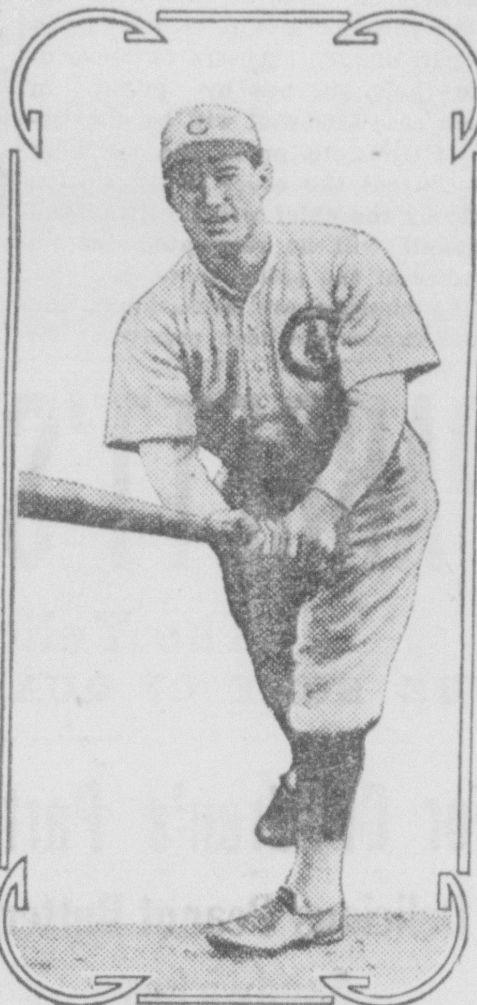
By HEINE ZIMMERMAN.

Third Baseman Chicago Cubs, Whose Hitting and Playing Have Made Him the Sensation of the National League Season.

Believe me, I've pulled my share of bones, almost as many as you fellows have blamed on me, and I'll pull a lot more before I get through. But the one I'm proudest of, with the reverse English, came near tying Fred Merkle.

I haven't figured out yet just why I did it, but I have found out, among several other things I've learned since I got into the big circuit, that everyone blunders, and the luckiest ones are those who get found out the fewest times. I'm not claiming any copyright on the right to make bone plays.

In happened in 1908 when we were battling New York and Pittsburgh for the pennant, and when we were so close together for the last month that a fumble might have changed the whole race. We were playing in Chicago and Brown was pitching against Mathewson in one of the greatest games I ever saw. Everyone was



Heine Zimmerman.

worked up to the last pitch and on his toes to win, but neither side could score. I think it was in either the seventh or eighth inning that I butted into the game, as coacher at third base. The crowd was all around the field and going crazy. Maybe it was catching, for just then Tinker combed a high line drive to left center, clear down to the corner of the fence, and he came scooting around with his cap in his hand digging for a home run. I don't know what happened to me, but as he came up to third I jumped in, grabbed him and tried to drag him back to the base. I hung on, and he fought, and finally he punched me in the ribs, broke loose and scored a block ahead of the ball. We beat them 1 to 0 as Tinker's home run was the only count in the game, and if I had held him at third, as I tried to do, neither team would have scored in nine innings, and New York might have won. If they had won that game they would have won the pennant.

It was the finest exhibition I ever gave, and to this day I could almost take oath that I saw the ball coming into the infield when I grabbed Tinker. I can't explain it unless it was because I was so excited and so afraid that the ball really would beat him home that I actually thought I saw it.

Copyright, 1912, by W. G. Chapman.)

Bedient's Good Record. Hugh Bedient is a member of the Boston Red Sox brigade. Hugh is a pitcher. A couple of years ago at Corey, Pa., he hung up a record of 42 strike-outs in 24 innings.

Three No-Hit Games. Carl Nichols of the Framington, Mass., high school team, recently pitched his third no-hit game of the season. It is presumed that Connie Mack has signed him by this time.

## STORIES OF THE DIAMOND

John Titus is just slamming that old globe for the Boston Braves.

Cleveland has grabbed from its Toledo farm, Outfielder Arthur Hauger.

This Speaker is 23 years old. Five years ago he cost the Boston management \$800.

Pitcher Collins of Vanderbilt fame is desired by Clark Griffith for the Washington club.

Last year fans stopped going to games in St. Louis. This year there aren't any fans there.

Ray Caldwell's bad arm is still bad and it may be a long time before he will pitch any real ball.

Never has Charlie Wagner's work with the Boston Red Sox been more brilliant than at present.

Boston—first in the American, last in the National! New York—first in the National, last in the American!

Three times this season the Giants have run up nine wins in a row, besides their sixteen straight victories.

Dave Altizer was treated to a fine of \$50 for jawing with a spectator in a recent American association game.

They call Mr. Marquard Rube, but he has demonstrated that he is not entirely unsophisticated in the art of pitching.

## MANAGER BERNHARD



Leader of Memphis Team of Southern League Who Has Worked Hard to Keep His Team Up Near the Top.

## Sammy Strong Returns.

Sammy Strong Nicklin has returned from Paris, bringing his cultivated voice with him and recently showed up at the Polo grounds and took a work-out with the Giants.

## Many Young Players.

Clark Griffith's Washington team is the youngest that ever made a noise in the big leagues. The average of the players, outside of the pitchers, is twenty-two years.

## Clever as Outfielder.

Lee Magee is surprisingly clever as an outfielder. He has good judgment, runs like a peevish wolf and clutches them tight when he reaches them.

## DICK EGAN



Clever Little Infielder Who Has Been a Tower of Strength for Hank O'Day's Team This Season.

## Unconscious Deceit.

"Bliggins says he enjoys working." "Yes," replied the suspicious person; "he's one of those people who would rather sit down and talk by the hour about how they enjoy working than work."



By IRWIN M. HOWE, Official Statistician of the American League

## HERMAN LONG'S FAMOUS SHORTSTOPPING

PENILESS and friendless, Herman Long, one of the greatest infielders who ever drew on a glove, and probably as great a shortstop as ever lived, passed from life to the great beyond in Colorado in 1909, whither he had wandered in search of health. The wonderful player who made untold thousands cheer him to the echo in the heyday of his glory, died a pauper, forgotten by the throngs who had marveled at his feats of skill and daring.

To this great player and to one of his pennant winning plays, among the greatest of his career, this article is dedicated. That mention of his fate will hasten steps toward provision for the old ball player in need of aid is the wish of the writer.

Nothing approaching the race for the flag in the National league had been recorded for years previous to the thrilling battle of 1897. The Boston and Baltimore clubs, the greatest of that time, came down the stretch neck and neck in a race that aroused fandom to a high stage of enthusiasm.

As the season waned Baltimore's Famous Orioles, composed of such celebrities as Jennings, McGraw and Keeler, squared off with the Boston club in a finish that had all the marks of a series for the world's championship.

With only a small margin separating the combatants, the Boston club, led by Captain Hugh Duffy, rattled into Baltimore September 24, for a series which would settle the race for the flag. Before a record crowd for that day, Joe Corbet pitching for the Orioles was pitted against Kid Nichols of the Boston.

Bergen's double and singles by Long and Lowe had sent the visitors in the lead in the fifth inning. Oriole fans started cheering in the eighth when the bases became fully populated, with two out. The cheering increased in volume when Stenzel came up in the pinch and drove a wicked line smash between third and short that looked the part of a three bagger.

That ball looked too high for any human being on the infield to handle. It was high and fast, and on a line, and the vast crowd arose with a mighty cheer, prepared to celebrate a victory.

Herman Long started at the crack of the bat, ran back into the field full speed, and half turning, jumped into the air, catching the ball with one hand, completing a brilliant stop as could be imagined. A hush followed, and the fans, realizing the near miracle that had been performed, broke into unstinted applause in recognition of its merits. That great play checked a rally that would have proved disastrous to Boston and might have robbed them of the pennant.

When Long dashed out, intercepted a hard hit liner in the ninth, knocked down the ball and fielded it to Lowe at second, completing a double play, again saving the day for Boston since there was only one man out and two players on, the Baltimore fans again paid tribute to the wonderful feats of Boston's shortstopper. A wave of applause swept over the crowd as spontaneous and prolonged as though a popular Oriole had been the hero of these plays.

Long's brilliant feats that day turned back the attack, when Hanlon's sluggers threatened to overwhelm Boston, electrified the fans by their audacity and monumental daring, and probably saved a pennant for Boston.

(Copyright, 1912, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

## Hard Hitting Pitchers.

Pitchers are hitting unusually well in the National league this year. No less than 12 are batting .250 or better. They are Crandall, Donnelly, Yingling, Wiltse, Schultz, Tyler, Barger, Hendrix, Mathewson, Harmon, Ames and Marquard.

## Jinx Has Highlanders.

The Jinx never lets up on the Highlanders. Just about the time Chase begins to show his old form he gets hit with a bat and is put out of the game again.

"Diamond Joe" Cigar 5c.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

ALCOHOL 3 PER CENT.

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomach and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dispensary

Powdered Sugar

Alice's Soda

Beefsteak Soda

Amber Soda

Ammoniac

Dr. Williams' Soda

Wheat Soda

Claret Soda

Whiskey Soda

A Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of

Chas. H. Hutchins

NEW YORK.

At 6 months old

35 Doses—35 CENTS

Guaranteed under the Food and Drug Act

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Hutchins

In Use For Over Thirty Years

## CASTORIA

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

THE CENTRAL COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.



# Roosevelt's Keynote Speech Delivered at Chicago Today

## Strenuous Leader Sets Forth Principles of the National Progressives

### "OLD PARTIES MERELY HUSKS"

Argues For Right of People to Rule; Stands For Regulation of Courts and Constructive Control of Trusts; Tackles the Tariff, High Cost of Living, Currency and Conservation.

Mr. Roosevelt's speech strikes a keynote for his followers and supporters in the new party. It lays down the plan of battle to be waged by the National Progressive party. He discusses those principles under twelve subdivisions—namely, the helplessness of the old parties, the right of the people to rule, the courts and the people, constructive control of the trusts, rights of the wage-worker, the farmer, the tariff, the high cost of living, currency, conservation, Alaska and international affairs. "The two old parties," he said, "are husks, with no real soul within either, divided on artificial lines, boss ridden and privilege controlled, each a jumble of incongruous elements and neither daring to speak out wisely and fearlessly what should be said on the vital issues of the day." As opposed to this ingratitude and insincerity of action he asserted that the National Progressive platform will be "a contract with the people," with definite and concrete provision to be carried out if the people ratify the contract on election day as exactly and honestly "as if it were actually enforceable under the law."

**No Help From the Old Party Machines.** Neither the Republican nor the Democratic platforms or managers show any adequate recognition of the mighty act that we are now in the midst of, a great economic evolution. "This irresistible movement for economic change and improvement must be guided by common sense and the highest ethical standards" in order to prevent reasonable evolution from becoming dangerous revolution. The Democratic party, as is indicated by its present record in congress, lacks the common use and the Republican party, by its record of stolen delegates at the Chicago convention, lacks the ethical standards.

"The men who presided over the Chicago and Baltimore conventions and the great bosses who controlled the conventions—Mr. Root and Mr. Barker, Mr. Barnes and Mr. Murphy, Mr. Penrose and Mr. Taggart, Mr. Ugeheim and Mr. Sullivan—differ on one another, of course, on certain points, but these are the differences which one corporation lawyer is with another corporation lawyer when acting for different corporations. They come together at once as against common enemy when the dominion of both is threatened by the supremacy of the people of the United States. "If this country is really to go forward along a path of social and economic justice there must be a new party of nation wide and nonsectarian principles, a party where the titular chiefs and the real state leaders shall be in genuine accord, a party whose councils the people shall be prime, a party that shall represent

#### NOTICE OF BIDS.

Sealed bids will be received by H. J. Smith for the erection of the I. O. F. Hall, Milledgeville, Ohio, till noon, August 14, 1912. Plans may be seen at the Bank in Milledgeville or at the office of W. A. Sanders, architect, Washington C. H., Ohio. 5-13.

## THE OLD RELIABLE

### STILL IN THE LEAD

Fancy home-grown tomatoes, 1c per pound. Sweet, tender corn, 15c per dozen. Jersey sweet potatoes, 5c per pound, fancy cabbage, sound sh potatoes, cucumbers, two for 1c. peaches, oranges, bananas, apples, best smoked bacon in town.

The Old Reliable Cash Grocers.

Both phones No. 77.

J. W. DUFFEE & CO.

## We Wash Thoroughly

The secret of good laundering lies, first of all, in the washing. Insufficient, hastily done washing, will show through every process. Gray streaks, yellow edges, specks and spots mark the work of the careless laundry. Our washing department is subject to our most careful, constant supervision. We make sure the work is right.

## Rothrock's Laundry.

216 E. Court St. Both Phones.

WE USE SOFT WATER

ties of the distribution of prosperity. "omitting all consideration of having something to distribute, and advocates action which, it is true, would abolish most of the inequalities of the distribution of prosperity, by only the unfortunately simple process of abolishing the prosperity itself." The tendency of those now in control of the Republican party is to give special privileges to "big business" and to correct the evil of such a course when they become crying by sporadic lawsuits under the anti-trust law. The tendency of the Democrats, judged both by their record in congress and by the Democratic platform, is to abolish all business of any size or efficiency, on the ground that all bigness is badness and littleness and weakness a sign of virtue. "What is needed is action directly the reverse of that thus confusedly indicated."

There should be applied to all industrial concerns engaged in interstate commerce in which there is either monopoly or control of the market the principles already adopted "in regulating transportation concerns engaged in such commerce. The anti-trust law should be kept on the statute book to be invoked against every big concern tending to monopoly or guilty of anti-social practices. At the same time a national industrial commission should be created which should have complete power to regulate and control all the great industrial concerns engaged in interstate business—which practically means all of them in this country. This commission should exercise over these industrial concerns like powers to those exercised over the railways by the interstate commerce commission and over the national banks by the comptroller of the currency and additional powers if found necessary. The commission "should have free access to the books of each corporation and power to find out exactly how it treats its employees, its rivals and the general public. "Any corporation voluntarily coming under the commission should not be prosecuted under the anti-trust law as long as it obeys in good faith the orders of the commission. The commission would be able to interpret in advance to any honest man asking the interpretation what he may do and what he may not do in carrying on a legitimate business." When corporations not submitting themselves to the regulations of the commission or clearly evading or violating its orders are prosecuted under the anti-trust law and convicted, the commission should have the duty of seeing "that the decree of the court is put into effect completely." Only in this way can there be avoided "such gross scandals as those attendant upon the present administration's prosecution of the Standard Oil and the tobacco trusts," a prosecution which has merely resulted in increased prices to the public, injury to the small competitor and actual financial benefit to the trusts themselves.

"The Progressive proposal is definite, it is practicable. We promise nothing that we cannot carry out, we promise nothing which will jeopardize honest business. "Our proposal is to help honest business activity, however extensive, and to see that it is rewarded with fair return, so that there may be no oppression either of business men or the common people. We propose to make it worth while for our business men to develop the most efficient business agencies for use in international trade, for it is to the interest of our whole people that we should do well in international business. But we propose to make those business agencies do complete justice to our own people. Where these concerns deal with the necessities of life the commission should not shrink, if the necessity is proved, from going to the extent of exercising regulatory control over the conditions that create or determine monopoly prices.

"It is imperative to the welfare of our people that we enlarge and extend our foreign commerce. We are pre-eminently fitted to do this because as a people we have developed high skill in the art of manufacturing, our business men are strong executives, strong organizers. In every way possible our federal government should co-operate in this important matter. Any one who has had opportunity to study and observe first hand Germany's course in this respect must realize that their policy of co-operation between government and business has in comparative few years made them a leading competitor for the commerce of the world. It should be remembered that they are doing this on a national scale and with large units of business, while the Democrats would have us believe that we should do it with small units of business, which would be controlled not by the national government, but by forty-eight conflicting state sovereignties. Such a policy is utterly out of keeping with the progress of the times and gives our great commercial rivals in Europe—hungry for international markets—golden opportunities of which they are rapidly taking advantage."

Social and Industrial Justice to the Wagerworkers.

Referring to the opening sentence of his address, namely, "that we are now in the midst of a great economic revolution," Mr. Roosevelt presented an advanced and comprehensive plan to insure the rights and better conditions for labor. He gives it the paramount

(Continued on Page Eight.)

## PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

The week promises to be a very gay one among the embryo buds in honor of the guests at a house party which Miss Urcell Porter is entertaining and several other visiting girls.

Miss Dorothy Fullerton gives a Kensington Wednesday morning; Miss Constance Ballard entertains the Tan Mu Tan society Wednesday night; Miss Lillian Davis and Miss Porter are entertaining Thursday and Miss Helen Harper Friday night.

There are hardly enough days in the week for the gayeties planned.

Miss Helen Willis spent the past two days in Columbus.

Mrs. Joe Speakman attended the chautauqua at Clarksburg over Sunday.

Mr. Lou S. Hall is among the summer guests at the "Chalfonte" in Atlantic City, N. J.

Miss Lillian Davis will have as her guest this week, Miss Mary Austin, of Wilmington.

Mrs. Gilla Turner and Mrs. James Runyan, of Sabina, were guests of Mrs. H. M. Kingsbury today.

Miss Doris Knight arrived from Columbus this evening to be the guest of Miss Dorothy Fullerton.

Miss Florence Loofborow returned today from a two weeks' visit with Miss Bessie Loofborow in Columbus.

M. M. Fisher, of Mishawaka, Ind., has joined his wife at the home of Mrs. Maria M. Adams, for a week's visit.

Mrs. Harley Fletcher and children of Hamilton are guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas McKitterick.

Mrs. Margaret Coffman arrived from Columbus today to visit her daughters, Mrs. L. P. Howell and Mrs. Rell Allen.

Mrs. Augusta, who was over from Dayton visiting her mother, Mrs. Nolan, on N. Main street, returned to her home yesterday.

## Flies find their Food in Filth



### Daisy Fly Killer

3x6 flat tin box, lithographed cover, wool mats, absorb poison and kill flies; will not upset; lasts all summer. Full directions.

15c each

### Ideal Fly Killer

Lithographed flat tin box, felt wicks absorb poison and kill flies; will not leak, cannot upset.

10c each

### HODG FLY TRAP

Double Cone, twilled brass wire, lacquered heavy frame hanging ring and hook, detachable bottom frame for standing in barrel. Will last a lifetime.

25c each

### Peerless Fly Swatter

6x4 inch wire, "Cant-comeoff" handle, effective, strong, durable; no raw edges to unravel; will not crush flies or soil wall.

5c each

## And Wipe Their Feet on Your Food



## BARNETT'S GROCERY

3 Phones--32, 32, 33

Miss Nodie Madora has returned to her home in Cleveland after a week's visit with her cousin, Marie Madora, of Briar avenue.

Mrs. R. E. Vincent returned to her home in Washington D. C., today after a two months visit with her sister, Mrs. Fred Sprenger.

Mrs. Harve Wilson and daughter, Katherine, of Cleveland, are visiting Mrs. Wilson's father-in-law, Mr. S. O. Wilson, and former Washington friends.

Miss Lou Dunlap left Monday for New York and Cleveland, where she will spend several weeks attending wholesale millinery openings and visiting friends.

Mr. Fred West left this morning for Landis, Saskatchewan, Canada, where he owns a thousand acres of land. Mr. West will remain through the wheat harvest.

Announcement has been received of the birth of a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Phil Coons, now of Kenton, O. Mr. Coons was clerk at the Cherry Hotel for some two years.

Mr. Fred B. Creamer left this morning for his recently purchased ranch near San Antonio, Texas. Mrs. Creamer goes to her home in Hillsboro tomorrow to visit during his absence.

Miss Bessie Glenn, of Jackson, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. R. Kibler since Saturday, left this morning for San Francisco, Cal., where she expects to make her future home.

Miss Urcell Porter will entertain a house party this week, her guests Miss Reppa Furry of Springfield, Miss Andana Gallimore of Wilmington, Misses Mary Lutz and Arline Beale, of Mt. Sterling.

Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Henkle, of St. Paul, Minn., are guests at the home of Mr. A. C. Henkle for the week and will also visit Mrs. Henkle's other relatives here. They are enroute from a visit in Wheeling, W. Va.

Miss Dorothy Rogers accompanies Arthur Blackburn, of Shelbyville, Ind., who has been visiting his aunt, Mrs. W. B. Rogers, to Cincinnati tomorrow. The little boy's father meets him there and accompanies him home.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Schmid are moving into their new home on Ogle street. Their new house is exceedingly pretty and distinctive in style—frame, with stucco upper story and dormer and shingle porch. It is completely equipped with all modern conveniences.

Dr. and Mrs. Thomas Braden, Mr. Raymond Rector and daughter, Katharine, arrived last evening from Chicago, Ill., and were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Snyder until this afternoon when Mr. and Mrs. Snyder drove them in their car to Good Hope to be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Branden and Mr. and Mrs. Harve Smalley.

Mrs. Emmitt McLean came up from Bainbridge yesterday to join his brother, Mr. Lewis McLean, who came over from Magnetic Springs for the day. Early next month Mr. McLean and wife expect to move from their Bainbridge farm to the farm of the former's brother, the late Orville McLean, at Magnetic Springs where they will make their future home.

Water in blueing is adulteration. Glass and water make liquid blue costly. Buy Red Cross Ball Blue, makes clothes whiter than snow.

## Thanouser and Solax Tonight

# 5c THE PALACE 5c

## Nursie and The Knight

A Juvenile Surprise Film enacted by two score child players, whose performance is most remarkable. A new kidd of "kid pictures." The Thanouser Kid as the Knight.

## Slippery Jim

He is a criminal. At the same time he married a good girl. When she accidentally learns of her husband's underworld career she informs the police, believing he would be reformed if punished by a term of imprisonment.

COMING THURSDAY, AUG. 8

The Magnificent Production of

"Rip VanWinkle." 2 big reels. 5c

## Falls Headlong Down Stairway

Miss Nan Montgomery of this city had a narrow escape from serious injury or death Monday night at the home of C. A. Kelley east of town, when she arose in her sleep and in wandering about fell headlong down a steep stairway, escaping with a few severe bruises.

Miss Montgomery was visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Kelley, and arising from her sleep was walking about, making a mis-step and plunging down-stairs, alighting in a heap in the room below, where she was found laughing over the mishap. The stairway contains 12 steps.

## Platform Lights For C. H. & D.

The B. & O. railroad has made arrangements to install two large incandescent lights on the C. H. & D. platform at the Union Station.

The lights will be identical to those on the B. & O. platform, and will be located between the C. H. & D. and the D. T. & I. tracks, and will fill a long demand for illumination at that point, where darkness has always shrouded the incoming trains after night-fall, and many bad accidents have been narrowly averted.

### ENGAGEMENT ANNOUNCED.

The engagement of Miss Bessie Oddra Tway, daughter of Mrs. Mary C. Tway of Paint township, to Mr. James Stanley Little, a highly respected young farmer of the same township, has just been announced. The wedding will take place in the late autumn.

### THE TRIALS OF A TRAVELER.

"I am a traveling salesman" writes E. E. Youngs, E. Berkshire, Vt., "and was often troubled with constipation and indigestion till I began to use Dr. King's New Life Pills, which I have found an excellent remedy." For all stomach, liver or kidney troubles they are unequalled. Only 25 cents at Blackmer and Tanquary.

### PYTHIAN SISTERS.

Regular meeting of Washington Temple, No. 380, Tuesday evening, August 6th at 7:30 o'clock.

Florence E. Wilson, M. E. C. Ida C. Gillespie, M. of R. & C.

### M. W. OF A.

Regular meeting Fayette Camp, M. W. of A. Thursday evening at 7:30.

J. N. McFADDEN, Clerk. E. M. MOORE, Council.

### J. O. U. A. M. NOTICE.

All members of the order are requested to meet at the J. O. U. A. M. Hall tomorrow at one o'clock and attend the funeral of Brother Clyde Larimer.

Use the Classified column.

## Teachers' Examination

Notice is hereby given that the second examination for teachers of the city schools will be held Saturday, August 10, 1912, at the Cherry Hill school building, beginning at 8:30 a. m.

By order of the Board of Examiners.

184-6t R. H. HARROP, Clerk



## Roosevelt's Keynote Speech Delivered at Chicago Today

(Continued from page five)

place in his speech. "The first charge upon the industrial statesmanship of the day," he said, "is to prevent human waste. The dead weight of orphanage and depleted craftsmanship, of crippled workers and workers suffering from trade diseases, of casual labor, of insecure old age and of household depletion due to industrial conditions are, like our depleted soils, our gashed mountain sides and flooded river bottoms, so many strains upon the national structure, draining the reserve strength of all industries and showing beyond all peradventure the public element and public concern in industrial health." He proposed several specific methods for preserving and improving "our human resources, and therefore our labor power." Wage scales and other labor data should be made public; all deaths, injuries and diseases due to industrial operation should be reported to the authorities; wage commissions should be established in the nation and state to determine the minimum wage scale in different industries; the federal government should investigate all industries with a view to establishing standards of sanitation and safety; there should be mine and factory inspection according to standards fixed by interstate agreement or by the federal government; national and state legislation should establish standards of compensation for industrial accidents and deaths and for diseases clearly due to industrial conditions; for the adoption by law of a fair standard of compensation for casualties resulting fatally which shall clearly fix the minimum compensation in all cases; the monetary equivalent of a living wage varies according to local conditions, but should be sufficiently high to make morality possible and to provide for education, recreation, proper care of the children, maintenance during sickness and reasonable saving for old age; excessive hours of labor should be prohibited for all wage workers, and night labor of women and children should be forbidden; one day of rest in seven should be provided by law; continuous twenty-four hour labor should be divided into three shifts of eight hours by law; tenement house manufacture should be entirely prohibited, and labor camps should be subject to governmental sanitary regulation; all industries employing women and children should be specially subject to government inspection and regulation; insurance funds against sickness, accident, invalidism and old age should be established by a charge either in whole or in part upon the industries; the suffrage should be granted to women if for no other reason to enable working women to combine for their own protection by the use of the ballot. "As a people we cannot afford to let any group of citizens or any individual citizen labor under conditions which are injurious to the common welfare. Industry, therefore, must submit to such public regulation as will make it a means of life and health, not of death or inefficiency."

**The Farmer.**  
"The country life commission should be revived with greatly increased power; its abandonment was a severe blow to our people. The welfare of the farmer is a basic need of this nation." The country school should be brought in touch with country life. For this reason the Progressives approve of government co-operation with the farmer to make the farm more productive. Co-operative associations of farmers both for the production and the selling of agricultural products should be encouraged. "So long as the farmer leaves co-operative activities with their profit sharing to the city men of business, so long will the foundations of wealth be undermined and the comforts of enlightenment be impossible in the country communities."

"In every respect this nation has to learn the lessons of efficiency in production and distribution and of avoidance of waste and destruction. We must develop and improve instead of exhausting our resources. It is entirely possible by improvements in production, in the avoidance of waste and in business methods on the part of the farmer to give him an increased income from his farm, while at the same time reducing to the consumer the price of the articles raised on the farm. Important although education is everywhere, it has a special importance in the country. The country school must fit the country life. In the country, as elsewhere, education must be hitched up with life. The country church and the country Young Men's and Young Women's Christian associations have great parts to play. The farmers must own and work their own land. Steps must be taken at once to put a stop to the tendency toward absentee landlordism and tenant farming."

**The Tariff.**  
On the tariff he says: "I believe in a protective tariff, but I believe in it as a principle approached from a standpoint of the interests of the whole people, and not as a bundle of preferences to be given favorite individuals." He believes the American people favor the principle of a protective tariff, but are in rebellion against the wrongdoing and unjust application of that policy and the abuses in past legislation. "It is not merely the tariff that should be revised, but the method of tariff making and of tariff administration." "The first step should be the creation of a permanent commission of nonpartisan experts" of "ample powers" to secure "exact and reliable information." "The present tariff board is entirely inadequate in point of powers reposed in it

and scope of work undertaken." "The tariff commission in Germany affords a splendid model. This commission must scientifically determine 'the difference in the cost of production here and abroad,' the effect on 'prices to the consumer,' insure full justice to the pay envelope of the wage earner. The commission must not attempt to encroach on the tariff making power of congress. It shall report with full publicity and promptly. The tariff shall be revised annually, by schedule to avoid the 'staggering blows to business' incident to former general revisions. The effect will be to wipe out the 'log-rolling and vote trading' secured by special interests in the past. 'Only by this means can tariff be taken out of politics.' "The substitution of a tariff for revenue only, as proposed by the Democratic platform, would plunge this country into the most widespread industrial depression we have ever seen." The revision shall be downward and not upward and secure a square deal not merely to the manufacturer, but to the wage worker and to the general consumer."

**The High Cost of Living.**  
"The cost of living," says Mr. Roosevelt, "has risen during the last few years out of all proportion to the increase of most salaries and wages." What is first necessary is "fearless, intelligent and searching inquiry into the whole subject, made absolutely by a nonpartisan body of experts with no prejudice to warp their mind, no private object to serve, who shall recommend any necessary remedy heedless of what interest may be hurt thereby and caring only for the interests of the people as a whole." The Republicans promise such an inquiry, but their rank dishonesty of action at the Chicago convention "makes their every promise worthless." It is hopeless to turn to the Democratic party for relief, because first the Democratic party "affects to find the entire high cost of living in the tariff," ignoring the patent fact that the problem is world wide, equally pressing in free trade England and in highly protected Germany. Moreover, if the Democrats are sincere they must take all duties off the products of the farmer, and we "certainly cannot afford to have the farmer struck down." Various elements, economic, political and social, are pointed out by Mr. Roosevelt as contributing to the high cost of living. But effective legislation regarding it can only be framed on a comprehensive scale after a thorough, scientific and prompt inquiry.

"There is no more curious delusion than that the Democratic platform is a progressive platform. The Democratic platform, representing the best thought of the acknowledged Democratic leaders at Baltimore, is purely retrogressive and reactionary. There is no progress in it. It represents an effort to go back—to put this nation of 100,000,000, existing under modern conditions, back to where it was as a nation of 25,000,000 in the days of the stagecoach and canalboat. Such an attitude is toryism, not progressivism."

**The Currency.**  
Mr. Roosevelt declares that our present bank currency based on government bonds is unscientific and urges the adoption of a system which shall provide "elasticity in the credit and currency necessary for the conduct of business, free from recurring panics." The control of such a system should be in the hands of the government and must be free from "manipulation by Wall street or the large interests."

**Conservation.**  
Under this head Mr. Roosevelt reaffirms his well known policy on the conservation and reclamation of national resources. We must conserve our soil, our forests, our mines, not only for our own benefit, but for the benefit of our children and descendants. "The public should not alienate its fee in the water power which will be of incalculable value as a source of power in the immediate future" and "we should undertake the complete development and control of the Mississippi as a national work, just as we have undertaken the work of building the Panama canal."

**Alaska.**  
"In Alaska the government has an opportunity of starting in what is almost a fresh field to work out various problems by actual experiment." It should at once construct, own and operate all the railways in Alaska. It should keep the fee of all coal fields and allow them to be operated by lease with the condition in the lease that non-use shall operate as a forfeit. A system of land taxation should be tried which promotes the actual use of land and discourages the holding of land for speculation. The telegraph lines should be owned and operated by the government."

**International Affairs.**  
"In international affairs this country should behave toward other nations exactly as an honorable private citizen behaves toward other private citizens." Our small army should have efficiency; the navy must be steadily built up until "it proves possible to secure by international agreement a general reduction of armaments;" the Panama canal must be fortified. Panama canal tolls on deep water commerce should be uniform to all nations, including ourselves. American coastwise vessels should pass through the canal free, for this would be no discrimination against foreign nations and would give us reasonable competition with transcontinental railways. No foreign treaty should be entered into which we do not mean to scrupulously observe in every particular."

**Conclusion.**  
In summing up the specific policies expounded in his address Mr. Roosevelt spoke as follows:  
"Now, friends, this is my confession of faith. I have made it rather long because I wish you to know just what

my deepest convictions are on the great questions of today, so that if you choose to make me your standard bearer in the fight you shall make your choice understanding exactly how I feel—and if, after hearing me, you think you ought to choose some one else I shall loyally abide by your choice. The convictions to which I have come have not been arrived at as the result of study in the closet or the library, but from the knowledge I have gained through hard experience during the many years in which, under many and varied conditions, I have striven and toiled with men. I believe in a larger use of the governmental power to help remedy industrial wrongs because it has been borne in on me by actual experience that without the exercise of such power many of the wrongs will go unremedied. I believe in a larger opportunity for the people themselves directly to participate in government and to control their governmental agents, because long experience has taught me that without such control many of their agents will represent them badly. By actual experience in office I have found that, as a rule, I could secure the triumph of the causes in which I most believed, not from the politicians and the men who claim an exceptional right to speak in business and government, but by going over their heads and appealing directly to the people themselves."

"I am not under the slightest delusion as to any power that during my political career I have at any time possessed. Whatever of power I at any time had I obtained from the people. I could exercise it only so long as and to the extent that the people not merely believed in me, but heartily backed me up. Whatever I did as president I was able to do only because I had the backing of the people. When on any point I did not have that backing, when on any point I differed from the people, it mattered not whether I was right or whether I was wrong, my power vanished. I tried my best to lead the people, to advise them, to tell them what I thought was right; if necessary I never hesitated to tell them what I thought they ought to hear, even though it would be unpleasant for them to hear it, but I recognized that my task was to try to lead them and not to drive them, to take them into my confidence, to try to show them that I was right and then loyally and in good faith to accept their decision. I will do anything for the people except what my conscience tells me is wrong, and that I can do for no man and no set of men. I hold that a man cannot serve the people well unless he serves his conscience, but I hold also that where his conscience bids him refuse to do what the people desire he should not try to continue in office against their will. Our government system should be so shaped that the public servant, when he cannot conscientiously carry out the wishes of the people, shall at their desire leave his office and not misrepresent them in office, and I hold that the public servant can do so doing better than in any other way serve both them and his conscience."

"Surely there never was a fight better worth making than the one in which we are engaged. It little matters what befalls any one of us who for the time being stands in the forefront of the battle. I hope we shall win, and I believe that if we can wake the people to what the fight really means we shall win. But, win or lose, we shall not falter. Whatever fate may at the moment overtake any of us, the movement itself will not stop. Our cause is based on the eternal principles of righteousness, and even though we who now lead may for the time fall in the end the cause itself shall triumph. Six weeks ago, here in Chicago, I spoke to the honest representatives of a convention which was not dominated by honest men, a convention wherein sat, alas, a majority of men who, with sneering indifference to every principle of right, so acted as to bring to a shameful end a party which had been founded over half a century ago by men in whose souls burned the fire of lofty endeavor. Now to you men who in your turn have come together to spend and be spent in the endless crusade against wrong, to you who face the future resolute and confident, to you who strive in a spirit of brotherhood for the betterment of our nation, to you who gird yourselves for this great new fight in the never ending warfare for the good of humankind, I say in closing what in that speech I said in closing: We stand at Armageddon, and we battle for the Lord."

### HAVE YOU A BABY?

Every woman knows how imperatively necessary it is that baby's things should be absolutely and perfectly clean. She knows the trouble she has with common yellow soaps that leave the dirt in and often make the little garments harsh and irritating to baby's skin. Easy Task soap—you can get it of your grocer—is the quickest and safest cleanser made; it is antiseptic—and it reduces the work of washing by half.

Don't buy water for blueing. Liquid blue is almost all water. Buy Red Cross Ball Blue, the blue that's all blue.

**ELGIN  
WATCHES  
\$5.65  
HETTY, Jeweler**

## Patrolman Robert Cogswell Suspended From Force By Order of Chief McCoy

Charges Filed by L. W. Overly,  
Charging Offense to Have Been  
Committed Last March.

### ACCUSED OFFICER DENIES ALL

Final Hearing to Be Held Before  
the Safety Director, to Whom  
Whole Case Has Been Re-  
ferred, Within the Next Few  
Days.

About two weeks ago written charges which if true would work the removal of Patrolman Robert Cogswell from the city police force, were filed with Mayor Smith by L. W. Overly.

The offense charged in the complaint of Overly was alleged to have been committed by Patrolman Cogswell last March. The matter was investigated, as to the method of procedure in such cases and it was determined after a few days that the wrong course had been pursued by the complainant and the written charges were returned to him.

Subsequently Overly reframed the complaint and refilled it with the Mayor and after considering the matter for more than a week, action was finally determined upon Monday afternoon and acting under the law Chief of Police F. M. McCoy suspended the accused patrolman and the complaint together with the proceedings taken thereunder were certified to the Director of Public Safety, Hon. J. M. Willis, for investigation and final action.

The law lodges the final jurisdiction in such cases as this with the Safety Director and it is now up to the patrolman's accusers to substantiate their charges by proof, in which case Cogswell will be dismissed. Failing to prove the truth of the charges the order of suspension made by the chief will be lifted and Cogswell will be reinstated as a member of the police force.

The charges are sensational and while rumor has been persistent for

two weeks that something was doing in police circles, the details were not given to the public until the order of suspension verified the gossip which has been going the rounds.

The accused patrolman enters an emphatic denial of any wrong conduct and intimates that a "frame up" with him as the scape goat on account of his activity against certain violators of the law is the real motive and asserts confidently that he will have no trouble in establishing his innocence on the trial before the Safety Director.

The trial must be held under the law within five days from the date of suspension and interesting developments pertaining to the police department are not among the impossibilities.

Cogswell asserts his intention of fighting the matter to the bitter end.

So far as the general public has been familiar with the services of Cogswell he has made a good officer and the rumors of charges when first filed caused considerable of sensation.

Use the Classified column.

The Mallow-Briggs reunion will be held in the church yard at Austin Saturday, August 10. All come prepared for a good time.

Secretary.

Ask for Diamond Joe Cigar, 5c.

**Shion Collars**  
Fresh Shipment of Films  
JUST RECEIVED

Fresh Films Always  
When you buy here you get the benefit of our years of photographic experience. We can and will help you to act better pictures. This service is yours gratis.

**DELBERT C. HAYS**  
Everything in Photo Supplies  
Court and Main Sts. UP STAIRS

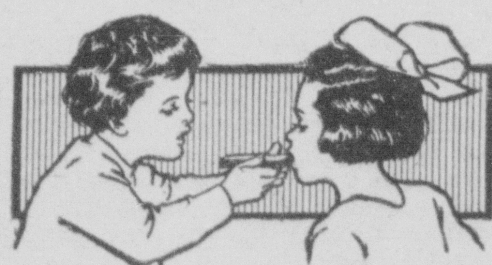
## PARRETT'S GROCERY

"The Yellow Front"

THE HOME OF QUALITY FOR 25 YEARS

For Children's Party Imported Olive Oil

Delicious Peanut Butter  
Sandwiches



**Beech-Nut  
Peanut Butter**

Little boys and girls just love Beech-Nut Peanut Butter. We sell in three size jars 10c, 15c and 25c. It's as healthful as it is good to eat.

made from finest grade of select ripe Olives by Rae & Co., Leghorn, Italy. It has the fine natural flavor, the perfection of Olive Oil. Absolutely guaranteed.

Especially Recommended for Medicinal use.

\$1.00 per quart

We carry the highest grade of Oolong Tea; produces a rich; satisfying flavor. A better tea cannot be had for Iced Tea, regardless of price. 25c per 1/4 pound

Best Eastern Shore Sweet Potatoes; cook mealy and dry. 5c per pound.

Fancy home grown Tomatoes 5c lb., 3 pounds 10c  
Elberta Peaches will be higher this week. Let us quote you prices on bushel lots.

Kelso Plums 10c quart, 3 quarts for 25c.

Kentucky Wonder Beans 4c a pound.

Fancy Fry Chickens.

Home grown Sugar Corn.

## CLASSIFIED

### RATES PER WORD.

1 time in Daily Herald . . . . . 1c  
1st in Herald & 1st in Register . . . 3c  
2nd in Herald & 2nd in Register . . . 4c  
3rd in Herald & 3rd in Register . . . 6c  
4th in Herald & 4th in Register . . . 8c  
5th in Herald & 5th in Register . . . 10c  
Proportionate rates for longer time.  
Minimum charges: 1t 15c; 6t 30c.

### WANTED.

Wanted—Girl for house work. Mrs. Emma Short, 224 N. North St. 186-t6

WANTED—Home for girl 18 years old in good home. Call Bell 89, or address Box 514, city. 185-t6

Wanted—A cook. Apply to Mrs. Alex. S. Ballard, 150 Clinton avenue. 185-t1.

WANTED—On a good paying proposition, a local agent, address L. B. Hays, 102 W. Columbia St., Springfield, Ohio. 184-t6

WANTED—Experienced maker and sales lady for fall and winter season. Mrs. Anna Morgan. 183-t6

WANTED—Quitting and plain sewing. Laura DeWees, South Main street.

WANTED—Girls wanted at Rothrock's Laundry. 180-t6

### FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—7 room house with well, cistern and out buildings. Inquire at 181 Leesburg avenue. 186-t6

FOR RENT—Furnished room with board. 225 W. Market St. 186-t6

FOR RENT—Four-room cottage at 401 East Paint street. Mrs. Stoddard. 185-t12.

FOR RENT—House of 5 rooms modern conveniences. Corner McElwaine and Yeoman streets. Mrs. J. E. Green, Washington ave. 184-t6

FOR RENT—3 room house on Paint St., near Central School. Glenn M. Pine. 184-t6

FOR RENT—Four room house, good well, cistern, barn. East Paint street. Harley Blair. 181-t6

FOR RENT—6-room house on Sycamore street. Address Chas. Knipe, Circle Ave., call Citizens telephone 1657. 176-tf.

### FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Gas stove, good as new. Telephone Citizens 2514. 186-t1

FOR SALE—Davenport and baby carriage. Mrs. C. D. Link, Phone 3470. 185-t6

FOR SALE—I have 10 choice lots 50 by 170 ft., facing Oak Street for sale cheap, also 1 six room dwelling, new, with bathroom, basement, furnace, city water. Lot 70X140 ft., corner of Oak and Hinde streets. M. S. Tracey. 181-t12.

FOR SALE—We do plumbing right, use materials that are right, charge prices that are right and guarantee satisfaction. Could you ask for more? Call the Wright Plumbing Co., East Court street, both phones. 181-tf.

FOR SALE—Oliver Typewriter in first class condition. A bargain. See H. R. Rodecker. 181-tf

FOR SALE—Plumbing material at better prices than ever before. E. T. Evans & Co. Citiz. 1128; Bell 86R. 132-tf

FOR SALE—One square piano 228 N. Fayette St. 82-tf

### LOST.

LOST—Gold signet ring. letter "L." Finder please return B. F. Leland's News Stand. 183-t6

LOST—On Greenfield pike near Washington, black leather hand bag containing purse with money and bank book of Mrs. Hilda Parrett. Finder return to Fayette County Bank. Reward. 184-t6.

LOST—An opal stick pin between Mrs. Jane Van Pel's on Market street and Girard's 10c store. Reward if returned to Anna Payner. It

### Book Don'ts.

Good books are treasures, and they should be handled with the greatest of care by everyone. Here are a few rules that should be observed:  
Never drop a book upon the floor.  
Never turn leaves with the thumb.  
Never lean or rest upon an open book.  
Never turn down the corners of leaves.  
Never touch a book with soiled or damp hands.  
Always place a large book upon a table before opening it.  
Never pull a book from the shelf by the binding at the top, but by the back.  
Never close a book with a pencil, tablet or anything else that is bulky between the leaves.



## COMING EVENTS

August 5-6-7-8 and 9—Annual session of the Fayette County Teachers' Association at the Y. M. C. A. building in this city.

August 6 to 9, inclusive—Green County Fair at Xenia.

August 7—Paullin Reunion at Urich Paullin grove, near Jamestown.

August 7—K. of P. picnic and Field Day in Rodgers' Grove near Bloomingburg.

August 8—Annual picnic and Field Day at Williamsport.

August 13, 14, 15, 16—Twelfth Annual Fayette County Fair. Better than every. Many new attractions.

August 29—Thomas reunion at South Solon.

August 29 to 23.—Madison County fair.

August 26 to 31—Ohio State fair and Ohio Centennial at Columbus.

September 3—Constitutional convention election.

All events of general interest to the public will be announced in this column free of charge if telephoned or mailed to The Herald.

## ALGERNON IN DISTRESS

### HAD HE GIVEN HIS OWN PILLS TO HIS SICK SISTER?

Apparent Mixup in "Madsuma's" Alarmed Him Exceedingly, for It Might Have Killed Her, and "Life Is Very Scarce."

"Good ebenin', sah, good ebenin'," responded Algernon to Mr. Topfloor's greeting, but his voice sounded distraught and Mr. Topfloor glancing at his troubled countenance, inquired:

"What's the matter, Algernon? Elevator on the blink?"

"No, sah, dat ain't it. I's mos' distress, an' I's mighty glad yo's come in, 'cos I wan' ast yo' advice 'bout a mos' serious mattah. I was to my doctah's dis afternoon to deport to him 'bout de condition ob my sister, an' w'ile I was dere, I t'ought I might's well git some medsum fo' mysef, too. So I ast him to gib me some pills, or a lotion or a tonic, or some'pin ob dat kin'. An' he say, 'Wot yo' wan' medsum fo', Algernon?' he say, an' I tol' him dat fo' de las' tree days I've been trouble wif a sort o' dizziness in my feet dat was mos' noyin', 'specially w'en I'm runnin' de elevator. So he say he gib me some'pin fo' dat, an' den he han' me a box pills fo' my sister an' a box pills fo' mysef. He didn't put no name on de boxes, but de one dat was my box, it had de leasas 'Bil brack speck on de side, so of cos' I know which it was. I lef' de medsum at my sister's do' an' didn't take notice dat I lef' her de wrong box 'till af'er I've been 'bout a hour. I's f'raid, Mistoh Topflo', dat my pills wouldn't be de kin' fo' her an' dat dey mebbe kill her ef she take 'nuff ob dem, an' I's jes' b'en mos' crazy 'bout it! Wot does yo' tink, Mistoh Topflo'—does yo' tink dat pills fo' dizziness in de feet would be baid fo' amonia ob de lungs?"

"I can't say, Algernon, but I think they might be," replied Mr. Topfloor; "you'd better go to your sister's house as quickly as you can and tell her not to take them."

"I can't leabe dis heah elevator at de presum' time, no how, dere's too much 'pendin' on me fo' dat. Yessah, I could ast de janitor to run it fo' me fo' a half hour or so. I nevah t'ought o' dat. Yessah, dat would be de va'y bes way. I know yo' 'vise me so I fin' some resolution ob de question. Yessah, I go right down to de janitor an' tell him de state ob de 'fair. Min' yo' step, sah, de elevator ain' square wif de flo'! Yessah, I come tell yo' de 'sult ob de vestigation, des' soon as I know mysef, 't'ank yo' sah," concluded Algernon as the elevator passed down the shaft out of sight.

An hour later Algernon appeared at the Topfloors' door and announced beamingly: "It's all right, sah. De jan-

itor he resented to run de elevator so me w'ile I went to 'vestigate 'bout de pills. It's a mighty queer t'ing, Mistoh Topflo'. My sister she hadn't took one ob dem pills ob mine. She say she has de queeres' ticklin' in de p'am of her raight han' dat tol' her de pills wasn't hers, an' dey couldn't git her to swaller one, no how. But de queeres' ob de whole cumstance am dat I foun' dat de box I lef' her was de raight box, af'er all! So de whole t'ing tu'n out fo' de bes'. But ef it had a-b'en dem pow'ful pills ob mine, I reckon she be daid now an' I'd a-b'en mighty sor'y, 'cos life is ve'y scarce, Mistoh Topflo'—very scarce."—New York Press.

## DRAW OUT POISON.

Marvelous Antiseptic that Draws Glass, Wood and Needles from the Flesh.

There never was known such a powerful drawing ointment as San Cura. Whenever it has been used it has created astonishment. It drew a needle out of the foot of the daughter of Mrs. James Hitchcock, of Centerville, Pa., after the doctor had used his lance and failed.

Nothing so healing or antiseptic can be purchased today. It possesses so much healing virtue that it is guaranteed by Brown's Drug Store to quickly cure any kind of piles, eczema, tettes, salt rheum, boils, carbuncles, ulcers, all kinds of chronic sores chilblains, and chapped hands, or money back.

It's a mighty handy remedy to have in the house in emergencies such as bruises, burns, cuts or scalds, because it kills the pain instantly. It's a medicine chest in itself—a little family physician that is ever in demand. 25c and 50c a jar at Brown's Drug Store.

## BEST SKIN SOAP.

Is San Cura Soap, because of its great antiseptic and healing virtues. Use it regularly, and it will make the skin soft and velvety; will remove pimples and blackheads. It's the real soap for babies' tender skin, which mothers of infants should remember. 25 cents a large cake at Brown's Drug Store.

Mail orders for San Cura Ointment and Soap filled by Thompson Medical Co., Titusville, Pa.

## Red Tape in Action.

An American, in visiting the London postoffice, observed that the newspaper box had a large mouth, and, with the curiosity of the average American tourist, he stood gazing into it. Suddenly a bale of newspapers struck him and he fell into the box.

His companions hurried to the counters to rescue him, but owing to the red tape of the English postoffice the clerks disregarded their appeals. The American was in the mail box and would have to be treated as a mail matter. They therefore stamped him and threw him into a compartment containing provincial newspapers.

The unfortunate man's friends thereupon went to the chief, who listened phlegmatically to their story, then asked if their friend was addressed. On being informed that he was not, the chief said:

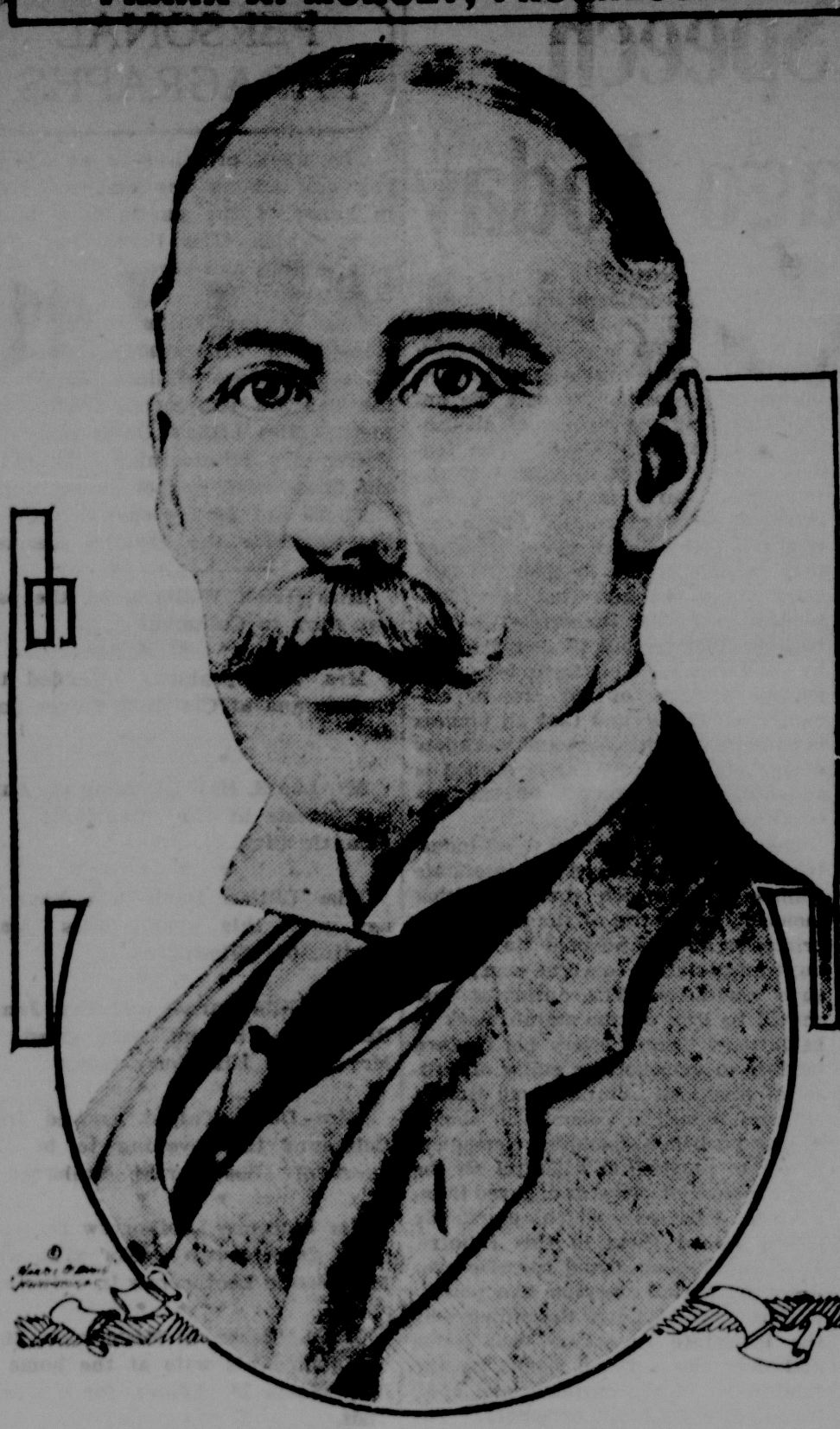
"The matter is simple. The man will remain for six months in the bureau. At the end of that time, if no one applies for him, he will be burnt as a dead letter."

## Pantheon and Parthenon.

The Parthenon, or what is left of it, stands upon the Acropolis of Athens. This most famous building on earth was erected under the administration of Pericles about B. C. 442. Its present ruinous condition was caused by the explosion of a bomb during the war between the Venetians and Turks in 1687. The Pantheon, at Rome, was built by Agrippa in B. C. 27, and, unlike the more beautiful temple at Athens, is still in a fair state of preservation. The Pantheon is, of course, well worth seeing, both for its own sake and on account of its historic interest; but it does not hold the fame belonging to the incomparable building on the Athenian Acropolis.

Use the Classified column.

## FRANK A. MUNSEY, PROGRESSIVE



One of the staunchest supporters of Colonel Roosevelt and the progressive movement in the Republican party is Frank A. Munsey, the magazine publisher. It was reported that he hoped to be made ambassador to England, but he denied that he sought that or any other office for himself.

## LEFT WORK UNFINISHED

### AUTHORS CALLED FROM THEIR MANUSCRIPTS BY DEATH.

Some of the Greatest Have Literally Died "in the Harness"—Nathaniel Hawthorne's Pathetic Forebodings of the End.

Robert Louis Stevenson's story, "Weir of Hermiston," was left a mere fragment. Another romance, "St. Ives," by the same pen, was running in a monthly magazine at the time of Stevenson's death. Here, however, readers were not deprived of a satisfactory ending, for the story was brought to a conclusion by Quiller-Couch.

"I hardly know what to say to the public about this abortive romance, though I pretty well know what the case will be. I shall never finish it," wrote Nathaniel Hawthorne, with reference to "The Dolliver Romance," which he had undertaken to write for a magazine.

This foreboding was soon verified, for Hawthorne had scarcely time to do more than lay down the groundwork of the story and write the initial chapters before he died. At his funeral in Concord the manuscript lay on his coffin. Soon afterward the first chapter appeared in the Atlantic, and subsequently the second chapter, which he had been unable to revise, was published in the same magazine. Several years elapsed and then a third fragment, revised and copied by the novelist's wife, was placed in the publisher's hands. The original manuscript is now preserved in the Concord public library.

Another serial that was being written when its author laid down his pen forever was "Denis Duval," Thackeray, indeed, was already in his grave when its publication commenced. Three parts, and a portion of a fourth were all that appeared, and "the story," wrote the editor, "breaks off as his life ended—full of vigor and blooming with new promise like the apple trees in this month of May." With the fourth part was given a set of notes, taken from Thackeray's own papers, elucidatory of the subsequent development of the plot.

Thackeray's great contemporary, Charles Dickens, also died in harness. For a long time his health had been indifferent, but he stuck unflinchingly to the work he had in hand. On June 8, 1870, he died. The morning and part of the afternoon of that day were devoted to completing the sixth number of "The Mystery of Edwin Drood," but scarcely had he finished work and sat down to dinner than he was seized with convulsions. After lingering some hours without regaining consciousness he died at six the same day.

"I shall publish late in this year," wrote Laurence Sterne, "and the next I shall begin a new work in four volumes, which, when finished, I shall continue 'Tristram' with fresh spirit." This new work here referred to is "The Sentimental Journey," one volume alone of which was ever given to the world, nor, by reason of the author's death, was "Tristram Shandy" ever continued.

## Deduction.

A director of one of the great trans-continental railroads was showing his three-year-old daughter the pictures in a work on natural history. Pointing to a picture of a zebra, he asked the baby to tell him what it represented. Baby answered, "Colty." Pointing to a picture of a tiger in the same way, she answered "Kitty." Then a lion, and she answered "Doggy." Elated with her seeming quick perception, he then turned to the picture of a chimpanzee and said: "Baby, what is this?"

"Papa."—Woman's Journal.

## ABSENCE MADE 'EM STRONGER.



Parke Rowe—Hello, doc, back again! You must have lost some of your patients, being away so long?" Dr. Pillum—Yes, just my confounded luck—seven of them got well.

## Extreme Forbearance.

Newspaper hards, we rather think, Are few and far between, Who've never knocked the poetry In any magazine.

## The Best Way Out.

"I've tried for ten years to please my wife," said the married man, "and I've never yet succeeded." "Impossible!" ejaculated his friend. "No, I don't think it is," said the married man. "I'm going to shoot myself."—Satire.

## Icebergs of the Highway.

"It is an exceedingly good rule to require every automobile to have a horn or bell," said the cautious man. "Yes," replied Mr. Chuggins; "but we ought to go further and have an alarm clock on every brick wagon to keep the driver awake."

## Glorious Sport.

Little Bobby—Say, Willie, is ma lookin'?

Little Willie—No. What y' goin' 'r do?

Little Bobby—Take out de gold fish an' let 'em play with the cat.—The Monitor.

## An Unforgiving Crowd.

"There are some mistakes a man can live down."

"Say the rest of it."

"But he can never live down a mistake if it was made at our bridge club."

## Eat Snider's Butternut Bread

Rich as Butter, Sweet as a Nut

Now made in large 10c size loaves and on sale by all grocers.

## Ask for 10c Butter-Nut Bread

And take no other. Easily the finest bread known to baking.

## GREW HAIR IN SIX WEEKS.



"Mary, have you read what Baroness Ramsey says about Mrs. Mason's Hair Treatment? In her letter which I saw she declares that it produced a considerable growth of hair in only six weeks."

"Yes, Grace, and lots of our best people here in Washington, C. H. used to send to New York for Mrs. Mason's Old English Shampoo Cream before Blackmer & Tanquary our local druggists took the agency for it."

"I am using it myself now, it is so easy to wash one's own hair with it and you know it produces a stimulating and luxurious lather which not only removes the dust, dirt, grit and dandruff from the hair and scalp, but at the same time you are rubbing the tonic properties of this famous herb shampoo into the roots of the hair, which stops it coming out and stimulates the growth—just as water does a plant. It makes the hair so beautifully clean, soft and fluffy that it looks twice as thick as it really is. A 25c. tube is sufficient for three or four shampoos and they offer to return your money if you don't like it."

## Ever Notice It?

If your hat should blow off and roll away from you, just let it. Stand where you are; some willing soul will chase around and get it.

## Baseball Courtship.

"How do I stand with you, little girl?" inquired the ardent fan.

"You have a percentage of about \$50 just now," answered the lady fan, "and lead the league."

"I am glad to hear that. I was afraid I was in the second division of your affections."

## Higher Mathematics.

"What we want," said the orator, "is a square deal."

"Yes," replied the studious reformer, "and in order to secure that we must do away with the political ring. It is the ancient and very difficult problem of squaring the circle."

## Hard Luck.

"I always was unlucky," he said, with a weary sigh.

"What's the matter now, old man?" his friend asked.

"I've spent over £1,000 on having my boy play the fiddle, and now his hair's all comin' out."—Tit-Bits.

## Easy to Support.

"Yes, my daughter is going to marry a poet."

"How can you bear to see your daughter marry a poet?"

"Oh, a poet ain't so bad. He can wear my old clothes and he won't eat much."

## Punctuation.

"Wouldn't you hate to be called a period?"

"Well, I shouldn't mind it so much, if the person calling me names would stop there."

## IN THE STABLE.



First Horse—I wonder what is to become of us.

Second Horse—I don't know, and I don't care. I've just been traded for an automobile and I'm ready to die.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Fitch

Use the Classified column.

## PRESERVE FOES' HEADS

SOUTH AMERICAN TRIBE THAT EMBALMS THE TROPHIES.

Method Employed Reduces the Grizzly Relics to the Size of a Billiard Ball With Changing or Mutilating Features.

The little-known Indian tribes that inhabit the more distant provinces of the South American republic of Ecuador, in almost entire independence, have a strange custom of preparing the heads of their vanquished enemies in a manner which reduces them to extremely small dimensions, without changing or mutilating the features.

For many years a war of extermination has been going on between the various tribes. Ambushes and night attacks are of frequent occurrence, and the parties often march dozens of leagues to surprise their enemies.

The head of the vanquished chief is cut off and becomes the most esteemed booty of the victorious leader. It is then, in due time, desiccated and reduced by the latter by means of a process, the secret of which has so far been jealously guarded. As far as is known, the skull, jawbones and fleshy parts are entirely removed without the skin of the head and face suffering any damage, and the only trace of the operation is a small incision in the nape of the neck which is afterward sewn together again.

After removal of the bony and softer parts of the skull the skin is filled with hot stones and a vegetable concoction, the secret of which, as well as that of the process, is carefully guarded. This procedure is continued until the head is shrunk to the dimension of a good-sized billiard ball and has become as dry and tough as sole leather.

It is remarkable that during the process neither the natural luster of the hair nor its quantity is diminished, that eyebrows and lashes remain intact, and that even the grain of the skin with the fine hairs are plainly distinguishable after the preparation is completed.

The process lasts about one year, and the head during that time hangs in smoke, for which purpose a stout string is drawn through the upper part of it. The lips are sewed together in order to prevent the dead enemy from speaking and eating, and the long threads by which it is done remain attached and hanging from the mouth.

The trophy, which by the reduction has lost its ghastliness, is kept in a niche in the hut of the chief, stuck on the end of a spear. During the three years succeeding the killing, feasts, lasting three days, are held on the anniversaries of the victory, during which the shrunken head is exhibited. After three years the victor may dispose of his trophy in any way he sees fit, but this is rarely done, as the head forms a war trophy of the highest honor.

## Case of Poetic Justice.

That was a case of poetic justice when a jury of women in San Francisco were called upon to pass on the fit of a man's clothes. A certain tailor in that western city sued a customer for money due for clothes. The customer pleaded that the suits did not fit and asked for a jury of women to decide the important point. The 12 good women and true, who from their own experience were no doubt eminently qualified to pass on the fit of clothes, found for the defendant. It must have afforded them infinite satisfaction to know that, after all the sarcasm with which their husbands treated their own troubles with dressmakers, their exasperating experiences should in the end be drawn upon to render a lawful judgment on clothes worn by men. All the fun poked at women and their dressmakers in San Francisco and all the jokes collateral to that engaging theme have been recalled.

## DOCTORS KNOW SOAP.

Ask your family physician what he thinks about a laundry soap that is made of borax, cocoanut oil, clean tallow and naphtha. He'll tell you such a soap will be cleansing, sterilizing and antiseptic. That means that it will not only make your clothes sweet and clean, but that it will also save you from the dangers of contagion that lie in common soaps. Easy Task soap is the only one that would fill his prescription.

Use the Classified column.

## Crisp, Snappy Checkers

The greatest selling popcorn confection in America. Each box contains a nice souvenir for the children.



Sold Everywhere  
Get Checkers Anywhere  
in Checkered Boxes.



# SPORTING PAGE

## NEWS AND COMMENT WORTH WHILE

### OLD RIVALS PLAYING WITH JERSEY CITY



Billy Purtell, Formerly With Boston and Chicago.

Billy Purtell and Harold Janvrin, who were on the Boston Red Sox team one time, are now playing with Jersey City. Until recently Janvrin has been leading off the batting list.

### The Day in Base Ball

#### NATIONAL LEAGUE.

**AT PHILADELPHIA.**—R. H. E.  
Chicago.....2 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 2-5 7 0  
Philadelphia...0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 2-6 2  
Batteries—Lavender and Archer; Moore and Kilmer.

**Second Game.**—R. H. E.  
Chicago.....0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0-5 12 0  
Philadelphia...1 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0-5 4 1  
Batteries—Reulbach, Smith and Needham; Alexander and Doolin.

**AT BROOKLYN.**—R. H. E.  
St. Louis.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-8 13 2  
Brooklyn.....0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 1-4 14 1  
Batteries—Salles and Wingo; Knetzer, Curtis, Stack and Miller.

**AT BOSTON.**—R. H. E.  
Cincinnati...0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2-6 4 2  
Boston.....0 0 4 2 0 4 0 0-10 13 1  
Batteries—Moore, Humphries, Davis and Clarke; Tyler and Rariden.

**AT NEW YORK.**—R. H. E.  
Pittsburgh....2 1 0 0 0 2 0 0 0-8 12 4  
New York.....0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 2-4 6 1  
Batteries—Hendrix and Gibson; Marquard, Ames and Meyers and Wilson.

**CLUBS.**—W. L. P. C. CLUBS. W. L. P. C.  
N. York... 71 25 710 Clu'd... 45 54 455  
Chicago... 63 24 650 St. Louis... 44 56 449  
Pittsburgh... 58 28 596 Brooklyn... 53 44 354  
Phila... 48 47 495 Boston... 26 59 306

#### AMERICAN LEAGUE.

**AT ST. LOUIS.**—R. H. E.  
Philadelphia...0 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 0-4 10 6  
St. Louis.....5 1 0 2 3 0 0 0-12 11 4  
Batteries—Brown and Lapp; Pennock, Houck, Powell and Thomas and Stephens.

**AT CHICAGO.**—R. H. E.  
Washington...0 0 1 0 0 2 1 0 0-8 16 2  
Chicago.....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-7 9 1  
Batteries—Groome, Cushman, Johnson and Williams and Almsmith; Cleotis, Benz, White and Sullivan and Kuhn.

**AT CLEVELAND.**—R. H. E.  
Boston.....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-1 10 1  
Cleveland.....2 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0-3 5 0  
Batteries—Bedient and Carrigan; Gregg and O'Neill.

**AT DETROIT.**—R. H. E.  
New York.....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1-2 9 3  
Detroit.....1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0-4 10 1  
Batteries—McConnell and Sweeney; Mullin and Stungie.

**CLUBS.**—W. L. P. C. CLUBS. W. L. P. C.  
Boston... 49 33 676 Detroit... 51 52 611  
Washington... 47 35 622 Cleveland... 46 55 453  
Phila... 53 42 585 N. York... 45 65 339  
Chicago... 50 49 595 St. Louis... 32 68 329

#### AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

**AT INDIANAPOLIS.** 2, Milwaukee 13.  
**AT LOUISVILLE.** 1, Minneapolis 6.  
**AT TOLEDO.** 5, Kansas City 1.  
**AT COLUMBUS.** 1, St. Paul 6.

**CLUBS.**—W. L. P. C. CLUBS. W. L. P. C.  
Minne... 75 40 652 St. Paul... 58 64 453  
Columbus... 71 45 622 Milwaukee... 49 63 438  
Toledo... 70 49 517 Louisville... 44 70 384  
K. City... 55 59 482 Ind'lis... 42 76 355

### FLYING MEN FALL

victims to stomach, liver and kidney troubles just like other people, with like results in loss of appetite, back-ache, nervousness, headache and tired listless run-down feeling. But there's no need to feel like that as T. D. Peebles, Henry, Tenn., proved. "Six bottles of Electric Bitters" he writes, "did more to give me new strength and good appetite than all other stomach remedies I used." So they help everybody. Its folly to suffer when this great remedy will help you from the first dose. Try it, only 30cents at Blackmer and Tanquary.

### My Worst Blunder

FAMOUS "BONEHEAD" PLAYS ON MAJOR LEAGUE DIAMONDS  
Explained by Leading Baseball Players to  
HUGH S. FULLERTON

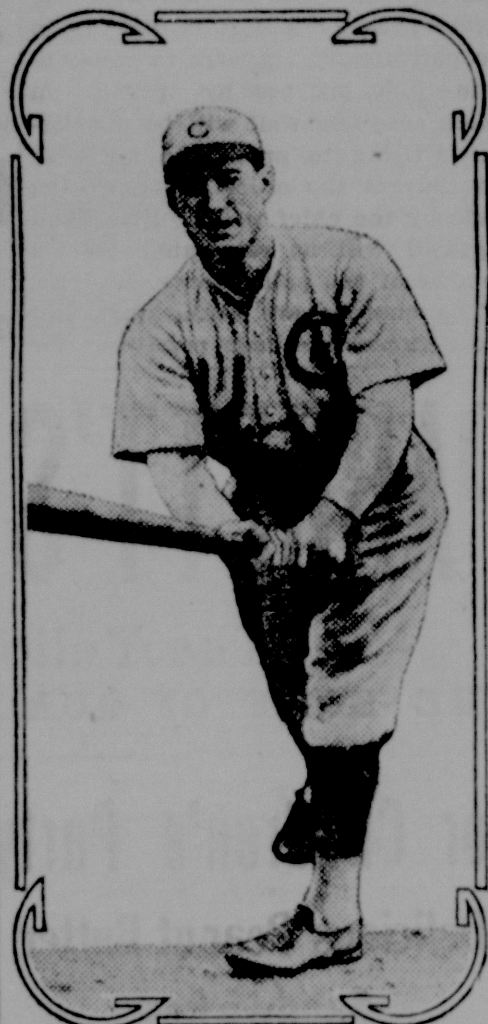
By HEINE ZIMMERMAN.

Third Baseman Chicago Cubs, Whose Hitting and Playing Have Made Him the Sensation of the National League Season.

Believe me, I've pulled my share of bones, almost as many as you fellows have blamed on me, and I'll pull a lot more before I get through. But the one I'm proudest of, with the reverse English, came near tying Fred Merkle.

I haven't figured out yet just why I did it, but I have found out, among several other things I've learned since I got into the big circuit, that everyone blunders, and the luckiest ones are those who get found out the fewest times. I'm not claiming any copyright on the right to make bone plays.

In happened in 1908 when we were battling New York and Pittsburg for the pennant, and when we were so close together for the last month that a fumble might have changed the whole race. We were playing in Chicago and Brown was pitching against Mathewson in one of the greatest games I ever saw. Everyone was



Heine Zimmerman.

worked up to the last pitch and on his toes to win, but neither side could score. I think it was in either the seventh or eighth inning that I butted into the game, as coacher at third base. The crowd was all around the field and going crazy. Maybe it was catching, for just then Tinker combed a high line drive to left center, clear down to the corner of the fence, and he came scooting around with his cap in his hand digging for a home run. I don't know what happened to me, but as he came up to third I jumped in, grabbed him and tried to drag him back to the base. I hung on, and he fought, and finally he punched me in the ribs, broke loose and scored a block ahead of the ball. We beat them 1 to 0 as Tinker's home run was the only count in the game, and if I had held him at third, as I tried to do, neither team would have scored in nine innings, and New York might have won. If they had won that game they would have won the pennant.

It was the finest exhibition I ever gave, and to this day I could almost take oath that I saw the ball coming into the infield when I grabbed Tinker. I can't explain it unless it was because I was so excited and so afraid that the ball really would beat him home that I actually thought I saw it.

(Copyright, 1912, by W. G. Chapman.)

### Bedient's Good Record.

Hugh Bedient is a member of the Boston Red Sox brigade. Hugh is a pitcher. A couple of years ago at Corey, Pa., he hung up a record of 42 strike-outs in 24 innings.

### Three No-Hit Games.

Carl Nichols of the Framington, Mass., high school team, recently pitched his third no-hit game of the season. It is presumed that Connie Mack has signed him by this time.

### STORIES OF THE DIAMOND

John Titus is just slamming that old globule for the Boston Braves. Cleveland has grabbed from its Toledo farm, Outfielder Arthur Hauger. This Speaker is 23 years old. Five years ago he cost the Boston management \$800.

Pitcher Collins of Vanderbilt fame is desired by Clark Griffith for the Washington club.

Last year fans stopped going to games in St. Louis. This year there aren't any fans there.

Ray Caldwell's bad arm is still bad and it may be a long time before he will pitch any real ball.

Never has Charlie Wagner's work with the Boston Red Sox been more brilliant than at present.

Boston—first in the American, last in the National! New York—first in the National, last in the American!

Three times this season the Giants have run up nine wins in a row, besides their sixteen straight victories.

Dave Altizer was treated to a fine of \$50 for jawing with a spectator in a recent American association game.

They call Mr. Marquard Rube, but he has demonstrated that he is not entirely unsophisticated in the art of pitching.

### MANAGER BERNHARD



Leader of Memphis Team of Southern League Who Has Worked Hard to Keep His Team Up Near the Top.

### Sammy Strong Returns.

Sammy Strong Nicklin has returned from Paris, bringing his cultivated voice with him and recently showed up at the Polo grounds and took a work-out with the Giants.

### Many Young Players.

Clark Griffith's Washington team is the youngest that ever made a noise in the big leagues. The average of the players, outside of the pitchers, is twenty-two years.

### Clever as Outfielder.

Lee Magee is surprisingly clever as an outfielder. He has good judgment, runs like a peevish wolf and clutches them tight when he reaches them.

### DICK EGAN



Clever Little Infielder Who Has Been a Tower of Strength for Hank O'Day's Team This Season.

### Unconscious Deceit.

"Bliggins says he enjoys working." "Yes," replied the suspicious person; "he's one of those people who would rather sit down and talk by the hour about now they enjoy working than work."



By IRWIN M. HOWE, Official Statistician of the American League

### HERMAN LONG'S FAMOUS SHORTSTOPPING

PENILESS and friendless, Herman Long, one of the greatest infielders who ever drew on a glove, and probably as great a shortstop as ever lived, passed from life to the great beyond in Colorado in 1909, whether he had wandered in search of health. The wonderful player who made untold thousands cheer him to the echo in the heyday of his glory, died a pauper, forgotten by the throngs who had marveled at his feats of skill and daring.

To this great player and to one of his pennant winning plays, among the greatest of his career, this article is dedicated. That mention of his fate will hasten steps toward provision for the old ball player in need of aid in the wish of the writer.

Nothing approaching the race for the flag in the National league had been recorded for years previous to the thrilling battle of 1897. The Boston and Baltimore clubs, the greatest of that time, came down the stretch neck and neck in a race that aroused fandom to a high stage of enthusiasm.

As the season waned Baltimore's Famous Orioles, composed of such celebrities as Jennings, McGraw and Keeler, squared off with the Boston club in a finish that had all the marks of a series for the world's championship.

With only a small margin separating the combatants, the Boston club, led by Captain Hugh Duffy, rattled into Baltimore September 24, for a series which would settle the race for the flag. Before a record crowd for that day, Joe Corbet pitching for the Orioles was pitted against Kid Nichols of the Boston.

Bergen's double and singles by Long and Lowe had sent the visitors in the lead in the fifth inning. Oriole fans started cheering in the eighth when the bases became fully populated, with two out. The cheering increased in volume when Stenzel came up in the pinch and drove a wicked line smash between third and short that looked the part of a three bagger.

That ball looked too high for any human being on the infield to handle. It was high and fast, and on a line, and the vast crowd arose with a mighty cheer, prepared to celebrate a victory.

Herman Long started at the crack of the bat, ran back into the field full speed, and half turning, jumped into the air, catching the ball with one hand, completing as brilliant a stop as could be imagined. A hush followed, and the fans, realizing the near miracle that had been performed, broke into unstinted applause in recognition of its merits. That great play checked a rally that would have proved disastrous to Boston and might have robbed them of the pennant.

When Long dashed out, intercepted a hard hit liner in the ninth, knocked down the ball and fielded it to Lowe at second, completing a double play, again saving the day for Boston since there was only one man out and two players on, the Baltimore fans again paid tribute to the wonderful feats of Boston's shortstopper. A wave of applause swept over the crowd as spontaneous and prolonged as though a popular Oriole had been the hero of these plays.

Long's brilliant feats that day turned back the attack, when Hanlon's sluggers threatened to overwhelm Boston, electrified the fans by their audacity and monumental daring, and probably saved a pennant for Boston.

(Copyright, 1912, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

### Hard Hitting Pitchers.

Pitchers are hitting unusually well in the National league this year. No less than 12 are batting .250 or better. They are Crandall, Donnelly, Yingling, Wiltse, Schultz, Tyler, Barger, Hendrix, Mathewson, Harmon, Ames and Marquard.

### Jinx Has Highlanders.

The Jinx never lets up on the Highlanders. Just about the time Hal Chase begins to show his old form he gets hit with a bat and is put out of the game again.

"Diamond Joe" Cigar 5c.

### NU CUP

NU CUP is one of the most useful and nutritious rages on the market. We recommend its use because there can be no harmful effects from it.

### AMPLES FREE

Sale by Following Grocers

W. DUFFE & CO., PHIL E. OTHROCK, HARRY E. WOOD, JAMES DUCEY, HARRY G. LEE, N. S. BARNETT & SON, and M. C. ORTMAN.

### Funeral Directors

### ALBERT R. McCOY

eral Director and Embalmer.  
222 E. Court St. Bell Tel. of-  
ce 27; residence 9 R; Citizen,  
office, 27; residence, 541.

### ALMER A. KLEVER

Funeral Director  
Phones: Res. 294-2; Office 294.

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ERTAKING COMPANY,  
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Both Phones 65.

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### CASH LOANS

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son, Household  
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Stock. \$10 to \$100  
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Capital Loan Company  
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## Roosevelt's Keynote Speech Delivered at Chicago Today

(Continued from page five)

place in his speech. "The first charge upon the industrial statesmanship of the day," he said, "is to prevent human waste. The dead weight of orphanage and depleted craftsmanship, of crippled workers and workers suffering from trade diseases, of casual labor, of insecure old age and of household depletion due to industrial conditions are, like our depleted soils, our gashed mountain sides and flooded river bottoms, so many strains upon the national structure, draining the reserve strength of all industries and showing beyond all peradventure the public element and public concern in industrial health." He proposed several specific methods for preserving and improving "our human resources, and therefore our labor power." Wage scales and other labor data should be made public; all deaths, injuries and diseases due to industrial operation should be reported to the authorities; wage commissions should be established in the nation and state to determine the minimum wage scale in different industries; the federal government should investigate all industries with a view to establishing standards of sanitation and safety; there should be mine and factory inspection according to standards fixed by interstate agreement or by the federal government; national and state legislation should establish standards of compensation for industrial accidents and deaths and for diseases clearly due to industrial conditions; for the adoption by law of a fair standard of compensation for casualities resulting fatally which shall clearly fix the minimum compensation in all cases; the monetary equivalent of a living wage varies according to local conditions, but should be sufficiently high to make morality possible and to provide for education, recreation, proper care of the children, maintenance during sickness and reasonable saving for old age; excessive hours of labor should be prohibited for all wage workers, and night labor of women and children should be forbidden; one day of rest in seven should be provided by law; continuous twenty-four hour labor should be divided into three shifts of eight hours by law; tenement house manufacture should be entirely prohibited, and labor camps should be subject to governmental sanitary regulation; all industries employing women and children should be specially subject to government inspection and regulation; insurance funds against sickness, accident, invalidism and old age should be established by a charge either in whole or in part upon the industries; the suffrage should be granted to women if for no other reason to enable working women to combine for their own protection by the use of the ballot. "As a people we cannot afford to let any group of citizens or any individual citizen labor under conditions which are injurious to the common welfare. Industry, therefore, must submit to such public regulation as will make it a means of life and health, not of death or inefficiency.

### The High Cost of Living.

"The cost of living," says Mr. Roosevelt, "has risen during the last few years out of all proportion to the increase of most salaries and wages." What is first necessary is "fearless, intelligent and searching inquiry into the whole subject, made absolutely by a nonpartisan body of experts with no prejudice to warp their mind, no private object to serve, who shall recommend any necessary remedy heedless of what interest may be hurt thereby and caring only for the interests of the people as a whole." The Republicans promise such an inquiry, but their rank dishonesty of action at the Chicago convention "makes their every promise worthless." It is hopeless to turn to the Democratic party for relief, because first the Democratic party "affects to find the entire high cost of living in the tariff," ignoring the patent fact that the problem is world wide, equally pressing in free trade England and in highly protected Germany. Moreover, if the Democrats are sincere they must take all duties off the products of the farmer, and we "certainly cannot afford to have the farmer struck down." Various elements, economic, political and social, are pointed out by Mr. Roosevelt as contributing to the high cost of living. But effective legislation regarding it can only be framed on a comprehensive scale after a thorough, scientific and prompt inquiry.

"There is no more curious delusion than that the Democratic platform is a progressive platform. The Democratic platform, representing the best thought of the acknowledged Democratic leaders at Baltimore, is purely retrogressive and reactionary. There is no progress in it. It represents an effort to go back—to put this nation of 100,000,000, existing under modern conditions, back to where it was as a nation of 25,000,000 in the days of the stagecoach and canalboat. Such an attitude is torism, not progressivism."

### The Currency.

Mr. Roosevelt declares that our present bank currency based on government bonds is unscientific and urges the adoption of a system which shall provide "elasticity in the credit and currency necessary for the conduct of business, free from recurring panics."

### The Farmer.

"The country life commission should be revived with greatly increased power; its abandonment was a severe blow to our people. The welfare of the farmer is a basic need of this nation." The country school should be brought in touch with country life. For this reason the Progressives approve of government co-operation with the farmer to make the farm more productive. Co-operative associations of farmers both for the production and the selling of agricultural products should be encouraged. "So long as the farmer leaves co-operative activities with their profit sharing to the city man of business, so long will the foundations of wealth be undermined and the comforts of enlightenment be impossible in the country communities."

"In every respect this nation has to learn the lessons of efficiency in production and distribution and of avoidance of waste and destruction. We must develop and improve instead of exhausting our resources. It is entirely possible by improvements in production, in the avoidance of waste and in business methods on the part of the farmer to give him an increased income from his farm, while at the same time reducing to the consumer the price of the articles raised on the farm. Important although education is everywhere, it has a special importance in the country. The country school must fit the country life. In the country, as elsewhere, education must be hitched up with life. The country church and the country Young Men's and Young Women's Christian associations have great parts to play. The farmers must own and work their own land. Steps must be taken at once to put a stop to the tendency toward absentee landlordism and tenant farming."

### The Tariff.

On the tariff he says: "I believe in a protective tariff, but I believe in it as a principle approached from a standpoint of the interests of the whole people, and not as a bundle of preferences to be given favorite individuals." He believes the American people favor the principle of a protective tariff, but are in rebellion against the wrongdoing and unjust application of that policy and the abuses in past legislation. "It is not merely the tariff that should be revised, but the method of tariff making and of tariff administration." "The first step should be the creation of a permanent commission of nonpartisan experts" of "ample powers" to secure "exact and reliable information." "The present tariff board is entirely inadequate in point of powers reposed in it

and scope of work undertaken." The tariff commission in Germany affords a splendid model. This commission must scientifically determine "the difference in the cost of production here and abroad," the effect on "prices to the consumer," insure full justice to the pay envelope of the wage earner. The commission must not attempt to encroach on the tariff making power of congress. It shall report with full publicity and promptly. The tariff shall be revised schedule by schedule to avoid the "staggering blows to business" incident to former general revisions. The effect will be to wipe out the "log rolling and vote trading" secured by special interests in the past. "Only by this means can tariff be taken out of politics." "The substitution of a tariff for revenue only, as proposed by the Democratic platform, would plunge this country into the most widespread industrial depression we have ever seen." The revision shall be downward and not upward and secure a square deal not merely to the manufacturer, but to the wage worker and to the general consumer.

"I am not under the slightest delusion as to any power that during my political career I have at any time possessed. Whatever of power I at any time had I obtained from the people. I could exercise it only so long as and to the extent that the people not merely believed in me, but heartily backed me up. Whatever I did as president I was able to do only because I had the backing of the people. When on any point I did not have that backing, when on any point I differed from the people, it mattered not whether I was right or whether I was wrong, my power vanished. I tried my best to lead the people, to advise them, to tell them what I thought was right; if necessary I never hesitated to tell them what I thought they ought to hear, even though it would be unpleasant for them to hear it, but I recognized that my task was to try to lead them and not to drive them, to take them into my confidence, to try to show them that I was right and then loyally and in good faith to accept their decision. I will do anything for the people except what my conscience tells me is wrong, and that I can do for no man and no set of men. I hold that a man cannot serve the people well unless he serves his conscience, but I hold also that where his conscience bids him refuse to do what the people desire he should not try to continue in office against their will. Our government system should be so shaped that the public servant, when he cannot conscientiously carry out the wishes of the people, shall at their desire leave his office and not misrepresent them in office, and I hold that the public servant can by so doing better than in any other way serve both them and his conscience."

"Surely there never was a fight better worth making than the one in which we are engaged. It little matters what befalls any one of us who for the time being stands in the forefront of the battle. I hope we shall win, and I believe that if we can wake the people to what the fight really means we shall win. But, win or lose, we shall not falter. Whatever fate may at the moment overtake any of us, the movement itself will not stop. Our cause is based on the eternal principles of righteousness, and even though we who now lead may for the time fall in the end the cause itself shall triumph. Six weeks ago, here in Chicago, I spoke to the honest representatives of a convention which was not dominated by honest men, a convention wherein sat, alas, a majority of men who, with sneering indifference to every principle of right, so acted as to bring to a shameful end a party which had been founded over half a century ago by men in whose souls burned the fire of lofty endeavor. Now to you men who in your turn have come together to spend and be spent in the endless crusade against wrong, to you who face the future resolute and confident, to you who strive in a spirit of brotherhood for the betterment of our nation, to you who gird yourselves for this great new fight in the never ending warfare for the good of humankind, I say in closing what in that speech I said in closing: We stand at Armageddon, and we battle for the Lord."

### Conservation.

Under this head Mr. Roosevelt reaffirms his well known policy on the conservation and reclamation of national resources. We must conserve our soil, our forests, our mines, not only for our own benefit, but for the benefit of our children and descendants. "The public should not alienate its fee in the water power which will be of incalculable value as a source of power in the immediate future" and "we should undertake the complete development and control of the Mississippi as a national work, just as we have undertaken the work of building the Panama canal."

### Alaska.

"In Alaska the government has an opportunity of starting in what is almost a fresh field to work out various problems by actual experiment." It should at once construct, own and operate all the railways in Alaska. It should keep the fee of all coal fields and allow them to be operated by lessee with the condition in the lease that non-use shall operate as a forfeit. A system of land taxation should be tried which promotes the actual use of land and discourages the holding of land for speculation. The telegraph lines should be owned and operated by the government.

### International Affairs.

"In international affairs this country should behave toward other nations exactly as an honorable private citizen behaves toward other private citizens." Our small army should have efficiency; the navy must be steadily built up until "it proves possible to secure by international agreement a general reduction of armaments"; the Panama canal must be fortified. Panama canal tolls on deep water commerce should be uniform to all nations, including ourselves. American coastwise vessels should pass through the canal free, for this would be no discrimination against foreign nations and would give us reasonable competition with transcontinental railways. No foreign treaty should be entered into which we do not mean to scrupulously observe in every particular.

### Conclusion.

In summing up the specific policies expounded in his address Mr. Roosevelt spoke as follows: "Now, friends, this is my confession of faith. I have made it rather long because I wish you to know just what

my deepest convictions are on the great questions of today, so that if you choose to make me your standard bearer in the fight you shall make your choice understanding exactly how I feel—and if, after hearing me, you think you ought to choose some one else I shall loyally abide by your choice. The convictions to which I have come have not been arrived at as the result of study in the closet or the library, but from the knowledge I have gained through hard experience during the many years in which, under many and varied conditions, I have striven and toiled with men. I believe in a larger use of the governmental power to help remedy industrial wrongs because it has been borne in on me by actual experience that without the exercise of such power many of the wrongs will go unremedied. I believe in a larger opportunity for the people themselves directly to participate in government and to control their governmental agents, because long experience has taught me that without such control many of their agents will represent them badly. By actual experience in office I have found that, as a rule, I could secure the triumph of the causes in which I most believed, not from the politicians and the men who claim an exceptional right to speak in business and government, but by going over their heads and appealing directly to the people themselves."

"I am not under the slightest delusion as to any power that during my political career I have at any time possessed. Whatever of power I at any time had I obtained from the people. I could exercise it only so long as and to the extent that the people not merely believed in me, but heartily backed me up. Whatever I did as president I was able to do only because I had the backing of the people. When on any point I did not have that backing, when on any point I differed from the people, it mattered not whether I was right or whether I was wrong, my power vanished. I tried my best to lead the people, to advise them, to tell them what I thought was right; if necessary I never hesitated to tell them what I thought they ought to hear, even though it would be unpleasant for them to hear it, but I recognized that my task was to try to lead them and not to drive them, to take them into my confidence, to try to show them that I was right and then loyally and in good faith to accept their decision. I will do anything for the people except what my conscience tells me is wrong, and that I can do for no man and no set of men. I hold that a man cannot serve the people well unless he serves his conscience, but I hold also that where his conscience bids him refuse to do what the people desire he should not try to continue in office against their will. Our government system should be so shaped that the public servant, when he cannot conscientiously carry out the wishes of the people, shall at their desire leave his office and not misrepresent them in office, and I hold that the public servant can by so doing better than in any other way serve both them and his conscience."

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### HAVE YOU A BABY?

Every woman knows how imperatively necessary it is that baby's things should be absolutely and perfectly clean. She knows the trouble she has with common yellow soaps that leave the dirt in and often make the little garments harsh and irritating to baby's skin. Easy Task soap—you can get it of your grocer—is the quickest and safest cleanser made; it is antiseptic—and it reduces the work of washing by half.

Don't buy water for blueing. Liquid blue is almost all water. Buy Red Cross Ball Blue, the blue that's all blue.

**ELGIN  
WATCHES  
\$5.65  
HETTY, Jeweler**

## Patrolman Robert Cogswell Suspended From Force By Order of Chief McCoy

**Charges Filed by L. W. Overly,  
Charging Offense to Have Been  
Committed Last March.**

**ACCUSED OFFICER DENIES ALL**

**Final Hearing to Be Held Before  
the Safety Director, to Whom  
Whole Case Has Been Re-  
ferred, Within the Next Few  
Days.**

About two weeks ago written charges which if true would work the removal of Patrolman Robert Cogswell from the city police force, were filed with Mayor Smith by L. W. Overly.

The offense charged in the complaint of Overly was alleged to have been committed by Patrolman Cogswell last March. The matter was investigated, as to the method of procedure in such cases and it was determined after a few days that the wrong course had been pursued by the complainant and the written charges were returned to him.

Subsequently Overly reframed the complaint and refiled it with the Mayor and after considering the matter for more than a week, action was finally determined upon Monday afternoon and acting under the law Chief of Police F. M. McCoy suspended the accused patrolman and the complaint together with the proceedings taken thereunder were certified to the Director of Public Safety, Hon. J. M. Willis, for investigation and final action.

The law lodges the final jurisdiction in such cases as this with the Safety Director and it is now up to the patrolman's accusers to substantiate their charges by proof, in which case Cogswell will be dismissed. Failing to prove the truth of the charges the order of suspension made by the chief will be lifted and Cogswell will be reinstated as a member of the police force.

The charges are sensational and while rumor has been persistent for

two weeks that something was doing in police circles, the details were not given to the public until the order of suspension verified the gossip which has been going the rounds.

The accused patrolman enters an emphatic denial of any wrong conduct and intimates that a "frame up" with him as the scape goat on account of his activity against certain violators of the law is the real motive and asserts confidently that he will have no trouble in establishing his innocence on the trial before the Safety Director.

The trial must be held under the law within five days from the date of suspension and interesting developments pertaining to the police department are not among the impossibilities.

Cogswell asserts his intention of fighting the matter to the bitter end. So far as the general public has been familiar with the services of Cogswell he has made a good officer and the rumors of charges when first filed caused considerable of sensation.

Use the Classified column.  
The Mallow-Briggs reunion will be held in the church yard at Austin Saturday, August 10. All come prepared for a good time.

Secretary.

Ask for Diamond Joe Cigar, 5c.

**Lion Collars**  
Oldest Brand in America

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When you buy here you get the benefit of our years of photographic experience. We can and will help you to act better pictures. This service is yours gratis.

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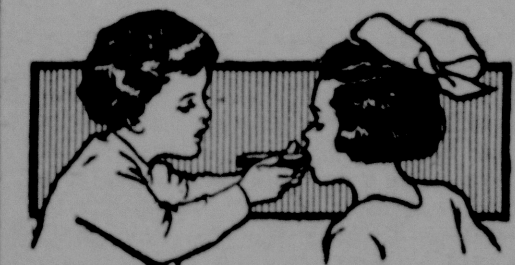
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## PARRETT'S GROCERY

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**THE HOME OF QUALITY FOR 26 YEARS**

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**Delicious Peanut Butter  
Sandwiches**



**Beech-Nut  
Peanut Butter**

Little boys and girls just love Beech-Nut Peanut Butter. We sell in three size jars 10c, 15c and 25c. It's as healthful as it is good to eat.

made from finest grade of select ripe Olives by Rae & Co., Leghorn, Italy. It has the fine natural flavor, the perfection of Olive Oil. Absolutely guaranteed.

**Especially Recommended for Medicinal use.**

**\$1.00 per quart**

We carry the highest grade of Oolong Tea; produces a rich, satisfying flavor. A better tea cannot be had for Iced Tea, regardless of price. 25c per 1/4 pound

Best Eastern Shore Sweet Potatoes; cook mealy and dry. 5c per pound.

Fancy home grown Tomatoes 5c lb., 3 pounds 10c  
Elberta Peaches will be higher this week. Let us quote you prices on bushel lots.

Kelso Plums 10c quart, 3 quarts for 25c.

Kentucky Wonder Beans 4c a pound.

Fancy Fry Chickens.

Home grown Sugar Corn.

## CLASSIFIED

### RATES PER WORD.

1 time in Daily Herald ..... 1c  
1st in Herald & 1st in Register... 3c  
12th in Herald & 21st in Register... 4c  
26th in Herald & 41st in Register... 6c  
52th in Herald & 81st in Register... 10c  
Proportionate rates for longer time.  
Minimum charges: 1t 15c; 8t 30c.

### WANTED.

Wanted—Girl for house work. Mrs. Emma Short, 224 N. North St. 186-t6

WANTED—Home for girl 18 years old in good home. Call Bell 89, or address Box 514, city. 185-t6

Wanted—A cook. Apply to Mrs. Alex. S. Ballard, 150 Clinton avenue. 185-t1.

WANTED—On a good paying proposition, a local agent, address L. B. Hays, 102 W. Columbia St., Springfield, Ohio. 184-t6

WANTED—Experienced maker and sales lady for fall and winter season. Mrs. Anna Morgan. 183-t6

WANTED—Quilting and plain sewing. Laura DeWees, South Main street.

WANTED—Girls wanted at Rothrock's Laundry. 180-t6

### FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—7 room house with well, cistern and out buildings. Inquire at 181 Leesburg avenue. 186-t6

FOR RENT—Furnished room with board. 225 W. Market St. 186-t6

FOR RENT—Four-room cottage at 401 East Paint street. Mrs. Stoddard. 185-t12.

FOR RENT—House of 5 rooms modern conveniences. Corner McElwaine and Yeoman streets. Mrs. J. E. Green, Washington ave. 184-t6

FOR RENT—3 room house on Paint St., near Central School. Glenn M. Pine. 184-t6

FOR RENT—Four room house, good well, cistern, barn. East Paint street. Harley Blair. 181-t6

FOR RENT—6-room house on Sycamore street. Address Chas. Knipe, Circle Ave., call Citizens telephone 1657. 176-tf.

### FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Gas stove, good as new. Telephone Citizens 2514. 186-t1

FOR SALE—Davenport and baby carriage. Mrs. C. D. Link, Phone 3470. 185-t6

FOR SALE—I have 10 choice lots 50 by 170 ft., facing Oak Street for sale cheap, also 1 six room dwelling, new, with bathroom, basement, furnace, city water. Lot 70X140 ft. corner of Oak and Hinde streets. M. S. Tracey. 181-t12.

FOR SALE—We do plumbing right, use materials that are right, charge prices that are right and guarantee satisfaction. Could you ask for more? Call the Wright Plumbing Co., East Court street, both phones. 181-tf.

FOR SALE—Oliver Typewriter in first class condition. A bargain. See H. R. Rodecker. 1t

FOR SALE—Plumbing material at better prices than ever before. E. T. Evans & Co. Citiz. 1128; Bell 85R. 132-tf

FOR SALE—One square piano. 228 N. Fayette St. 82-tf

### LOST.

LOST—Gold signet ring, letter "L." Finder please return B. F. Leland's News Stand. 182-t6

LOST—On Greenfield pike near Washington, black leather hand bag containing purse with money and bank book of Mrs. Hildah Parrett. Finder return to Fayette County Bank. Reward. 184-t6

LOST—An opal stick pin between Mrs. Jane Van Pelt's on Market street and Girard's 10c store. Reward if returned to Anna Payner. 1t

### Book Don'ts.

Good books are treasures, and they should be handled with the greatest of care by everyone. Here are a few rules that should be observed:  
Never drop a book upon the floor.  
Never turn leaves with the thumb.  
Never lean or rest upon an open book.  
Never turn down the corners of leaves.  
Never touch a book with soiled or damp hands.  
Always place a large book upon a table before opening it.  
Never pull a book from the shelf by the binding at the top, but by the back.  
Never close a book with a pencil, tablet or anything else that is bulky between the leaves.